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A GIFT FROM THE STARS.
By ERROLD DRAKE.

A LONG time ago, when the stars ruled on high,
A great many wonders were seen in the sky.
There were tables of blue, there were couches of gold,
And shelves of deep crimson, and colours untold;
There were floors black and shining, and walls white as snow,
And many more things that I really don't know.
Now said Venus to Saturn, said Saturn to Mars,
"I really *do* think we *are* greedy old stars;
For we have a secret that no one does know:
Let us share with the mortals who live down below!"
So they took the great secret, tacked it on to a spear,
Tied up in a thing that we call an "idea;"
Then dropped it right down on the top of a man,
Who, despairing, was painting a hot-water can.
The spear it struck home, the idea was unfurled,
And now the great wonder is known to the world:
Is carried by train, is carried by boat;
Is known to all people, on land or afloat;
Is carried by horse, is carried by camel;
And this is its name—"ASPINALL'S ENAMEL!"

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The Standard

Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere.
CICERO.

FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1892

TELEGRAMS

(via Galveston.)

Madrid, 21st—The police have made an important arrest here in the person of the Anarchist Muñoz, who has made a full confession of the aims and secret sittings of the band.

Muñoz says that a plot has been arranged to murder the child King of Spain and blow up the Royal Palace, and he has named several individuals as leaders in the scheme, amongst them the well-known Italian Anarchist Malatesta, for whom the police are everywhere looking.

In spite of the stringent precautions taken, it is feared that there will be further dynamite outrages on May 1st. In Herrera del Rio and Pisnerga there were explosions to-day which destroyed a bridge and did other damage. The public fountain at Erzobia was also destroyed by dynamite.

London, 21st—The local authorities have to-day closed the Anarchist paper *Common Weal* and imprisoned the editor, one Mowbray. The magistrate refused the bail offered for him. He will be prosecuted for inciting to rebellion.

Rome, 21st.—The reorganization of the Cabinet is completed, and a reduction in the army outlay is included in its programme. The new Ministers are Cavollini, Finance; Ricciotti, War; and Genala Education. The rest are of the old Cabinet, Chimirri taking the portfolio of Justice in stead of that of Commerce

Paris, 21st—It is announced from the frontier that the German soldiers have imprisoned two French boys for having written "Hurrah for France! Down with Prussia!" on one of the posts that mark the frontier at Saales.

Vienna, 21st—Baron Schaeffer, who was formerly Austrian Minister in Washington, died here to-day.

Tunis, 21st—Twenty Anarchists were arrested here to-day, charged with conspiring against the public peace.

Warsaw, 21st—For strategic reasons General Gourko has closed the Zakroczym convent and sent the inmates to Novomias.

London, 21st—Gladstone has written a pamphlet opposing Woman Suffrage.

Zanzibar, 21st—At Uganda a fight has taken place between the Catholic and Protestant tribes. King Owanga led the Catholics and Lugavo the Protestants. After a bloody fight, in which the Catholic King was killed, an agent of the English Company interfered and Lugavo was proclaimed successor to Owanga.

Paris, 21st—The magistrates named to draw up the indictment against Ravachol, the Anarchist, have refused the task!!!

Berlin, 21st—Herr Jaeder, Rothschild's chief cashier in Frankfort, has defrauded him to the amount of a million marks.

San Francisco, 21st—The loss caused in Raceville by the earthquake is estimated at 100,000$; at Dinton $50,000; and at Winters $100,000.

Copenhagen, 21st — The Moderate party has won in the election of Senators.

THE RIO NEGRO VALLEY.

The *Herald* of yesterday says:—

"The railway most needed to be built at the present time is one from the Atlantic, along the Rio Negro Valley to Lake Nahuel Huapi, and eventually to the Pacific. That belt of country is one of the richest in all the Republic and only awaits the Railway to bound forward in settlement and development. The Jewish colonization society could not do better than to establish a colony near Lake Nahuel Huapi, one of the most charming spots in the world, and it would have a good and a near market in Chile, the pass being only three days journey; but the Rio Negro Valley Railway is the thing needed and a concession to build it should be given, covering a liberal land grant along the line, for such a railway would have a strategical value to the Government of no small amount. Moreover it could now be built cheap."

We can never sufficiently deplore that two railways have been made from Rosario to Cordoba, two from Buenos Ayres to Bahia Blanca, two from this city to Mercedes and two from Rosario to Tucuman (the second of these latter lines being not yet completed), and yet the most necessary of all for the south of the Republic has not been thought of.

The Rio Negro is, after the Parana, the greatest natural artery in the Republic, being navigable for steamers more than 400 miles. It traverses the whole continent from the Andes to the sea, and has millions of acres that only need irrigation to be as fertile and productive as the Island of Choele-choel.

Moreover, the climate is delightful all the year round, and admirably suited for Europeans, which cannot be said of the sugar-fields of Tucuman, the Llanos of Rioja or the forests of Gran Chaco. The geographical situation is also most favourable. As soon as the Rio Negro valley comes to have a million of population, steamers drawing 30 feet will come from Europe direct, to anchor at San Blas, and send their merchandise by railway or shipcanal to Carmen de Patagones, which is destined to be the emporium of Rio Negro trade, the New Orleans of this South American Mississippi.

A Railway from Carmen to Fort Roca, 400 miles in length, would give a great stimulus to trade and population. The cost would not exceed £2,000,000 stg., and we feel certain that if the Government were to offer a land-grant of 1,000 sq. leagues a company could be formed to carry out the scheme.

All new projects of this kind meet with ridicule. Look at the Chubut colony! Yet in spite of every difficulty the Welshsettlers have turned a howling wilderness into waving fields of grain. Is the Rio Negro as berren as was the Chubut valley?

One of the most important elements in the settlement of new territories is fresh water. The Rio Negro has at all seasons an inexhaustible stream of the purest water. An English traveller describes it thus:—

"Imagine a river as wide as the Thames at Westminster, its banks lined with groves of wild cherry, poplar and other trees."

And yet for 300 years so favored a part of the republic has been left in forgetfulness. The reason seems to be the dangerous bar at the mouth of the river. But this could easily be obviated, as we said before, by turning the course of the Negro into the Bay of San Blas, where thousands of vessels drawing 30 feet can enter and ride in safety at any time, as Admiral Kennedy testifies in his report to the British Admiralty.

THE TAMAR AND HYDARNES MAILS.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

London, 26th March.

In the House of Commons on the 23rd, Mr. Leake moved the Second Reading of the Bill for restricting the hours of adult labour underground to eight per day throughout the Kingdom. Mr. Chamberlain supported the Bill. He argued that there would be no such decrease of output as some anticipated, and consequently the House could dismiss from its mind the question of lower wages or increased competition. The great majority of miners were in favour of this restriction, and it was desirable, in the interests of humanity, that the ordinary miner's day should be eight hours. Legislation was preferable to the industrial warfare involved in a gigantic strike, and it was the safest, easiest, and least irritating way of settling this question.

The Home Secretary expressed his belief that adult men and women were better judges of what was good for themselves than even Parliament was. The introduction of an eight hours day would decrease the output and injuriously affect the interests of the miners. Until the Labour Commission had reported, it would be premature to embark on legislation of this character.

Mr. Mundella, as a member of the Commission, said he could not support the Bill. Mr. Balfour suggested that a private members' night should be taken for that purpose. Mr. Leake moved the Closure, which was agreed to, and the Bill was rejected by 272 to 160.

The authorities at Washington are taking great pains to keep secret the terms of the correspondence now going on between President Harrison and Lord Salisbury about a "modus vivendi." But a Reuter's telegram states that the last Note from the Marquess makes several counter-proposals to the "modus vivendi," the reading of which, in a secret Session of the Senate yesterday, was received with ill-suppressed irritation. President Harrison is said to have replied that he insists on the renewal of the "modus vivendi" without reference to "insignificant and irrelevant conditions."

Count von Eulenberg has become the President of the Prussian Ministry. All the newspapers in Berlin urge that Count Caprivi should either retain his position or resign altogether.

The little town of Immenhausen, near Cassel, suffered terribly on Tuesday from fire. Sixty dwelling-houses, forty outhouses, and a large number of cattle were burned. Three hundred and fifty soldiers and the Cassel Fire Brigade were summoned to the scene of the disaster.

An explosion of benzine in a druggist's shop was the cause of the fire in Huiden-street, Amsterdam, on Tuesday evening, which proved to have been more disastrous than was first reported. Nine lives have been lost, many persons were injured, and the destruction of property was very great.

The proprietors of all the gardens in the neighbourhood of Costebelle have placed them at the disposal of the Queen, who is thus able to travel considerable distances in her donkey carriage without crossing a public road. She is having fine weather, and has expressed herself as greatly pleased, with the place.

The correspondence on the Behring Sea question, which was sent to the United States Senate, was published yesterday at Washington. Lord Salisbury in his note says he sees no reason for another suspension of sealing this year. The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate yesterday decided to recommend that body to ratify the Arbitration Treaty.

It is stated that the result of the inquiry into the arrest of Mr. Purdie and his brother on the racecourse at Auteuil, is that the French declare that no blame attaches to them, and that there is no ground for making any reparation.

The changes in the Prussian Cabinet were officially announced last evening. The Liberal and Radical papers of Berlin contend that this is only a transition stage.

The debate on the Bland Silver Bill in the House of Representatives at Washington was brought to a close last evening. The voting resulted in a tie, one hundred and forty eight votes being recorded on each side. The speaker gave his casting vote for "tabling" the Bill.

Severe drought is causing great distress in the Barrier District of South Australia, and the sheep are dying by thousands. Unless rain falls shortly the results will be most disastrous.

It is reported in a telegram from Perth, Western Australia, that the floor of the cottage where Deeming lived at the time of his arrest has been recently taken up and cemented. Excavations will be at once commenced, in the belief that fresh discoveries will be made.

A meeting of the United States Cabinet was held yesterday at Washington in reference to the Behring Sea negotiations. Mr. Blaine attended, although he has not yet fully recovered from his recent illness.

The report of the Committee on the Government Bill for the renewal of the Charter of the Bank of France was laid before the Committee of the Chamber yesterday. Several important concessions from the Bank have been obtained, and in return the Charter would be extended for twenty-three years from the year 1898, and the limit of its bank note issue would be increased from three-and-a-half to four milliards of francs.

Rome, March 21st.

Dr. Vaughan, Bishop of Salford, has been nominated Archbishop of Westminster, in place of the late Cardinal Manning.

The Bishop has, however, written a long letter to the Pope, begging not to be transferred from his present See, to which he is warmly attached.

Rome, March 24th.

The Brief for the nomination of a new Roman Catholic Archbishop of Westminster, in succession to Cardinal Manning, will be drafted after a meeting of Cardinals summoned to meet for the purpose on the 28th. inst. It is still authoritatively stated that Dr. Vaughan will be appointed to the vacant see.

Deeming was yesterday brought up at the Police-court at Perth, Western Australia. on the charge of murdering his wife at Windsor, near Melbourne. After evidence had been given as to the arrest, as to his being the man who passed as Williams on the passage out to Australia, and as to the body found buried under the floor at Deeming's house at Windsor being that of his wife, whom, as Miss Mather he married at Rainhill, the Prisoner was remanded. A telegram from Brisbane reports another discovery, which it is said may add another to the list of Deeming's victims.

Lord Rosebery attended a dinner last night at the City Liberal Club, and in thanking those present for electing him as President, paid a high tribute to his predecessor, the late Lord Granville. The late Earl, he said, was sagacious and wonderfully kind; and his courage was displayed in many encounters with the most powerful debaters who had ever adorned the House of Lords.

The Lord Mayor last evening gave a dinner to the Masters of the Livery Companies, and, in proposing the chief toast, expressed the opinion that, so long as the guilds continued to discharge the trust reposed in them, and evinced a desire to meet the requirements of the age, they would retain the confidence of the citizens of London.

The Solicitor General presided last evening at a house dinner at the City Carlton Club. He expressed his regret at the result of the late County Council Election, and his hope that it would lead their friends to be more active when more important Elections came upon them.

Owing to fears of disturbances among the miners on strike in Durham, reinforcements of police were yesterday drafted from Newcastle into the mining villages. Meetings of miners were held in various parts of the county yesterday, and resolutions were passed declaring a determination to resist any reduction in wages. There were two processions composed entirely of women carrying banners with "No surrender" as an inscription.

An inquest was held yesterday as to the death of Mr. A. Goring Thomas, the musical composer. The evidence showed that he deliberately threw himself under an approaching train, and was instantly killed. A verdict of Suicide while of unsound mind was returned.

In the Melba divorce suit, in which the Duc d'Orleans is co-respondent, Sir C. Butt recently refused to order a Commission to Vienna, to examine witnesses to support the allegations. The Court of Appeal yesterday affirmed that decision, observing that the question of the Petitioner's domicile which had been raised should be disposed of.

The evidence of Mr. Stewart, one of the official liquidators attached to the Bankruptcy Court, in the prosecution of the Directors of the Hansard Union, was concluded at Bow-street yesterday. He said the promoter made a gross profit of nearly a hundred thousand pounds on the business mentioned in the first prospectus. The promoter was Mr Bottomley. Miss Hall, of Collumpton, said when the Defendants came to her father's house about purchasing the paper mills, the Defendant Bottomley was introduced as Mr. Williams. The case was again adjourned.

Money was quoted at 2½ to 3 per cent., and the discount rate at 1⅝ to 1¾ per cent yesterday. Borrowers who went to the Bank paid 3 per cent. Prices were good on the Stock Exchange, and in the United States Railroad Market and in one or two Foreign Stocks there was a decided rally. Home Railway Stocks were dull. Consols remained at 95⅝ ¾ for cash. The Bank lost £50,000 in gold exported, making the net efflux for the week £38,000.

THE RAINHILL MYSTERY.

Perth (Western Australia),
March 23rd.

The Court was densely crowded to-day, when 'Swanston' was again placed in the dock, and the greatest popular excitement prevailed both inside and outside the building. Even the bench was crammed. Swanston frequently smiled at amusing episodes which occurred in the course of the proceedings, and laughed outright when Mr. Hirschfeldt, the witness who identified him yesterday, was checked for referring to him as the murderer of his wife, the Magistrate pointing out that this was prejudging the case.

Cawsey, the Melbourne detective, who arrived yesterday, deposed to having arrested the accused on Tuesday, the 8th inst. under the Fugitive Offenders' Act.

Mr. Hirshfeldt swore to the identity of the prisoner with the man who was his fellow passenger on board the Kaiser Wilhelm in November last, and who was then passing under the name of Williams. He further stated that he had seen the prisoner in Melbourne subsequent to the arrival of the vessel. He had not, however, seen the prisoner's wife after they reached Melbourne, but he had viewed the body after the discovery of the murder, and had, at a later stage of the proceedings, identified it at the morgue.

The Prisoner was then formally remanded to take his trial at Melbourne.

During these proceedings, which he followed with the keenest attention, Swanston frequently changed his position, in order to prevent several artists who were present in Court from sketching his portrait.

A scene of great exitement occurred when the Prisoner was removed from the Court to his place of confinement. He was loudly hooted by the crowd, while many of those present, especially the women, yelled at him all kinds of abusive epithets. In accordance with the magisterial remand, Swanston will leave Perth to-day for Melbourne, in charge of the detective Cawsey and a couple of constables. It has transpired that while he was detained in custody at Southern Cross, Swanston was, at his own request, visited by an Anglican clergyman.

Brisbane, March 23th.

Yet another discovery has been made throwing light on the remarkable career of Deeming in Australia. It has already been stated that he visited Queensland, and the Brisbane police have received information from a lady at Rockhampton which may lead to a fresh charge being added to the list already preferred against the accused. On leaving Rockhampton, Williams came to Brisbane, accompanied by a woman, and rented a furnished house in the suburb of Milton. At the time when the rent became due, both he and his companion disappeared, and all efforts to trace them proved fruitless. Inquiries since made have elicited the fact that when the landlord, after a few days, entered the house to retake possession, he found remnants of a woman's clothing in the garden.

London, March 24.

The police to-day made further extensive excavations of the floors of Dinham Villa, the grounds and the stable at Rainhill, but nothing more was discovered. The friends of Miss Mather are indignant at Deeming's aspersions on her character as the cause of her murder in Australia. They say they received a letter jointly signed by the murderer and his victim, and written by the former three days before he murdered his wife at Windsor, full of kindly expressions, and intimating their approaching departure for Hong-Kong, adding they would write at each port of call.

Attention has been drawn to the necklace which Deeming had in his possession, and which Miss Mather wore at the wedding. The necklace was supposed to be studded with diamonds. On one occasion, when Miss Mather went to church with him, be wore his military uniform and she wore the necklace.

The box containing the clothing of the victims of the Rainhill murders, which Deeming sent to Plymouth last August, was received at Widnes Police-station yesterday afternoon, and the contents were taken out and examined. It contained about 150 articles of women's and children's clothing, and an odd boot for the right foot of exactly the same pattern as the boot found on the left foot of the murdered woman. Articles stained with blood included a woman's coarse woollen petticoat, a child's cape and frock, and a large travelling rug. A small ornamental satchel had on it the name Deeming. The police are in possession of proof that the box was sent by Deeming himself from St. Helen's to Plymouth.

Intelligence was received at Bristol yesterday that a man answering the description of Deeming, and giving the name of Swanston, was there about eighteen months ago. He visited a prominent city jeweller, and purchased jewellery to the value of 250*l*. This was paid for by cheque, which was honoured. He gave orders for more jewellery, and took away on approval a diamond ring worth 90*l*. In the meantime the jeweller received a telegram warning him against Deeming when he came to his shop for other jewellery. By a ruse the tradesman got possession of the diamond ring, and, on being shown the telegram, Deeming decamped.

A statement has just been made by a gentleman at West Hartlepool, where Deeming was well known, that under the name of Williams he extended his exploits to Canada, where, about the year 1884, in the province of Assiniboia, he contracted for a large quantity of land. He afterwards commenced business as a watchmaker, but ultimately decamped with a large number of valuable watches entrusted to him by the settlers, and also with a costly watch belonging to the son of an English nobleman, who was touring in the neighbourhood at the time.

Sydney police are making excavations at the house where Deeming lived during his stay in that city. From the Cape it is reported that Deeming was well known at Johannesberg, being connected with some jewellery swindling there nearly three years ago. It is remarked also, that whilst he was living there two mysterious murders occurred.

The luggage which the prisoner had with him at the time of his arrest in Australia has been carefully examined. The result was the discovery of a considerable body of evidence bearing in the most pointed manner upon the identity of the accused. Among other important documents are a Prayer-book, with the name "Emily" on the fly-leaf; a card of membership of the Rainhill Band of Hope, bearing the name of Emily Mather, an autograph album, which belonged to Emily Mather, and a book containing a number of addresses, mostly in England. There are also a pocket-flask, bearing a monogram of the letters "B. F. D."; a Masonic apron inscribed with the same letters; a silver card-case, on which the name "Emily" is engraved; various photographs by Messrs. Pettingell, Liverpool; Braybrook, West Hartlepool; and Clelland and Randuger, Rockhampton; and a Prayer-book, marked "Sarah Oats."

The Bedford chief constable holds a warrant for the arrest of the murderer Williams or Deeming, who has been wanted for some time for having defrauded a Bedford gentleman. Some eighteen months ago Williams, who was then known by the name of Lawson, obtained a large sum of money from this gentleman through representing himself as being connected with some mining concern. Lawson's photo and several letters are in the chief constable's possession.

The prissoner has been kept in ignorance of the discoveries made in England since his arrest, and is still under the impression that he is only called upon to answer for the Windsor crime. After his positive identification he admitted that he was the Williams in question, but continued to protest that he was innocent of his wife's murder, and went so far as to suggest another theory. He had, he said, quarrelled with his wife on account of her entertaining improper relations with another man, and in his belief it was this clandestine lover who had done the deed.

A fresh batch of important discoveries have been made among the prisoner's baggage. These include a sponge saturated with blood; a long knife covered with blood marks and smeared with cement; a small, heavy, keen-edged, plated battle-axe; a photograph of a cottage with a woman standing at the gate, the name "J. B. Deeming" being inscribed on the back of the card; and the certificate of the prisoner's marriage with Miss Mather. The last-mentioned is dated "Rainhill, September 22nd, 1891," and the names of the contracting parties are given as "Albert Williams, bachelor," and "Emily Mather, spinster."

March, 25.

He will start to-day with a full police escort by rail to Albany, where he will be taken on board the P. and O. steamer Ballaarat, en route for Melbourne. All his luggage, the contents of which are of special importance in view of the forthcoming trial, will go with him.

Arrangements have been made for keeping the Prisoner in close confinement during the voyage.

Swanston still shows great assurance, and loses no opportunity of proclaiming his innocence.

LATEST FROM CHILE.

Valparaiso, April 9th.

Three of the men who were injured in the railway accident at Pilco have died, and the condition of several others is very critical.

Owing to certain facts which have been brought to light during the inquiry which is being made into the cause of the accident, a warrant for the arrest of Inspector Vivanco of the 3rd Section was issued on Thursday by the Court.

Messrs Schulze & Lemetayer have been commissioned by the Superior council of Hygiene to report on the danger of contamination of the Salto water.

A Lima paper says the owner of the yacht Beagle is offering her for sale in Callao, as he intends to take up his residence in Perú.

News has reached Lima that on the 7th ult. all the prisoners confined in Pisco gaol effected their escape.

H. E. the President of the Republic visited Viña del Mar on Saturday afternoon. The honour that has been thrust upon him has not worked any change in him. He is the same modest, unassuming Jorje Montt as over, and he travels like any ordinary mortal, without either aide or escort.

The Compañia Huanchaca, of Bolivia, owners of the celebrated Huanchaca silver mines, have opened an agency in London at 75½, Old Broad-street, E.C., for the registration of share, payments of dividends, &c.

Apropos of the Huanchaca Company it is reported that in their mines there are actually 1000 tons of silver in sight.

Mr. Ralph Brooklebank, whose firm's vessels are well known on this coast, a leading Liverpool shipowner, and until a few weeks ago chairman of the Royal Insurance company, died on February 2 at his residence, Childwall Hall, Liverpool, aged 89.

A considerable number of officers continue to retire from the army on the offer of a year's pay. It has been remarked that not a few of them, notwithstanding their retirement, continue to wear their uniform, and it is said that this abuse has been brought to the attention of the Minister of War.

A discovery of several silver lodes near Caracoles on the Atacama road is reported. It is thought that the find may lead to the formation of a new mineral field.

News has been received here to the effect that the official inauguration of the Vyuni to Oruro Railway is to take place on the 16th instant.

There appears to be no ground for the rumours lately circulated to the effect that a revolution was imminent in Bolivia. At all events a contradiction, from reliable sources, of the report has been received here.

The fire piping system in Iquique is being extended, and what with the tanks and engines there are few towns better protected than Iquique against the devouring element.

Plans and estimates for the complete drainage of the town have been prepared. The estimated cost is 600,000 dollars, which appears a large sum for the size of the town, and the system is to be of the most modern type. Tenders will be solicited for the execution of the work.

Among the passengers by the steamer "Gulf of Suez" from Liverpool, we notice the arrival of Mr. Thomás Young and family, who, we understand, have been sojourning in England for the past two years. Mr. Young was for many years established in Iquique, and likewise in the Guano Deposits, where he was intrusted with the shipping of the 40,000 tons of Guano bought by Col. J. T. North and others from the Chilian Government in 1881. He afterwards held a preminent position in the house of North and Jewell of Iquique, and during that period he, at his own personal expense, extracted all the relics now existing from the deck and interior of the glorious old Esmeralda, which vessel was sunk in Iquique bay on the memorable 9th of May, 1879, such as the guns, some of which now adorn the base of the Prat Monument in this city, as also the brass plate of the capstan head which was subsequently presented to the Government by Col. J. T. North on his trip to Chile four years ago. Mr. Young previously to his leaving for England, satisfactorily carried out and completed the laying of the pipes for the Tarapacá Water Works as Sub-Contractor, for the purpose of supplying the town of Iquique with fresh water, and which has proved such a great success.

MORE MC'KINLEYISM.

Mr. Editor,

A Rosario correspondent whose communications on "McKinleyism" you published on Thursday the 14th inst., in which he infers that everybody not believing in free trade for the world at large is a fool or a manufacturer! asks; if you "open a set of books with all the countries of the world; strike a balance at the end of the year—which of the countries will be the most prosperous? Those which have received the most—or those which have exported, given away, the most?" I answer unhesitatingly, neither the one nor the other, because of having done so, is necessarily the more prosperous; but the country that can produce and consume the most within itself, both of products of the soil and manufactures and develope itself the most, that country will be found to be the most prosperous Furthermore, I would point out that the country that has been doing this to a greater extent than any other and that has shown a rapidity of increase of wealth never before equalled, is that poor tariff-ridden United States of America.

In 1880 the wealth of the U. States was £8,728 millions sterling, in 1890 £13,020 millions; while the wealth of the U. Kingdom, the next greatest manufacturing country, which was £8,720 millions in 1882, had only risen to just under £10,000 millions in 1890.

It is very funny how anxious the U. Kingdom is to export—I beg pardon—I should have said "give away," if this proceeding tends to reduce the wealth of a country, as your correspondent and his co-believers assert. English trade papers are continually pointing out how the new American tariff is interfering with this charitable giving-away process, that it so delights to indulge in. It would seem as though the English section of the array of "all the talents," to which your correspondent refers at the beginning of his article, had still much work before them at home. When the new tariff was being considered in the States, the section of the "thinking leading minds of the world" that resides there, published pages of articles to prove that the Act under consideration would not only seriously interfere with imports, but in so doing, would also kill the export trade, which they said, would be a terrible calamity. I have shown that the exports of the U. States exceeded the imports by about $150 millions last year, and now I am informed by free-traders here, that this exporting is a bad business any way.

The farmers of the U. States, as a class, are noted for being an unusually well read and well informed lot of men, they have all sides of the tariff question put before them and they note the way that they believe is for their best interest.

Grain growing in New England has been given up, because the farmers got tired of grubbing among the rocks on the hill-sides for a living, and wisely concluded that the boundless fertile praries of the west were better adapted to growing grain. New England never was a natural farming country, still, market gardenens, orchards and milk farms are made to pay largely around its thriving towns and cities.

As to Liverpool making the price for the grain of the U. States farmer, your correspondent has rather got the cart before the horse. The amount of grain that could be spared by the States after supplying the home demand, and the price at which it could be purchased, has had much to do with fixing the price of grain in Liverpool. In a recent copy of the London *Times*, the review of the Liverpool grain market for the day informs us that prices fell at the opening in sympathy with lower quotations from the States, and after recovering a little, fell to the lowest point of the day on continued disappointing quotations from the States.

When your correspondent speaks of the farmers of the U. States as paying one hundred per cent more for their tools, machinery and supplies than the farmers of other lands, he simply makes an assertion without any foundation in fact. And when he pats himself on the back as it were, and asserts "we at least get our implements from abroad with the payment of a nominal duty," he is particularly absurd, for it is well known that the U. States is pre-eminently the agricultural machinery manufacturing country of the world.

It has been very clearly proved in the States that when a manufacturing industry is once thoroughly established under the proctective tariff, then the price charged for the products is to a great extent controlled by the home supply and demand and not by foreign competition. To illustrate, during the last of February the market price for foreign tool steel was 17 to 17½ cts. per pound, for American 7 to 7½ cts. In Sheffield, England, the best Bessemer steel billets were recently selling for £5/17, say $29, and in Eastern Pennsylvania for $28!

The Argentine farmer purchases agricultural implements made in the States, they cost him from 60 to 80 per cent gold more than they retail for in that country, and I do not find that good English implements sell for any less here than the American, and I have investigated this matter and know whereof I speak.

There are plenty of authorities that have shown that the cost of living in the U. States has rapidly fallen during recent years, and to mechanics is but little if any more than in England. In a carefully prepared table, published in 1886, Mr. Edward Atkinson, a name not unfamiliar to you, Mr. Editor, showed that the average cost of one day's supply of food, fuel and materials for clothing, customarily used by such mechanics as were connected with the mills and works treated in Vol. XX., U. S. census of 1880, had fallen from 43.5cts. in 1870 to 30 cts. in 1886. These figures being computed from prices obtained in twenty retail shops, ten east and ten west of Buffalo, N. York. The rate of wages per day was $2.43 in 1870 and $2.40 in 1886. This reduction in the cost of living was not caused by a change in the tariff, but by a natural reduction of the cost of home products.

In commenting on a recent communication of mine, Mr. Editor, you referred to me as a blind believer in the balance of trade, and as being disappointed that bullion was not returned to the U. States in settlement of the large commercial balance due that country in 1891. I beg to be allowed to plead "not guilty" to both charges.

I am fully aware that the so-called balance of trade is not the only balance existing between nations, but I firmly believe with a large majority of my countrymen, that the best way to pay the immense amounts of money due Europe anually is to export as much of our surplus products as is possible, and keep a large balance of trade in our favor. What I wrote about securities being returned to the States shows that I am not guilty of the second charge.

You also point out that there was no Baring crisis in 1889 and that the export of bullion from the States that year exceeded the imports by 51 millions of dollars, but you did not call attention to the fact that the balance of trade, merchandise balance, had been against the States for two years, or that the previous year large sums of bullion were sent to the States to pay for securities and other investments.

Yours truly.
W. V. B.

B. Ayres, April 16th 1892.

"You won't suit me at all", as the man said to the tailor who refused him credit.

RAILWAY ITEMS.

The Board of Public Works have advised Government to instruct the Engineers' Department to make out the surveys and plans of seven kilometres of line required to make Messrs Bemberg and Co.'s railway concession independent of the Argentine Gt. Western. Messrs. Bemberg's concession is for a line from Mendoza to San Rafael. The Board state that Messrs. Bemberg must pay $32,147 due for surveys and plans already made out by the Engineers' Department.

The "French Company of Argentine Railways" (the Fives-Lille Co.) have asked Government to send an inspector over the section from Sancho-Corral kil. 360 and La Amora kil. 455, and to authorize the opening to traffic of this portion of the San Cristobal-Tucuman. Railway. The part already built is in excellent condition, trains running over it since the beginning of the year. The telegraph along the line is moreover in working order.

The new extension of the Great Southern Railway from Canuelas to las Flores, a distance of 115 kilometres, will be opened to the public on the 1st of May. A train will leave Canuelas for Las Flores at 8.25 a.m., returning at 1 p.m. daily.

THE LATE DUKE OF CLARENCE.

British Legation,
April 21st.

Sir,—

I should esteem it a favor if you would be so kind as to give publicity to the text of the following letter, received to-day, in which Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales returns her heartfelt thanks to the British Mothers, Wives and Daughters resident in this Republic for their address of condolence and sympathy on the occasion of the sad loss and sorrow which has fallen on the Royal Family, and which the kind sympathy of their loyal subjects has done much to alleviate.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant
Arthur Herbert.

Sandringham,
Norfolk,
March 10th, 1892

Madam,

I am desired by the Princess of Wales to convey to you, and, through you, to the British Mothers, Wives and Daughters resident in the Argentine Republic and Paraguay, the expression of Her Royal Highness's most heartfelt thanks for the address of condolence and sympathy which you, and they, have forwarded to Her Royal Highness on the occasion of the sad death of her beloved son, the Duke of Clarence and Avondale.

I remain, Madam,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) *S. de A. C. Clarke*,
Colonel,
Private Secretary to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.

To the Honble. Mrs. F. J. Pakenham.
British Legation, Buenos Ayres.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Fine weather. Lots of extravagant political rumours. Tamar's mails from Europe delivered. Dr. Luis Saenz Peña sitting on a barrel of gunpowder (according to W. P.). Autumn manoeuvres put off till the middle of next week. The mails from Spain by the Tamar all spoiled when being landed. Railway matters in Salta gone to the dogs. Nothing more to be said about yesterday's sayings and doings.

We have to thank Messrs. Mackern and Shine and Messrs Huergo and Co. for the very latest papers from anemic Europe by the Tamar and Hydarnes. The latter ran out in 23 days.

We note that our esteemed contemporary the *M. V. T.* thinks that the bottom of the Uruguayan crisis has at length been reached. It's only a false bottom, we very much fear.

There was a great crowd of Danes, Swedes and Norwegians at the Darsena on Wednesday as the steamer Coleridge was leaving. They had assembled to say "bon voyage" to our popular friend Mr. Seedorff, the well-known apothecary, who has gone to Europe for a health trip. We join his legion of friends in wishing him God speed and every benefit from the voyage.

Those who are not content, like the great Marshal Davoust, with "being ancestors themselves," but want to start something in that line of a few hundred years' date, can obtain valuable assistance in their task by applying at The Antiquary, 156 Calle Ituzaingo, Montevideo, where a complete suit of plate-armour of the 14th century is about to be raffled for. If genuine, it is worth a ticket.

There was a phenomenal Tram Inspector row in Calle Piedad, corner of Suipacha, yesterday morning about 10 o'clock, and a dozen cars were kept waiting behind that in which the battle raged. The principal performer was an undersized specimen of humanity in a top hat, as big as himself, who was white in the face with rage. We could not wait to see the end of it. The street was blocked up with a washed, half-washed and unwashed crowd grinning at the fun.

A financial weekly in the capital of this world says: "The talk about a Paris 'clique' granting the Argentine Republic a loan of £10,000,000 sterling is ridiculed in well-informed quarters. The idea that a group powerful enough to carry through such an operation would trust the Argentine with that amount is deemed absurd. Probably, therefore, the tale is one of those bizarre fancies that are continually floating across the troubled "Bolsa" of Buenos Ayres.

The programme for the concert to be given in the Opera House on Sunday next by the Belgian Choral Union for the sufferers by the recent explosion in the Anderlues mine is splendid, and several of the best vocal and instrumental artists in town have volunteered for the occasion. Our special "Senrab" will be there. Tickets can be had at Mr Pelsmaekers, 580 Calle Suipacha, up to to-day, and subsequently at the Opera House.

A Liverpool exchange says: "The death of the Grand Duke of Hesse recalls a little incident which happened when the Princess Alice was still alive and the Grand Ducal ménage was conducted with the simplicity of a middle-class German household. The little daughters of the Grand Duke and Princess Alice had been on their first visit to England, and were quite overwhelmed with the grandeur of Windsor Castle. The youngest of the visitors, on reaching home, rushed to her governess, and, mixing the two languages she knew, in her breathless excitement, burst out, "Meine Grossmama, die Kœnigin von England, has a watch with a little bird in it." A watch ornamented with a diamond bird was the most marvellously beautiful thing the little granddaughter of the Queen had ever seen."

Mr. Pastor Jordan of Pilar has presented to the Museum of National Products a monster sweet potatoe grown on hisestancia. It weighs within a fraction of three kilogrammes.

We have to thank Dr. Bertolette of the U. S. Navy, Special Commissioner for the Chicago Exhibition, for sending us the map of the Great Fair referred to in another paragraph, and also a very interesting volume "Manual de las Republicas Americanas," a nicely illustrated book full of valuable information about this great Continent.

Some of the tramway companies are too fond of joking. The public consider that going home to bed in an open tram car at this season of the year is no joke for them, and they want the Lord Mayor to see to it.

Proprietors in Oregon, U. States, have recently discovered the only mine of pure platinum in existence.

Inspector Segui has sent in his report on the Cassels electric-light plant at La Plata, which the Government was thinking of buying. He says it is the finest plant of its kind in all South America, but the Government cannot afford to buy it just at present.

Governor Costa wrote out his Message for the La Plata Chambers on May Day at his estancia in Junin during Holy Week. Like President Pellegrini, "el joven Gobernador" has come to the conclusion that "least said is soonest mended," and that "brevity is the soul of wit"; so his Message will be as short as possible, especially on those thorny subjects, politics and finance.

We have added to the STANDARD Picture Gallery a magnificent coloured sketch of the Chicago Exhibition as it will be when in full blast. It hangs beside that masterpiece "The Lomas Harrier", for which we refused a sporting offer the other day. By the way, what has become of the L. H.'s? It is time for the hunting season to begin.

Oh! *M. V. Times* "loquitur":—"Mr Stuart Pennington writes in *Sport and Pastime* that the Argentine Republic is not rich in monkeys, having only four species. We do not wish to contradict such an authority, but we are sure we counted more than four species last time we passed down Calle Florida, and we think we could show him more here in Calle Sarandi of a fine evening. The distinctive feature is that these monkeys have no tails. They call themselves 'mashers'".

The Lord Mayor and his Town Councillors are having a high old time of it. On Wednesday they breakfasted in the Mad-house, and yesterday they had another "dejeuner á la fourchette" in the village of the Plain, on the occasion of opening the new killing grounds. It is good to be an edile.

The *Correo Español* says that the Rainhill horror proves that wholesale murder is a crime known in England and her colonies as well as in the Argentine Republic. Very true colleague, but there is one very big difference: under English law murderers pay for their crimes with their lives; here they do not.

Sir Walker Bullard, who owns the finest collection of native Maori curiosities and paintings in the world, has applied for space in which to display his collection, and intends visiting the Chicago Exhibition with his family. Major John Wilson, of Auckland, has submitted a proposition to the Foreign Affairs Committee to bring a colony of Maoris to the Exhibition, house them in one of their native-built forts, and let them show their native costumes, home life, and methods of warfare. The proposition is regarded with some favor, as it would add greatly to the value of the general ethnological exhibit of the Exhibition.

A story which is told of the late Charles Jamrach, the naturalist and dealer in wild animals, who died in London last summer, is so well vouched for that it may be accepted as worthy of belief. Mr. Jamrach was married more than once, and the story is to the effect that when a friend condoled with him on the loss of his second wife, the naturalist answered, with a heavy sigh: "Yes, yes, as you say, she was a good wife; but", he added, as if he felt compelled to speak the whole truth, "she never took kindly to the animals. Why, even in the winter, she wouldn't let the snakes sleep under the bed".

Captain Noguera, who was commissioned by Government to inquire into the charges made by the settlers in Santa Cruz Territory against Governor Moyano, reports that they are virtually true.

The Rio papers say that the well-known capitalist, Meliton Souza, was completely "cleaned out" by the smash of the General Railway Company, in which he lost seven and a half millions of dollars. He has gone to the United States, a beggar.

Handbook of the River Plate
SIXTH EDITION, ELEVENTH THOUSAND
Estancieros will do us a great favor by forwarding the names of the principal landowners, especially English, in their department, as soon as possible, and any other information in their power. The present edition will comprise 600 pages, besides maps, &c; price 5$ currency.
M. G. & E. T. MULHALL

Gentlemen, I'm a ninety years old. In the course of nature I must soon depart, of late it has often seemed to me I could hear my mother's voice speaking as when I was a boy and saying "Come Peter, it is almost bed-time!"
At a dinner given in his honour a few weeks before his death, Peter Cooper, the great American Philanthropist, used the above touching words:
"There can be no doubt that bodily comfort contributes greatly to longevity and Peter Cooper, undoubtedly would not have reached ninety years if he had not enjoyed the perfect rest obtained only by wearing a PYJAMA SUIT.
If you doubt this, try those sold at "THE ENGLISH" 594 Cangallo.
Shirts made to measure on the premises.

THE NORTH BREAKWATER.

LOSS OF $3,600,000.

April 14th.

One by one the doleful tales of fraud or folly of the past three years are coming before the public view. The following report by the auditors, Quesada, Terry and Saenz, needs no comment: the eloquence of figures could no further go.

B. Ayres, April 10th, 1892.

May it please Your Excellency.

This scheme of the Malecon or Northern Breakwater was on a vast scale, the ... view being as fol- ... m the River Plate ... sq. metres, say 300 Argentine ... quares, gar- ... s. ... ks and ... tream, ... ct was ... lessrs. ... er the ... r and ... ay on ... t the ... 0,000 ... r, to ... f 3$ per ... cept ... e fit ...

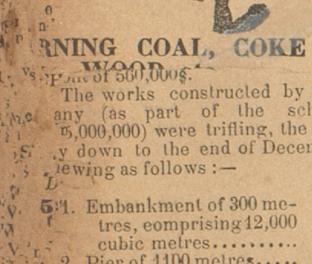
...TTERS LYING AT TH...

A B C — ...m Armstrong, ...rown, ...arson, ...da B'anche, ...liza Baker, ...ais, ...t Crabtree, ...ompton, ...artlett, ...Bridges
D E F — Ellen Feeny, H Davies, ...oughty, ...aldson, ...Palck
G H I — ...mage, ...Henry, ...field, ...Griffers, ...de Hallion, ...len Green, ...Hirsch, ...eenslade
K L — ...Heating, ...Kecna, ...nch Kelly
N O

Manuel Molin..., Thomas Murp..., Miss Ellen Meeh..., J McNamurea, W E Martin, K Murphy, J Morton, Monk Molinroux, Patrick Mosan, Ernest Munton, Miss E S Moore, J Marr, C McBride, Mrs B Mumm, J Mackin
P Q R — M Riopedro, Ernest Pearse, Miss Bridget Ryan, Mathew Ryan, Mrs S M Porter, H D Prodgers, Frank Parish, Miss E Phroades, A H Pousonley, Miss A Rushbrook, M Pattenso, Miss Julia Rosberg, W H Ray
S T U — A H Thomas, B Soria, Charles Spinks, Thomas Sefton, T Taylor, Stewart, W Thomson, C H Smith, W Sugden, Mrs Scholz
V W X — E Williams, W Ward, A Whirting, Mrs Whittingslow, A Watter, H Wilkinson

I. H. DIXON & Co.
Carpenters & Joiners.
Estimates given for all kinds of Builders' ...hop & office fittings. Ships fitted ...ortation of Cattle, executed at short notice and at low prices. 2° Tacuari ...s Garay 514.—Buenos Aires.
904 m30 a30.

AMERICAN COOKING STOVES



...RNING COAL, COKE ... WOOD

... Pair of 500,000$.

The works constructed by the company (as part of the scheme of 5,000,000) were trifling, the total outlay down to the end of December 1890 ...wing as follows :—

1.	Embankment of 300 metres, comprising 12,000 cubic metres	12,070
2.	Pier of 1100 metres	211,050
3.	Sheds for materials	210,000
4.	Sundries	598,580
	Total	1,031,700

In 1891 the company built 100 metres of breakwater, after which the works were suspended, the Board of Directors issuing the following notice :—

"We have suspended the works owing to the difficulty of finding funds, as it would be disastrous to sell reclaimable lands at present".

Thus the conclusion of the business is that the public lost $2,300,000, and Messrs. Portalis pocketed $1,600,000 in cash.

Sixto Quesada, José Terry, Justo Saenz.

SUECIA
...rados como los mejores y mas fuertes que existen.
Hierro de Suecia no se rompe.

...h Bank of South America, Limited.
...y English Bank of Rio de Janeiro, Limited)
...quista esquina Cangallo
Established 1863.
subscribed.. £1,000,000
paid up.. 500,000
Reserve Fund 330,000
do do 75,000
£905,000
...ON, BUENOS AIRES, MONTE-...RIO de JANEIRO, SAO PAULO, ...NTOS.
...t accounts opened.
...its received at sight and for fixed ...
...ial bills discounted.
... of credit issued, Telegraphic ...s and drafts at sight, and up to 90 ...t given, on its Head Office and ...
and on
...oint-Stock Bank, (Lim.) London,
...Heine & Co., Paris.
...enberg Gossler & Co., Hamburg.
also on
...ain, Belgium, North America,
...ers of funds to or from this country ... Europe can be effected through ...um of the Bank's chief offices at ...oorgate Street, London, E.C.
...inds of Banking business done.
PAYS m/n.

...$712,400 or about £140,000 sterling, the length of same being together 12 miles. As these branches run through the northern and southern outskirts of the city the Municipality has made some pretext for opposing the running of trains. If there be well-grounded motives to confiscate such lines it is clear that the Municipality ought to compensate the Company. But there can be no ...ght to obstruct the Company's traffic ...til the amount of compensation be fixed and the money actually paid.

Any high-handed proceeding, such as the Municipality proposes, is doubly unfortunate at the present time, when there is so general an impression that all the authorities of Argentina, national, provincial and municipal, have determined to make war on English companies owning railways in this part of the world. We do not say the impression is well-founded, but it is unfortunately true that there are strained relations between the railway companies and the authorities, a... which is deplorable ... ...ommunication it ...y denies ...

...OTS AND SHOES
...ade, hand sewn English made
H. CARR
442—San Martin—442
351 nv12 xp

...ern Assurance Company
LONDON AND ABERDEEN
INSURANCE OFFICE
CAPITAL £3,000,000 STG.
...cy: 126 Florida altos
...ent has full powers to settle claims ...eferences to the Head Office.

LADIES' TAILOR AND HABIT MAKER
FROM
...and Busvine, London
A DAMAS
916--Lavalle--916
22 m2 xp

...ERCH & OGAN
... Agents & Shipbrokers
BAHIA BLANCA
—Calle O'Higgins—14
241 d10 p

and private property. When the Company bought the line, they did not get the land. I am informed, however, that the Company subsequently purchased the Moreira and Aldao quintas.

The Catalinas Branch runs through Municipal property. The only argument that the Company could adduce in their favor is that in 1879-80 the Provincial Government made the Railway pay for the land required for widening the street. The Railway paid six or seven landowners, whereas the Municipality made far more considerable payments to improve the road. The Railway uses the public thoroughfare without any right to do so and with detriment to the interests of the inhabitants of densely-populated quarters.

I insist therefore that the Company, when they purchased the branches, merely obtained the right to the material, the rails and sleepers, the cost of which they paid the Government. In regard to the lands subsequently purchased by the Company, the Municipality protested at the time against the purchase, and the Company knew this.

Now if the Company wish to have communication with Catalinas and the Central Produce Market they can do so, at less cost than they would have to defray had they to purchase the property through which the present branches run. The Company can build two other branches, one from Haedo to a junction with the Pacific Railway at San Martin —this plan was proposed years ago, and the surveys were even made. The other branch would start from Flores, as proposed likewise years ago.

I merely mention this to shew Y. E. that the Company can easily obtain the communication they desire without injuring general interests.

Francisco P. Bollini.
Jorgé N. Williams.

JUDGE LYNCH WANTED.

April 13th.

Telegrams from Montevideo to the *Prensa* explain the horrible massacre of the Traverso family near Canelones, reported last week. We need hardly remind our readers that an industrious Italian farmer named Traverso, his wife and three children were found murdered in their house on the 5th inst. It is not much consolation to know that the police have captured the assassin, Meliton Cuello, who had been released from prison at Montevideo a month previously, after suffering a detention of 16 years for two murders committed by ...

A telegram from Montevideo adds ... Cuello's motive for murdering the Traverso family was that Traverso had been a witness against him for one of the murders of which he was found guilty. This shews the criminal neglect of the authorities in letting loose again ...ety an assassin convicted of re... crimes.

... who had been executed for his ... murders the Traverso family ... have been barbarously butchered in their own home. The same may ... the condition of affairs in Ar... ...ere murders are for the most part committed by criminals steeped in ... Punishment is prescribed by the Argentine Constitution for all cases of murder characterized as "alevoso", which in English signifies treacherous and cold-blooded. Nevertheless it is 18 years since an assassin has been executed (except the case of a soldier killing his officer), and as a consequence we find the number of murders averages 300 yearly, between Buenos Ayres and Rosario.

Politics engross attention to such a degree that assassins either go about, unmolested, or else are imprisoned for a few months or years, to be released, like Cuello, in order to begin again their career of bloodshed.

AWFUL CRIMES AT MENDOZA.

April 19

We regret to announce two murderous outrages at Mendoza, the victims being in both cases Englishmen. The first is the assassination of Mr. Hiron, a gentleman well known in that city, who had a contract for supplying firewood to the Great Western Railway Co. He was invited by a friend, who had two servants with him, to go for a ride, and before they had gone far the friend said to one of his servants "Have a shot at the Englishman," whereupon ...t him through the head, ...all from his horse. One ... alighted and cut Mr. ... e corpse lay for some ... s unheeded by the ... re that of a beast. ... occurred at Rio ... ndine Railway. An ... named Maybury ... hile, and having to ... a train to Mendoza ... secure a night's ... the place full was ... p at a "pulperia." ... ning prevailed on ... brandy which was ... they cut his throat ... took his money, ... gold and some ... nfortunate man ... tal at Mendoza, ... was still alive ... "peria" gave out ... eccentric Eng... his money and ... cide. The doc... oza said it was ... o have cut his ... shewn by the ... clearly a case ... would in any ... ouse the in... t in Mendoza, ... rientes, they ... lete indiffer... ur calling on ... measures for ... operty. The ... the recent ... at Ramallo ... re too much ... to think of punishing assassins.

We can only repeat our solemn protest against the laxity of Governors, Ministers, Judges &c., and advise our countrymen to be constantly on their guard. Perhaps when the new President comes into office he may see his way, as President Sarmiento did in the case of the murders at Frayle Muerto in 1868, to bring assassins to justice and have them shot.

JEWISH COLONIZATION ASSOCIATION.

HEAD-QUARTERS.

General Orders.

Office in B. Ayres, Calle Cuyo 452. April 14th 1892.

1.—Lt. Colonel Albert Edward Williamson Goldsmid having arrived in the Ar... ...umes the duties of Representative ... ...nization Association ...

The ra... by the... as follo...
On accou... deposits $200,000...
Do. do. on... cess of $...
On deposits notice...
On deposits fixed...
Do 6
Do 12
On account c... without inter...
On deposits at notice...
Do. 30 do.
Do. 90 do.
On debit balances...
Buenos Ayres, ...
London and ... Lim...

... $200,000 arriba conven...
A plazo fijo de 3 meses ...
Cobra por adelantos en c/c ...
No paga intereses sobre ...
Tipo de descuentos conven...
Gira sobre todas las plazas ...
y los pequeños pueblos en It...
Alemania, Francia, Inglaterr...
y hace toda clase de operacion...
Buenos Aires 16 Abril, 1891.
Calle Reconquist...
El Director: G. E. Mas...

BANCO ESPA...
DEL
RIO DE LA PL...
180-RECONQUISTA...
entre Piedad y Cangallo
Capital realiza...
$6,000,000 m/n.
Fondo de Reserva y Prevision $500...
Gira sobre todos los Pueblos y ... de España, Francia, Italia, etc.
ABONA
Oro
En cuenta corriente ... 1 o/o
Deposito a 30 dias ... 1 "
Id 60 " ... 3 "
Id 90 " (con libreta) ... 4 "
Id a premio con libreta desde 10 ps hasta 3,000 pasando 60 dias ... 3 "
COBRA
En cuenta corriente ... 12 " 12
Se ocupa de toda clase de operac... bancarias.
Buenos Aires 15 de Setiembre de 18...
AUGUSTO J. COELHO, geren...
719 jn27 xp

2095--CORDOBA--2095
French course from 4 to 5 p.m. English translated.
584 ap16 20

VAN GELDEREN AND TRANT,
Sworn Translators.
123--Calle San Martin--123

To Railway Managers, Contractors, Estancieros, Land Companies or others.
Who require the services of a Civil Engineer for odd jobs; I am always at hand at 36 Piedad 383. G. BOGGS
746 26 a26

British and Foreign
Of London and Liverpool
SEA & RIVER RISKS ACCEPTED
Agent for the Argentine Republic,
R. A. NORTON,
453--CANGALLO--453
187 ap7 my7

Th... Hed... don, E... Chie... Aucmat... Cally. qui... the ...ffice ...
Any f... cation, e... of the Co...
Local Di...
Agents in F...
Agent in N...

REAL PL...
LUIS...
This vinegar... ropean, is guaran... Quimica. To ... Store. Send ...
2699--LA...
Esquina...

ministration can only be assured by judicious blending of firmness and kindness.

If the confidence of those committed to their charge can only be gained, the task of the managers will be comparatively easy.

The religious obligations of the employees and colonists should be respected; only extreme emergency can justify any infringement of this rule, which applies equally to Jews and Christians. On the other hand religion must not be allowed to be used as a pretence for idleness and neglect of duty.

The colonists should be taught to look to the manager as their father, to whom they should turn in their difficulties for advice. The manager should utilise the services of the best of the colonists to assist him in preserving discipline.

It should be the aim of the administration of each colony to convert the colonists into good and faithful citizens of the Argentine Republic.

6.—The general order does not alter the position of Dr. Adolf Roth as financial manager of the Jewish Colonization Association in the Argentina.

The financial manager is specially charged, after coming to an agreement with the representative, in all that concerns the financial and other operations of a similar nature, as detailed in the provisional regulations laid down by the Central Administration in Paris.

7.—By decree of March 1, 1892, Mr. B. Borgen was named assistant-representative. During the absence of the representative, Mr. Borgen is officially authorized to give and sign orders "per order," and these orders must be considered as given by the representative himself.

8.—By decree of March 10, 1892, Mr. Morris Epstein was appointed as interpreter and must lend his services until further notice in the headquarters in B. Ayres.

B. Goldsmid.
Lieut. Col.

LOCAL SKETCHES.

Mr. Emile Daireaux, the well-known writer, is at present writing a series of essays of physological phenomena in the Plate. His latest is the "Deudor" or Debtor, an amusing sketch, which we translate as follows :—

The Debtor,

This is the great conqueror of this glorious epoch. In valor, he surpasses the heroes of the Independence. The Bible tells us that Saul killed 1000 and David 10,000 men. The Debtor is the Modern David, the pigmy that kills off the Goliaths. At one blow he killed the Barings, the Murrietas and many others; a little more, and he would have done for the Bank of England and the Rotschild tribe. The Debtor's occupation is to owe. He owes everyone. His sympathetic face and the obscure services he has done the State have caused the official banks to give him credit, and with the money given him by these banks he has built a palace and bought lands; palace and lands he has mortgaged for ten times their value. He has sold the cedulas and purchased carriages and Russian horses, furniture, shares and shares, and with these shares he has humbugged the Jews and issuing banks, as Dr. Lucio Lopez calls those banks which refused to advance the Government money. In all these operations the Debtor has not lost a dollar. He began without capital, made a pile, and the pile has vanished in smoke.

The Debtor is a victim of the fall of stocks, but he is a gay victim. Hear him: "No one owes me a cent. I can live in peace." And so he does.

Those who are his creditors sing a different tune. They think of the carriages and horses and furniture they sold him. They lose of course; but then who does not lose in these times? When the Government cannot pay it's a duty of patriotism not to pay. The party in power he does not sympathise with But then above all things he is a patriot and he proclaims it in a loud voice and he does not wish to pay up, because he does not wish to play the part of an adversary to Government.

The army of debtors is an imposing one. It has its generals and every rank down to the private. They have all fought the English, but not all have received equal shares of the spoil.

Many are tired of the luxury in which they live and which—they pluckily confess—costs so much to keep up in these times when cash down is the word. The victory has been only too complete. Even credit has succumbed.

The Debtor, having no other course open to him, is beginning to sell his costly furniture and knicknacks, which are handed over to the tender mercies of the auctioneer. Sell off everything, my friend Life is life, with or without luxury. I remember my father lived in a house that was by no means a fine one. We ate good "puchero" and we drank pure water. We must return to that. We lived very happily. Why should I keep all these statues which no one understands? Look here. The other day my cousin came to see me, and she caught sight of a statue of Venus by Milo, a great artist of tremendous physical strength; he was called Milo of Crotona. Now that I remember it, I have not paid Manigot for that statue yet. Well, my cousin looks at the statue and asks me why I keep a statue without arms! Don't you think I am right in selling off everything after that? I liked novelties once. I only like money now. Sell my palace and my furniture and my statues and let me have my money that I may live peacefully.

THE CREDITOR

In a distant quarter in the south of the town, steeped in retirement, lives the Creditor. His poverty excites commiseration. At one time he possessed a fortune built up after years of work. He came to these shores about half a century ago and set to work. He had a trade. He was intelligent. He was good-looking. He married a native girl of good family, and many children blessed their union. He worked all his life; he put some money by, opened a factory and employed 70 men. "I," he says, give work to 70 men who represent 70 families. I buy and sell for hundreds of thousand of dollars. My industry leaves a margin for other manufacturers, brokers, bankers, etc., to make money. Why the stamps alone I use represent more than my capital when I started. I hardly knew how to write then."

The man was full of honest pride, and who in his place would have felt otherwise. His savings became the base of a fortune. He sold his factory to a Joint Stock Company who paid him in shares. The remainder of his fortune he placed in Cedulas.

The shares, the company, the Cedulas, the rents, are no more. But this is not all. The unfortunate man, whose opinion was of some weight, advised his friends and relatives at home to have faith in the country and to buy stocks and Cedulas.

He is a creditor. He owes no one a cent, and yet the mail brings him letters in which he is treated as a rascal for having advised people to buy cedulas.

Sometimes the creditor comes into town. He meets Grajera, the dog-man, and looks at him sorrowfully. "Some day," he says, "I may be like him."

The Creditor owns a large fortune but he has not a dollar. He did not speculate, he did not buy lands, nor stocks. He only bought houses and cedulas. His tenants won't pay him, and the Jueces de Paz won't assist him. In regard to the coupons he must go "a otra parte con la musica." Yesterday the Minister of Justice informed him that owing to the state of siege he must not present any applications to the magistrates, that the circumstance of demanding embargoes might trouble the country and expose him to expropriation, and that imprisonment for debt might be advantageously revived and turned on obnoxious creditors who want people to pay up at a moment when paying-up is downright treason. Only a conspirator could think of paying his debts.

The Creditor wanders about the streets, examining the drains. He is on the look out for some friendly water-pipe, where he and his family may pass the night.

McKINLEYISM.

...ow imports and exports are paraded ...alances in trade deployed, until all ...onfused and inextricable tangle in ...ndeavor to prove that a high pro..., or other high tariff, is a public ... your contributor W. V. B. plainly ... The thinking leading minds of ...eld, the men who give color to the ... which compel concerted action, have long since ceased to consider the balance of trade, or that excess of imports over exports usually so-called as a matter much to be feared by men in their senses. Open a set of books with all the countries of the world; strike a balance at the end of the year—which of the countries will be the most prosperous? Those which have received the most—or those which have exported, given away, the most?

Only those who are deeply regardful of their own investments in mills and factories, and their dupes, can possibly declaim against free trade. In the States the vote of the farmer is secured for a high tariff because he is told that manufacturers united under the banner of protection give him a market at his door. Who gainsays this self-evident proposition? They don't advise him, however, that while he pays the cost of making his tools and machinery, and a reasonable profit for the worker—as farmers in other lands do—he, the free-born American, also pays one hundred per cent more for all he buys! And when he is ready to sell his cereals, the manufacturer pays him—not the price which he has been led to believe he would get, because of the market near his door—but a price made for his grain in Liverpool—out in the free markets of the world and not one cent more will they give him. All New England is crowded with factories and mills. These markets near his door have literally driven the farmer to "other fields and pastures new," and the grain producing acres of former days are selling for what the fences cost. These are the naked facts of protection as it works on the farmer class in the United States.

We know all this in the province of Santa Fe. Liverpool buyers of cereals are at our door. Messrs. Martin, Hope, Jarvis, Davies, have all their offers for wheat in the telegrams received by them from Liverpool before they go into the Bolsa. While we must pay for our clothing, tobacco, and other things, a highly protected price, we at least get our implements from abroad with the payment of a nominal duty—but no attempt is made to hoodwink us. We know the price is not made by the buyer who makes our clothing etc. at our doors, but by the buyer from abroad.

Any other view of a tariff—unless for revenue—an objectionable way of raising revenue, at best—is a delusion.

Yours,
J. H. Bragg.

Rosario, April 10th 1892.

WANDERINGS IN THE URUGUAY.

THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM WILSON

Few more charming spots can be picked out on the banks of the Uruguay than the estancia 'Las Delicias'. The property consists of over 15,000 acres of pasture land, the surface of which varies widely, at times flat, then gently undulating, and some parts may be considered high lands. The coasts are lightly timbered with well spreading trees, principally Quebracho, Ñandubay, Amarillo, Laurel and other indigenous woods, which give the locality an attractive and parklike appearance. The home stead nestles amids Eucalypti, Casuarinas, Paraisos, some fine specimens of the Gravillea Robusta, and other exotic trees. The view from this point is picturesque, as it overlooks a broad expanse of the Uruguay. The soil is of a sandy nature, abundantly supplied with lime and well fitted to produce cereals, vines, olives and many leguminous plants. But little or no attention has yet been paid to the development of agriculture; but enough may be seen in the garden to determine the great wealth in store, when agriculture is seriously taken in hand.

Great care has been given to the grading up of the cattle on this estate, and many valuable sires have been imported from time to time from some of the most celebrated shorthorn herds of England, including the Oxford tribe from the Duke of Devonshire, Marquis Gwynne. Guy Faulkes, Claudius and other well-known sires. Probably one of the best shorthorn sires that ever came to the Plate found a home in "Las Delecias". He was bred by Mr Thompson of Penrith. His sire was Beau Benedict out of Molly Mellicant, a tribe of shorthorns well known during the last few years in English show-yards. This Sunshine was a grandly shaped bull, with a proud carriage, as if conscious of his own good qualities. He was one of the few bulls one meets with that will bear the closest examination when not got up for show, and would have ranked as a high-class shed bull in any part of the world. He was not large, but remarkably growthy, magnificent loins and quarters and well-spread ribs. His colour here would not be considered fashionable, being a roan with a good deal of white; but colour such as his will never be regarded as objectionable by those who regard useful qualities rather than fancy showpoints. This bull unfortunately died, but has left some young stock of great value, who inherit many of the fine qualities of the sire, and it is to be hoped that they will be mated to sires of the same type as Sunshine.

Unfortunately a craze has set in among shorthorn breeders to breed for color. Red has become fashionable, and through the yielding to this craze many high class sires have been sacrificed and the true mysteries of breeding, summed up as William Houseman puts it, forgotten, "to be able to understand the fitness of similarities and the unfitness of dissimilarities and persistently breed to the best."

A few years ago, Mr. Wilson sent out from England some Hereford bulls to grade up a herd on a Shorthorn foundation. These sires it is believed were selected by Mr. Duckham, which is a warranty for their high breeding and individual merit. This season the manager has put graded Hereford sires on graded Shorthorn cows. The object aimed at is to produce heavier animals for the saladero by the union of these crosses. Would not a strong out cross from new shorthorn tribes produce better effects? However the experiment is interesting and will be carefully watched.

All the herds on the Estancia are in good condition and the paddocks well grassed, so that no material losses may be looked for during the incoming winter.

Besides the Shorthorn and Hereford cattle, large flocks of sheep are bred on "Las Delicias" camp, chiefly Rambouillet sires have been used, bred in the Cabañas of the Negrette and Espartillar in the Argentine Republic. The aim here is to cover the sheep with dense wool of robust quality and at the same time to get a large-bodied animal. By careful grading and selection this has been done to a great extent. The wool grown is much sought after by buyers for the excellence of its quality. Samples are kept of every year's shearing, so that the improvements in the clip are practically demonstrated.

There is now a state of uncertainty among the Estancieros as to what class of sheep will be the most profitable in the future. There is a feeling that the camps of the Uruguay will soon grow mutton to supply the great European demand for congealed meat. In that case a modification in our breeding may take place and our fine-wooled merinos will likely be crossed with the coarse long-wooled breeds of England. A small flock is being graded up in 'Las Delicias' by the introduction of Alymer's long wooled sheep. These sires have recently been introduced into the department; they are eminently butcher's beasts, the breed having been made by the co-mingling of the blood of Leiscester, Lincoln and Cotswold. These sheep have been carefully interbred by the Almyer family for upwards of 80 years, and now a distinct breed is formed of great prepotency. The type closely resembles the Cotswold. It would be premature to speak of the cross breds, as a sheep adapted to our pasturage, but when pure sires are used the cross bred appear most excellent sheep, both for mutton and wool.

A most pleasant and instructive day can be passed on going through the well kept, fenced paddocks of Mr. Wilson's estate. The cattle are carefully classified and the result of the different crosses can be seen together. Many lessons of a practical character can be learned, and it is a matter of great regret that while America is supplying England with cheap meat, and Australian and New Zealand mutton is everywhere becoming popular, the Banda Oriental, with her unrivalled grazing grounds and advantages of near markets is destined to dry her beef and reduce her flocks for want of capital to develope those industries that have produced grand results both to the capitalist and the producer.

Agricola.

ROSARIO.

(From our own Correspondent.)

April 11th.

Amongst other periodicals, the *Diario* of Buenos Ayres prints a bitter philippic on the authorities of Santa Fé for allowing the province to be discredited by the prevalence of unpunished crime. As the *Diario* too truly remarks: "Criminality has acquired there astounding proportions, such as never existed in any part of the Republic; and this in a province famed for the admirable development of its agricultural industry, and the vast influx of industrious immigrants to its fertile plains."

Of course, impunity for crime in this province is the direct cause of its frequency; but how is it that this impunity has become such a notorious fact that no criminal, whatever may be the heinousness of his crime, fears anything more than a perfunctory chastisement, that is if he allows himself to be taken into custody? There are several ways of answering this question, but they all lead to the fact that the Government is the prime offender. I do not say that our governors and their ministers are callous to the scandals they hear of every day; that they are indifferent to the shrieks of the murdered victims of the assassin's knife, or the opprobium of public opinion throughout the Republic, or the fact that we are stigmatized as the province of crime; no; it is simply they are unable to stem the current of crime, for they themselves are the indirect cause. As the *Diario* justly observes, the governments are so taken up with politics they have no time for anything else. Then again, still, for electoral and political purposes, they are obliged for their own salvation, to make use of the most debased elements; it would be a curious investigation to find out how many of the minor authorities, vigilantes, soldiers, camp authorities etc. would escape from hanging if the law of impunity were abolished!

I was quite friendly with a Juez de Paz of an important district not far from Rosario. He was a very genial, good fellow, and always insisted on inviting me to participate in a bottle or two of German beer. He had only committed two homicides (fact), and I overlooked this insignificant circumstance, for his conversation was instructive, and he always chose the best brands of beer, and always insisted on paying the score. He was not very sure as to the geographical position of England and France; he had never heard of that vain young man, and potent monarch, William II.; his ideas were very hazy in reference to the Eastern question; he had never heard of Blackstone, and had not read Escriche, but when he was ordered to gain an election, he was there! Woe betide the impertinent oppositionist who dared to show his nose at the polls to vote against the government ticket, which must in every case be voted unanimously.

The German government should have some consideration for the very peculiar system of administration in this province. The Comisario who murdered the German sailor is one of the pedestals of the system, and it is rather inconsiderate of the Emperor of the Teutons to insist on our good governor punishing a good partizan for the petty offence of killing a "gringo."

I am writing on the momentous day when it is supposed that our next president will be chosen by the popular vote, and that that president will be that sterling man, Dr. Saenz Peña. I hope it will be; but queer things happen in this country; and some strange things may happen in the Electoral College, that sits in May. The electors of the capital are sure to plump for Mr. Peña; but what of the others? As an instance of what may have occurred in other provinces, I may mention Santa Fé. The government, not the people, have nominated its twelve electors, and they are all Galvistas. Thus in the Electoral College, Dr. Galvez, who, if any thing, is a Juarista, has the command of a compact vote of twelve, to aid in any combination that may not, possibly, include the name of Mr. Peña. I am inclined to believe that most of the electors elected to-day are in much the same position, not being compromized to cast their vote for the candidate of the "acuerdo." I don't think that even the province of Buenos Ayres is to be entirely relied on, and after all, the "dark horse" may, at the last moment, win in a canter. Such a catastrophe will be due entirely to the unpatriotic tactics of the Civicos Radicals. I am not bloodthirsty, but really if Congress were to send Messrs. Alem and Company to Staten Island, to live for six months on penguin, sealflesh and muscles, I should not commiserate them.

The elections came off in Santa Fe, Rosario, and other centres of the province with the greatest tranquillity. It is true that only one party, the government party, voted; and as it was a foregone conclusion that the other parties would not approach the polls, there was no excitement whatever, and the vote was very small. In Rosario some timid people conjured up in their imagination visions of rows, and very few ladies ventured to attend the services in the parochial church in the plaza, although it was "Domingo de Ramos" or Palm Sunday; but kittens might have played with balls of cotton in the plaza with impunity. I have not heard of a single homicide in town yesterday. In Cordoba the elections were of the same peaceable nature. I hope this is a good angury for the future peace of the country. "Nous verrons."

W. P.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

April 13th.

There was nothing very fresh yesterday from the provinces. Our Tucuman exchanges appear to be very much alarmed about the 'montoneros,' accounts of whose doings, armament and outrages fill columns of our diminutive contemporaries. These 'montoneros,' like the locusts, are a veritable plague and, like the voracious insects mentioned, no one knows where they come from. We note that montoneros have made their appearance in Catamarca. We suppose they are on the look-out for "los Ingleses," who announced their intention of visiting the iron-mines in that neighborhood, as our Catamarca exchanges no doubt duly chronicled the news of this proposed visit. In regard to the 'montoneros' in Entre-Rios, nothing fresh was known yesterday. So far these marauders have not begun to commit outrages.

Our Rosario exchanges allude in bitter terms to last Sunday's elections in Santa Fé. The total number of votes in Rosario was 507—a very small figure indeed for the Chicago of the Plate. In the meantime business would appear to be brisk in Rosario. The port is full of vessels loading wheat, and people don't appear to take much interest in politics. Several important sales of wheat are reported, but the prices are not mentioned. As the Parana at present is high, loading operations in the port offer very little difficulty.

The Rosario Chief of Police has carried out a brilliant idea. He has started a general stable for all the horses of the different Commissariats. This shews that the police not only have horses but feed them. Talking of police horses, a camp subscriber sends us the following: —"There was a stormy sitting of the municipal body the other day. I thought I'd peep in and soon found myself seated beside an honest gaucho, who had come to lodge a complaint that one of his horses had been stolen. The Corporators were discussing expenses, and one of them could not stomach the item: $120 per month for Commissary's horses. The Concejal in question observed that this was the first time such an item appeared in the estimates. It then transpired that the reason that formerly there was no expenditure for the maintenance of the Commissary's horses was that the animals were let out at night in some choice alfarfar belonging to some enterprising Italian. Another Concejal then observed that, to his knowledge he had never seen any provision made for the purchase of horses. He wanted to know how this was. There was general silence. This was a poser indeed. Suddenly, my gaucho friend, losing all restraint over himself, jumped up and without the slightest respect for the august body sitting, exclaimed: "I'll tell you Mr. Concejal, how the police come by their horses. Mine was stolen a month ago, and I see a policeman on his back every day." "There was a general roar of laughter, and my poor friend was hurried off to the police-station."

April 14th.

There is a Municipal crisis in Bahia Blanca. The Corporators won't sit. So the Intendente has summoned the police to collar the ediles and drag them to the Town Hall. We all know that one man may lead a horse or any number of the equine family to the brink, but it is difficult to make him drink, and we suppose it is the same thing with the Concejales. They may be dragged to the Town Hall, but they won't discuss. Pure "cussedness."

The Tucuman montoneros have begun business in earnest. On Sunday last they attacked the Sauce Yaco Estancia, Department of Graneros, wounded the mayordomo, and then proceeded to sack the establishment. The montoneros were five in number. They found close upon one thousand dollars in notes and silver in the house. The mayordomo's wife saw the villains at work. She says she could identify two of them. The same band attacked several police-stations last Tuesday night. The police attacked the fellows subsequently and dispersed them.

April 17th

There was a scarcity of news and exchanges yesterday from the provinces. We presume that everything is quiet. A few telegrams were, however, received conveying a few scraps of news. In Tucuman they have had an earthquake, a genuine one, so genuine that people rushed out of their houses and took refuge in the public squares. The greatest alarm prevailed. Women and children shrieked and men ran about like maniacs, without the slightest idea of where they were going. There was general confusion. The police were quite as panic-stricken as the people, and as for the high dignitaries they lost their heads completely, when they discovered that the shock was not caused by a dynamite explosion. Judges and deputies rushed into the plaza like common mortals. After some hours' anxious expectation of the approaching end of the world, and seeing that nothing extraordinary followed the shock, the good Tucumanos crept back to their houses. The shock is described as being of great intensity, the vibration being very strong.

In regard to the revolutionary rising in Corrientes, nothing beyond a manifesto by the leader Blanco is known. This manifesto is quite a singular document. It runs as follows :—

"We do not rise in the name of any political party. We rise in the name of our right to live, a right that to Argentines means the duty of living honorably. We declare before God and before men that we are sincerely convinced that, in acting thus, we are saving from ignominy the revered name of our country and the immortal banner of the Republic, in the humble sphere in which we represent that name and that banner; and we furthermore declare that we prefer being exterminated by force to bowing like vile slaves to the yoke of infamy which it is being endeavored to place upon us. I am authorized by the people of Misiones to head an armed movement of protest and to lay before the country the expression of their will and their sentiments. I fulfill this duty, which I consider a sacred one, and I ask the national and foreign newspapers in the country to expose the cause of a people which rises in desperation against an official scourge, and which desires to live in a manner worthy of itself, of the country it loves, and of humanity which it respects.

"I think it my duty, moreover, to state—since I have been honored with the mission I have mentioned—that if the National Government need a victim for the principle of authority as a preliminary for suppressing this violent situation and granting the petition of the people of Misiones, one word from that Government will be sufficient to arrest this movement, and I offer myself to undergo the sentence which the Nation through its laws may pronounce on me as being myself responsible for the present rising.

"A people cannot err, and if it be a crime to take up arms to defend our rights, our honor and our lives, then I assume the responsibility of this crime before God, before my country and before history.

Angel S. Blanco.

April 19th

They had a very quiet week in the provinces during the "Semana Santa." The only discordant note comes from Santiago del Estero, where a young lieutenant made things lively with a deadly weapon for an honorable pater and his son who refused to allow the young officer to visit them. This stern refusal did not bring on any sharp exchange of words, but the lieutenant silently drew his sword and simply prodded the father and son, who are both in a rather dangerous condition at this moment. As for the lieutenant, he is visiting elsewhere. The police have not paid him a visit, from which people may infer that he acted in accordance with some peculiar Santiagueño custom, and that this apparently barbarous outrage is strictly in accordance with the prescriptions of provincial etiquette. Else how explain this impunity?

The golden and once paper-moneyed youth of Cordoba are at present going in hard for fencing and pistol-practice, two peaceful amusements very much in vogue even outside Cordoba. They have a club ad-hoc and ad "hack" in the doctoral city, once famous for its learned youth and to-day smashed up by a too liberal use of paper-money. In the meantime the local Government is trying to revive the famous provincial bank, from the ruins of which there still exhales the perfume of faded clandestine issues.

Advices from the Brighton of the Plate, otherwise and more vulgarly known as Mar del Plata, state that some enterprising gentleman has started an oyster-bed down there, so that we may soon expect to have the delicious bivalve for breakfast. The Rio oysters, which used to be so largely consumed here, have lost their reputation and disappeared from the market altogether, a very good thing—we mean the disappearance—for it is pretty well acknowledged that these Rio oysters are yellow fever microbes in disguise. Oysters are plentiful on the south coast. There are small ones and large ones, as large even as the Ostend oysters. The settlers along the south coast are quite accustomed to eating oysters. There is no lack of the bivalve, but the difficulty is to bring it up to Buenos Ayres. Mar del Plata is destined to come to the front. It sends us shrimps, prawns and a variety of sea-fish, and now it is preparing to send us oysters.

Telegrams from Catamarca report that Judge Carracciolo has been returned as Senator for that province to the National Congress. The Judge, however, with a foresight which only his long experience of politics can explain, refuses to resign his post on the Bench until his honorable colleagues in the National Senate have accepted his credentials.

April 20th

At last we have some news from Corrientes in regard to the revolutionary movement headed by Blanco, whose high-toned manifesto we published in a recent issue. It appears that Blanco was not wounded in his preliminary fray with the Government forces. A local exchange perpetrates a horrible pun and states that the bullet aimed at him "no dio en el blanco." Not only is the revolutionist leader safe and sound but his forces are daily swelling, as there appear to be a good many people who are anxious, as the manifesto has it, "to live honorably." The local Governor has in the meantime called out the National Guard in Libres, La Cruz, Alvear and Santo Tome and is trying to make the Correntinos believe that Blanco's men are Brazilian soldiers. Things are very unsettled in Corrientes. Business has dwindled away in view of the general insecurity, but the local papers are making fortunes, as every one buys to read the latest news.

Our Rosario exchanges state that the Socialists there are preparing to fete the first of May, but that the authorities, in view of the state of siege, will prohibit any outdoor display. The authorities have an idea that the Socialists are Radicals. So they are. They are social Radicals. It is a queer thing to see these social Rads. springing up in a free, enlightened and highly democratic city like Rosario.

The Rosario Centro Comercial has appointed a committee to join the official committee to inspect the Martin Garcia channel, which is the pulse of Rosario. The Rosarinos have been fighting a long time to get the National Government to dredge the channel, and now, of course, they want to see that the thing is done properly. The Government does everything properly; so that the Rosarinos need have no misgiving.

The Santa Fe Government have decided to forward specimens of grain to the Grain Exhibition in London, to shew Londoners what nature and labor can do out here. At the same time they might send copies of the numerous protests against the infamous grain-tax, to shew our London friends what Governments and hardupness can do out here.

There seems to be a good deal of activity in Rosario shipping circles. We note that the North American steamer Tolon is loading 1,250 bales of wool and 10,000 hides for the United States. The Italian barque Casablanca is loading 15,000 bags of wheat for Falmouth. A Norwegian barque is loading 13,000 bags for the same destination, and the Ponemac sailed a few days ago with 20,000 bags for the same port. The steamer Dante is to carry 5,000 bags of maize for Europe, and a Norwegian barque is loading 15,000 bags of wheat for some port in the old world. Prices in the wheat market are firm.

RAILWAY ITEMS.

April 13th.

In connection with the settlement of the Central Northern Extension accounts, for which a Committee of Arbitration was appointed some time ago, the Board of Public Works has issued an important report, of which we shall proceed to give the substance. The report deals with this settlement from two standpoints, namely, the reconstruction of the works in accordance with the decisions of the Arbitration Committee, and the liquidation properly so called. "In the first place," says the Chairman of the Board of Public Works, "I must observe that the Company (Messrs Lucas Gonzales and Co.) sustain that the objections to the works on some of the extensions have been over-ruled by a decision of the Arbitration Committee on April 11, 1891: in reality the Committee have not even considered these objections, on the ground that the Government had already decided the question at issue, that is to say, the question was decided by the very party that brought it forward. Even in the supposition that this decision hold good, it certainly has not sufficient elasticity to cover errors in calculations, measurements and other irregularities. For instance, is it possible to accept as finished works that have not been completed? Or pay for cubic not removed? Or pay for drains that have not been made? Or for tanks that have not been placed? Are such irregularities to be overlooked, because a decree has been issued accepting the works as finished? If the Government agreed that the works should be paid for on partial certificates, it was certainly on the understanding that these certificates were correct."

Mr. Pirovano—Chairman of the Board of Public Works—then proceeds to confirm all he has advanced by examing the extensions one by one. We note that on one extension—Tuclame-Chilecito—the difference between the certificates and the work done amounts to no less than 700,000 gold. This is not the only instance, for Mr. Pirovano qualifies the difference between the work done and the certificates for work done in the extensions as "enormous."

We have evidently not heard the last of these interminable extensions.

April 19th

Mr. Sampite, representative of the contractors of the San Cristobal-Tucuman Railway, has laid before Government the plan for the connection of two tanks at Fortin Tostado station. Talking of tanks, Messrs. Lucas Gonzalez and Co. have applied to Government for leave to erect another tank at Mocotoro station.

Telegrams received from Salta yesterday state that the road-bed of the rail way from San Guemes has been damaged by the recent rains.

Mr. Chevallier-Boutell has just returned from Parana where he installed Mr. Jason Rigby, M.A., C.E., in his place as Manager of the Entre Rios Railway Company. Mr. Rigby is an Irishman and graduated at Trinity College, Dublin and is well-known in Brazilian railway circles. He has constructed a number of railways there and manged several others. Mr. Rigby was entertained by Mr. Chevallier Boutell at a breakfast at George Mercer's before he left, where he met all the railway managers invited to meet him.

April 20th

We take the following from a London exchange :—

The Buenos Ayres and Pacific Railway company, which of all the guaranteed railways in the Argentine Republic has, perhaps, suffered the most from the nonpayment in gold of the Government guarantee on account of the complications between its various debenture stockholders, the Buenos Ayres and Pacific, have now submitted a scheme for the settlement of the arrears of interest and the floating debt. They propose to issue half a million second debenture stock, bearing interest at 5 per cent., and out of this to pay the three coupons on the 7 and 5 per cent. debenture stocks falling due up to 15th April and 15th July, 1892, respectively. By this means the various amounts actually received or receivable from the Government and from the traffic will be available to pay off the floating debt, and find the necessary working capital to carry on the company. The only question is whether the relief will be sufficient, and whether the company will be able to resume cash payments next October on the 7 per cent. stock, and to find the interest falling due on the second debenture stock on 1st July next. We can't help feeling that their ability to do so is exceedingly doubtful, and that it would have been wiser, while about it, to have funded the interest for a year or six months longer.

THE PROPOSED REORGANISATION OF THE ENGLISH BANK.

The English Bank of the River Plate was formed and registered in London and the large majority of its shareholders are domiciled in England, but it has only an office there, whilst all its real banking business has been done in the River Plate, and it is in the River Plate that its assets and the greater part of its creditors are to be found. Yet both the liquidation and the scheme for reconstruction are being carried on in London with the least possible reference to the countries where the Bank's business lies, and in an evident but quite mistaken persuasion that the dispositions of the English law and the jurisdiction of the English courts hold good in all parts of the world. Uruguayan and Argentine law have been calmly ignored in the matter. There is much in this proceeding which, apart from its want of common sense and business knowledge, is likely to raise unnecessary difficulties in the way of restarting the Bank.

One special example of this is the unlimited liability which it is being attempted to impose on the shareholders on account of the note issue in Montevideo. The official Receiver or Liquidator took the opinion of a counsel in England, without reference to the law of the land where the notes were issued, and although some other equally eminent and learned counsel might have given a diametrically opposite opinion, he considers is sufficient authority to issue a call and to claim unlimited liability. Finding this proceeding likely to be disputed, in the reconstruction scheme an attempt is made to shuffle out of the difficulty by making the call appear optional, though the point is by no means so clearly stated as it should be. In fact the whole scheme is by no means intelligible, and requires interpretation into plain English.

Another instance may be quoted in the notice recently published with the object of giving creditors here an opportunity of being present or represented at the discussion of the reconstruction scheme in London on April 10. Creditors here have nothing whatever to do with the proceedings in London, nor are they affected by them except indirectly. They have only to do with the local branch which is being liquidated under local general and special law, and which is, for them, practically an independent concern. Neither the Courts nor the people in London can interfere with the liquidation or the creditors here in any way, except by providing money to hasten the liquidation, which, it is to be presumed, will be done in the general interests of the Bank. One would think that it would have been the first duty of the official liquidator to have informed himself of this, and thus save the issuing of futile notices.

We may add that, although there are some large shareholders here, not one of them has yet received the least official intimation of what steps are being taken in London, not even so much as a copy of the circular setting forth the proposed scheme of reorganisation. Perhaps we have no right to say so, but we have reason to believe that even the officials of the local branch have been equally ignored. This does not seem a very business-like way of doing things.—*Montevideo Times.*

BUENOS AYRES CHORAL UNION.

April 14th

The Annual General Meeting of this Society was held on Monday last in the salon "La France," Mr. Nicholson presiding. The President in opening the meeting referred to the flourishing state of the society, and added that he considered the third year of any society's existence the most trying, and seeing that the Choral Union had so successfully weathered that critical stage, he anticipated a long life for the society, increasing in usefulness every year.

The committee's report was next read; it embodied to an extent the President's remarks, and in addition referred to the financial condition of the society. It observed that the concerts given during last season were self-supporting, that is, the receipts covered all the expenses connected with them, nothwithstanding the heavy expenses incurred for an orchestra on two occasions. The society has a very respectable balance in hand which it hopes to steadily increase.

The new committee consists of Messrs Boyd, Begg, Mayne, Colquhoun, Grassick, Mackern and Pillner; with Mr. Nicholson as President and Mr. R. Moore as Vice-president.

In reply to a member, the President and the Conductor, (Mr. Owen,) stated that the society intend giving a concert as early as possible of miscellaneous pieces; to be followed by Cowen's Cantata "The Rose Maiden." The latter said that the society must be content to give that class of concerts for the present, as the choir was not strong enough to give heavier works. As expressed by the President, the society needs active members to strengthen the choir, and Passive Members to strengthen the finances, for by no other road can the highest results be obtained. Amongst the English speaking community of B. Ayres there is sufficient of each element, and we trust that Mr Nicholson's "hope," that each member would at least introduce one new member, may be realized.

ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS.

The first of a series of eight orchestral concerts, which are being given by Sr. Galvani, under the patronage of "El Mundo del Arte," was inaugurated on Monday evening last at the Politeama, and proved, on the whole, to be quite as interesting and attractive as any of the functions of a similar kind which have been given in this city for some considerable time.

The excellence of the orchestra was fully demonstrated in the prelude to the 1st act of Lohengrin.

The importance of instrumentalists (also Choral Societies and Deutsche Sing Akademie) working constantly together in order to achieve entire unity and completeness of ensemble, has often been discussed, and I am bound to admit that under Sr. Galvani's direction it would be difficult, at least in Buenos Ayres, to offer a finer example of ensemble playing than that which the orchestra achieved in Saint-Saens' "Danse Macabre" which received a well merited encore.

The orchestra reached the acme of perfection in the Tanhauser Sinfonia, Wagner, the contrast between the two divisions of the orchestra, strings and wind, being here depicted with a delicacy of intonation that I have but rarely heard surpassed, a perfect balance of tone between the strings and wind, brass, being maintained, a difficult feat in Wagner's intricately orchestrated works.

A pleasing Gavotte by Sr. Aromatari received an encore, tho' possibly this was given more as a compliment to the composer, who was amongst the audience, and of whose presence an admiring circle of friends were evidently aware, than as a tribute to the merit of the work.

The Vocal portion of the concert was sustained by Sr. Barrera, who sang Schumann's "Non t'odio no," better known to the English portion of the audience as "I murmur not," for which performance he received hearty applause and an encore.

The audience was certainly not so large as I expected, but made up in enthusiasm what was lacking in numbers.

A good programme is offered for the next concert, and those who love good music, well rendered, I strongly advise to attend.

Senrab.

GRAND NATIONAL TRAMWAY CO.

The Grand National Tramway Company advertises that it will shortly recommence working.

Mr. Philip Knee, the representative of the Company in this country, has remained here throughout the disasters to his Company, but was fortunately able, by tact and suavity, to obtain the consent of the Municipality to cease working for some months without endangering the rights of his Company's valuable concession.

Mr. Knee speaks highly of the courteous consideration he has received from the Lord Mayor and the Municipal Body, who have not only reduced the tax hitherto collected from his Company on its earnings from 8% to 6%, but have given him permission to increase his fares from 8 cents to 10 cents, which he intends to authorise being collected.

We hear that Mr. Knee will withdraw from an active interest in the administration, on this side of the world, and contemplates returning to England at an early date.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Tuesday, April 12th.

The gold market opened weak this morning owing to the news from the wool markets and the expected supply of heavy amounts of produce gold. Twenty thousand ounces changed hands at the first ring; the price opened at 54.80, fluctuated for some time at 55, and closed hard at 55.20, say 239¼ o|o premium. Three thousand sovereigns were sold; the price opened at 17.05, fell to 17, and closed at 17.10, more or less the same premium as on ounces. The sudden rally in the price of gold towards the close of the ring was a surprise to the market, as all thought that the produce gold would drive ounces down to 54½; there were some croakings about politics, but no importance was attached to the idle reports of the inveterate bulls, and the rise in the market arose simply from over-speculation on the fall to-day.

Mr. Horacio E. Bozzano has been appointed manager of the branch of the Banco de la Nacion Argentina in the Esperanza colony in the province of Santa Fé. This is a most important branch, situated as it is in the heart of the wealthy agricultural districts. The Board of the Bank have been happy in the choice of a manager well-known for his most estimable qualities here in B. Ayres. The right man in the right place.

Immediately after the ring an auction was called and 40 shares of the Hipodromo Nacional of 200$ each were knocked down at 37.

The following tenders for amortization of Patriotic Bonds were sent to the Caja de Conversion to-day :—

Roberts Varrel	$3,000	at 60
Falcon y Tannaz	50,000	60
Leopoldo Bolls	20,000	60.10
Juan Repetto	10,000	60.15
"	10,000	60.19
Francisco Rossignoli	20,000	60.20
E. Falcon y Tannaz	50,000	60.24
Macadam y Still	100,000	60.29
Francisco Rossignoli	35,000	60.29
Macadam y Still	55,000	60.34

Two fine properties belonging to the 'testamentaria' of the late Don Francisco Chas were sold by order of the Judge yesterday, viz.—

Calle Esmeralda, Nos. 258 to 275, fine three-story house, in front of the San Martin Theatre, for 196,000$ m/n. Buyer, Mrs. Chas Van Praet.

The one-story house in Calle Florida, corner of Calle Lavalle, Nos. 391 to 399, for 148,000$ m/n. Buyer, Mr. V. Chas. Both properties were bought in by the heirs.

The new printed "vales" of the Provincial Bank will be ready next month. The issue will be something like the Bonos of the La Plata Mortgage Bank; the latter look suspiciously like currency and may mislead ignorant people.

A colleague announces the sale of a cargo of maize up river at $4.30 per 100 kilos, placed in lighters.

The gold market ruled weak at the second ring; twelve thousand ounces were sold for to-morrow; the price opened at $55.20, fell to $54.90, and closed weak at $55, say 238 per cent premium. Two thousand sovereigns were sold at 17.12$ to 17.05$, say 238¼ % premium. Patriotic bonds fell away to 59. A few old gas shares changed hands at 63, and a small lot of shares of the Banco de Italia y Rio de la Plata at 64 gold. National Cedulas E advanced 5 points to 85. La Plata Cedulas were also very firm, but comparatively dull.

The holders of Cedulas and Titulo Hipotecarios in Montevideo accepted the compensation offered to them in the provincial bills of the government. The Government promulgated to-day the law consolidating all the morose debts.

Owing to the revolution in Matto Grosso the steamers on that route cannot get up the Alto Paraguay. The s. s. Diaminto made an attempt but had to turn back. Affairs all over Brazil are very critical at the present moment and the wonder is that exchange in Rio has not fallen headlong. The news of the secession of Matto Grosso will be known in Rio to-day and will produce a disastrous impression there.

The Government issued a decree today fixing a term for the construction of the domiciliary sewage works in districts 4, 5, 6, 19, 20 and 26. It was also resolved to-day to give half the fines to the collectors who denounce those properties that attempt to defeat the law making the works obligatory.

The following is the new Board of the Compañia Sud-Americana de Billetes de Banco :—

Hony. Chairman—Emilio N. Casares.
Chairman—Juan Frers.
Vice—Luis Linck.
Treasurer—Pablo Frangenheim.
Directors—Gaston de Mallmann, Dr. Miguel Romero, Guillermo Paats, Adolfo J. Bullrich, Enrique Maldes.
Auditors—Federico Rovere, Ambrosio Romero.
General Manager—Rodolfo Laas.

The report for the year 1891 of the Compañia Sud Americana de Billetes de Banco is a laconic but interesting history of the effects of the crisis. The working of the year resolves itself into a loss exceeding 300,000$ m/n. We are glad to read, however, that the Company have begun this year under brilliant auspices having secured printing orders already to the large amount of 800,000$. With sweeping economies, the company ought to get on its legs—it is at present under Moratoribus, like the National Government. The Moratorium expires in October of this year.

Wednesday, April 13th.

This was virtually liquidation day on 'Change and the settlement was more important than expected. Last night all looked forward to a fall in gold this morning, but gold ran short owing to bearish overspeculation, and ounces and sovereigns rose buoyantly. Twenty thousand ounces were sold at the first ring: the price opened at $55.10, rose to 55.50, and closed at 55.40, say nearly 240½ % premium. Seventeen hundred sovereigns changed hands at 17.13 to 17.20, say 241¼ % premium. The market closed slightly firm at these rates. The rise in gold was partly explained by the slight scare caused by the yellow fever case in the Boca and the rumour that wool advices from Europe were no longer favourable. There was an utter absence of any sensational political "canards," the favourite dish to stimulate a rise in a bearishly inclined market.

Patriotic Bonds fell away headlong to 58 this morning. The stock opened with a faint attempt at firmness at 58.70, but the market was topheavy and prices toppled to 58. Considering the interest payable on this loan and all the tangible guarantees with which it is surrounded, the present price looks very cheap. The slow progress of the subscription to the first series of the capital of the Banco de la Nacion Argentina is a blow to the Patriotic stock.

Mr. W. R. Grant, the well-known estanciero, sends a splendid consignment of fine stock to England by the steamer Tuscany. The consignment with regard to quality can compare with the best sent forward up to date. He ships 20 mestizo steers, 25 do. horses and 130 Lincoln wethers. The Hippomenes takes also an important consignment of live stock.

The whole market was talking of the Report of the Joint Stock Companies Official Committee on the famous Puerto y Malecon del Norte Co. that was launched to transform the north end on the river bank. We publish a summary of the report in our leading columns. The comments of the market were varied.

A lot of fine steers were sold this morning at the Corrales at the rate of 85$ m/n each "carne y sebo:" the hides were sold at the rate of 9$.

It is stated that the proposed branch of the Leibig factory in this country will be erected in the province of Buenos Ayres. The original intention was to start the branch in Santa Fe or Entre Rios, but this was abandoned, and Buenos Ayres gets the preference.

Mr. Melchior G. Rom writes as follows in his weekly *Economista Argentino* :—

"Even supposing that we had State Banks, solidly organized and free from the danger of violating the laws, the existence of private banks would always be most useful, since, being well conducted, they collect the savings of a large portion of the community and assist trade and industry. In a cosmopolitan country like ours, where the foreign community is so large, it is necessary that people of a given nationality have their own bank, which inspires them with confidence, and which attracts savings that otherwise would be hoarded. These private banks, moreover, contribute to the strength and prosperity of the State-banks, for bankers as a rule always endeavor to minimise unproductive capital and deposit the surplus of disposable money in those State-banks that inspire confidence. The same may be said of the banks of minor magnitude in the provinces. That is why we have always upheld the idea of small, popular banks, which so far from proving rivals, would strengthen the position of the big banks, just as small streams feed great rivers. And that is why we have opposed the bank-tax, which implies a control independent of that of the shareholders. Any obstacle placed in the way of the development of these private banks must injure the interests not only of the community but of the very official or State-banks.

"The tax on the net earnings of the private banks, besides being wrong in principle, has the further disadvantage of being excessive. The tax rouses resistance and gives rise to proceedings which provoke severe inquiries and to measures which are not always in harmony with equity. Such is the case of he Spanish Bank.

"The Bank had made up its accounts and its balance-sheet, and, in accordance with the rules of banking, had prudently put by part of the net profits to strengthen the guarantee of those bills which might prove a loss. This portion of the profits ceased therefore to be considered as net profits. What we say of the reserve fund is applicable to the prevision fund, which every prudent banker should reinforce, particularly in times like these. These operations are quite correct and shew moreover how carefully the Bank is being handled. In the meantime, through an excess of zeal, or for some other reason, the Oficina has reported against the banks, and the Government has actually decreed an increase in the tax voted by Congress. It is to be hoped, nevertheless, that the next Finance Minister will look at the question from another and more equitable point of view".

The wheat market was more active this morning, owing to the news that orders had come out from Europe to increase the limits of purchase. This sounds improbable in the light of latest prices cabled from Antwerp: it may be that the wheat market has touched bottom. Some wheat was sold for export to-day at $9.20 and 9.10 per 100 kilos.

Freights are reported firmer in consequence of a great deal of wool offering and the approach of the maize shipping period. Very little wheat goes forward, but the maize shipments will, it is believed, be considerable.

This is specially satisfactory in regard to some of the Central American States, where serious political disturbances have aggravated the situation, and exceptionally so in the case of Paraguay, whose obligations under the Arrangement of 1885 have been fulfilled, notwithstanding an acute economic and financial crisis.

Messrs. Funes and Lagos sold yesterday the following animals in the splendid Cabaña el Carmen of Dr. E. Zeballos in Lobos:—

1 Lincoln ram 160 pesos; 4 do. 440; 12 do. 780; 12 do. 480; 4 do. 120; 4 do. 136; 11 do. 330; 15 do. 225; 16 do. 320; 12 do. 260; 48 sheep do. 816; 100 do 1150; 100 do. 800; 140 do. 910; 21 do. pure 630; 1 bull Hereford 'Maidstone 2.' 1000; 1 do. mestizo 240; 2 do. 300; 1 do. Holstein mestizo 50; 11 sañueloros Hereford 484; 100 novillos lot num. 1 3300; 1 bull mestizo Holstein 50; 100 novillos lot num. 2 2500; 1 Lincoln ram 180; 36 vaquillonas Hereford 1800; 200 cows and calfs do. (al corte), 9000. Total 26.461 pesos.

The report of the Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway Co. for the half-year ended December 31, 1891, states, that the gross receipts of the railway for the half-year have been £417,017, and the working expenses £194,340, leaving a balance of £222,676. The decrease in the gross receipts for the half-year is £148,258 7s. 7d., or 26.23 per cent.; and the decrease in the net profits £91,708 16s. 10d. or 19.17 per cent. The working expenses amount to 46.60 per cent, as compared with 44.38 per cent. in 1890. The receipts from passenger traffic show a decrease of 29.36 per cent., from luggage and parcels a decrease of 23.47 per cent.; and from goods traffic a decrease of 28.66 per cent. The receipts per train mile have been 8s. 8½d. in 1891, against 10s. 4½d. in 1890, and the expense of working has been 4s. 0¾d. as against 4s. 7d. From a careful study of the conditions which have led to the falling off in the net profits of the past half-year, the board feel convinced, that neither the traffic producing power of the country nor the profit earning power of the railway has been permanently impaired by the severe crisis from which the Republic has suffered during the past two years. After providing for the debenture interest and all the extension capital chargeable to revenue, there remains an available balance of £131,409 19s. 4d., out of which the board have decided to pay an interim dividend for the half-year at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, free of income tax, carrying forward a balance of £6.409 19s. 4d.

The following particulars of the failure of the Banque Générale des Chemins de Fer et de l'Industrie in Paris on the 19th ult. will be read with interest:— A bank of some importance, known as the Banque Generale des Chemins de Fer et de l'Industrie, to-day suspended payment. According to the return officially handed in to the proper authority, the liabilities are estimated at 24,000,000 francs, and the assets at 5,000,000 francs. One of the directors has committed suicide, another has been arrested, and two more have absconded. Proceedings will be at once instituted against them for fraudulent bankruptcy and obtaining money by false pretences. The bank which has just closed its doors under such disastrous circumstances had been operating on the Bourse in Spanish and Russian stock, and had dealt in particular in the French National Loan of 1891. It had received subscriptions to that loan to the amount of upwards of two million francs, and had used the money for totally different purposes, such as industrial and mining business. In July next the bank would have had to hand over the stock certificates to the subscribers, and this it could not do, as the money had been spent in other directions, and there were no other resources to make good the deficiency. The capital of the bank was only six million francs, but it did a considerable business, having branches in sixteen large towns in the provinces, and two branches, in addition to the central office, in Paris.

At a meeting of the Bondholders of the Province of Santa Fé Five per Cent and Six per Cent. Sterling Loans and the Province of Cordoba Six per Cent Sterling Loans, held at the Cannon-street Hotel, the following resolutions were adopted: (1) That the following gentlemen, who have hitherto acted as a Provisional Committee—viz., Joseph Price (Chairman), C. A. V. Conybeare, M. P., F. L. Govett, George H. Kearton, C. G. Mott, E. R. Peace Edgcumbe, R. D. Peebles, and G. T. Raite, be appointed a Committee, with power to add to their number, to act for the Bondholders; and that a member of the firm of Messrs. Morton, Rose and Co. be invited to join the Committee. (2) That the holders of the Bonds of the said Loans are urgently requested to deposit their Bonds with the Committee, upon terms to be formulated by the Committee, of which due notice is to be given.

The gold market fell at the second ring under a sharp supply of so-called produce gold. Eleven thousand ounces were sold for to-morrow: the price opened at 55.50$, rose to 55.60, and closed at 55.40, say 240¼ per cent premium. Sovereigns closed at 17.20$, say 241¼ % premium. Patriotic Bonds were active: over two thousand were sold, opening at 58.60 and closing at 59.10. La Plata Cedulas were very dull at 29.40.

The following is a summary of the business effected in stocks and shares to-day at the second ring:—

Ounces—
April 22.... 11,165 at 55.50-40-50-60 50-40.

Sovereigns—
April 22.... £1760 at 17.23-22 24-25 23-22-25.

Patriotic Bonds—
April 22.... 203,000 at 58.60-50 70-80 59-59.10.
April 23.... 25,000 at 59.
May 31.... 20,000 at 59.50.

Provincial Hypothecary Cedulas—
April 22..N 1,000 at 29.50-00.
April 22..O 19.000 at 29.30-40.
April 22..P 4,500 at 29.30-40.

Cheques of the Provincial Bank closed this evening at 58¼.

Permission has been given to the River Plate Fresh Meat Company to import sheep from the Banda Oriental.

The applications for shares in the Bank of the Nation to-day reached 5206, as follows:—

Banco del Comercio	3000
R Tosi	75
J S Bare	42
Ruggeri Bossi	100
" "	150
A del Castillo	11
Amant and Doublet	15
J Salduti	12
J Dumas	226
Ayarragary y Capdepond	100
M L Sanchez	3
M F Gonzalez	10
E A Bunge y J Born	500
E Stokes	75
Bertran Campusan	3
A Slitum	75
B Acosta	150
J Calviño	30
O Levy	9
Ottone Hnos. y Cia	50
D V Schoo	24
J Bustez	30
L Lafontaine	20
C A Muñiz	75
R Herrera Vega	12
P Sahores y Cia	75
Juan Ronsoni	53
J E Copello y Cia	42
G Savagno	100
Dallerso Hnos	27
A. Solari	15
C Cafferata	45
E Selmor	3
J M Martinez	12
J Parodi	38
	5206

Mr. N. Calvo sold to-day at auction in the Corrales the following animals:—

	Buyer.	Price.
13 ciñucleros	A Lopez	$50.50
37 novillos	Lopez	42.50
15 vacas	"	28.00
26 "	D Linares	23.50
60 "	A Lopez	22.50
19 "	A Darvino	23.40
62 terneros	P Boto y Cia.	8.00
20 novillos	Bacarezza	35.00
35 "	Linares	34.50
15 "	Lopez	33.50

The London *Economist* of March 19th, whilst referring to a slight improvement in River Plate securities, writes as follows about this Republic:—"Turning to the condition of affairs in the River Plate Republics, it cannot be held that the prospects are improving. In the Argentine Confederation there has now been a cessation from cash payments to the majority of the public creditors for upwards of a year, and this arrangement was entered into for the express purpose of enabling the State to avoid for a certain time the external drain upon its resources, and, above all, to reduce the paper currency within more manageable limits. Well, has this been done? The funding of the coupons has in reality increased the debt; but the paper currency appears in no wise reduced, and its depreciation, though not as heavy as it was some months ago, is still very great, the dollar being worth no more than 1s. 8d. The scheme for the establishment of a new National Bank is a favourite one with States in financial difficulties; but it is not advisable to place much reliance upon its being able to ameliorate the situation. And as for Sr. Saenz-Peña's programme of what reforms he will seek to institute when he becomes President of the Republic, one has heard before this of so many good resolutions on the part of those seeking power that we are apt to become sceptical in regard to them. Amongst his proposals are to be found plans for the amortisation of the excessive paper issues, the maintenance of the national credit, special taxation to meet foreign indebtedness, and strictest economy in the spending department of the State—all very good resolutions in their way, if he can act up to them. But this remains to be seen; and in the meantime the Finance Minister has tendered his resignation. Sr. Uriburu has been offered the post in succession to Sr. Lopez, and, being well acquainted with Argentine financial affairs, has declined to accept it. But what is essential to enable the Republic to pay its way is a wholesale composition with its creditors. This has not yet been attempted, and until it has been arranged it is not too much to say that the country can never be expected to resume cash payments to the bondholders. Its liabilities are utterly beyond the powers of the community to meet. So far, Uruguay has proceeded upon other lines. There, again, the country had piled up an impossible indebtedness, and the result has been a conversion into a stock bearing 3½ per cent interest, a conversion covering not only the Government loans, but also the railway guarantees. Three of these railway issues have received their new bonds this week; and altogether, in spite of the opposition with which the composition was met, it has been carried into effect. For the present, Uruguay is making the necessary payments on account of this new consolidated debt. But time is required to ascertain how this composition will be adhered to, and it must not be forgotten that Uruguay has effected other compositions before this one, and has not been able to adhere to them. Even as it is, £20,500,000 of 3½ per cent External debt is a grievous burden for so small a country to bear."

The German steamer Montevideo on her last voyage (she left Hamburg on the 23rd of March and arrived here on the 15th of April) passed on 5th April, in lat. 10.40 S., long. 29.18 W., the British ship K. D. C. W., steering southward; all well.

The returns of the Custom House today amounted to

	$ m/n
Imports	365,657
Exports	34,252
	400,610

	Gold.	$ m/n
Returns of the month up to date	928	3,915,542
Same time last year	117,455	3,724,076
Difference in favor of April 1891	116,526	
Difference in favor of April 1892	—	191,466
Receipts since Jan. 1	928	24,278,713
Same period of last year	122,048	13,072,023
Difference in favour 1891.	121,120	
Difference in favor of 1892	—	11,206,687

The Minister of Finance has fixed the rate of gold at 330 for payment of Customs dues.

Prices at the Corrales to-day—

Novillos—
Gordas cebo $40-45
Carne gorda $27-32
Buena carne 17-23

Vacas—
Gordas $27-30
Carne gorda 18 24
Buenas carnes 11-15 50

Terneros—
Buenos $5.70-9

Hides—
Novillo hides $7.50-10.50
Cow hides $5.50-6 20

SLAUGHTER.

Novillos y vacas	977
Terneros	259
	1256

Arrivals at the Central Produce Market—

	April 20. Kilos.
Wool	89,700
Ox hides	3,910
Horse-hides	138
Nonatos	750
Sheepskins	4,010
Hair	110
Grease	400
Bones	5,000
Maize	50,000
Wheat	156,650
By carts and lighters:	
Wool	68,171

Sales at the Produce Market.—

Lanas finas—3000 kls a $ 8.80 por G. Kelsey y Ca; 5000 id 8,00 id los mismos 4000 id 8,20 id E. Bonifacio; 4000 id 8,50 id M. Z. Rojas y Ca.

Lana borrega fina—300 kilo r $ 8,20 por Enrique Bonifacio; 3000 id 7,00 id L. Novoa: 3000 id 7,80 7,30 id M. F. Parera: 4000 id 8,00 7,80 id Antonio Ojea.

Lana de barriga—1500 zls. a $ 3,50 por Duggen hnos.

Sales at the Plaza Once to day:—

Maiz morocho—194 bls. bueno a 5.50, por S. Zoppi.

Maiz amarillo—720 id id 4 00, id S. Zoppi; 160 id id 4.60, por E. Saenz y Ca.

Trigo Barleta—120 id regular a 8.20, por E. Somoza y Ca.

Trigo frances—120 id bueno, a 8.50, por D. Perazzo.

Cueros vacunos de campo—150 cueros buenos los 10 kls. $ 6.80 C. Zomoza y Ca.

Sebo—8 bordalesas, los 10 kls. $ 3,50 por E. Somoza y Ca.

Pasto—32 fs. bueno $ 34,00 por Coronel; 34 id id 33,00 id Solari; 80 id id 33,00 id P. y Cueto; 35 id id 33,00 id C. P. Rodriguez; 43 id mezcla 23,00 id Solari.

Sales at the Plaza Constitucion:—

Lanas finas—20.000 kilos a $ 9,10 por M. Z. Rojas y Ca; 2500 id 8,00 id M. G. Llamazares; 4000 id 8,00 Valerio Galarce y Ca; 22.000 id 10,20 id Goyenechea, Bilbao y Ca.

Lana lincoln—5000 kls. a $ 9,30 por Planas hnos.

Lana borrega fina—3000 kilos a $ 8.00 por J. Ortiz, 2000 id 7.40 id Santamarina e hijo, 1500 id 8.80 id M. Z. Rojas y Ca.

Lana borrega lincoln—3.000 kls. a $ 8.60 por Imaz y Rivero, 5.500 id 10.20 9.10 id M. F. Parera.

BOLSA TELEGRAMS.

Montevideo, April 21.

Unifieds 40.00.
Amortizable 34.60.
National Bank Shares 8.40.
National Bank Notes 66.40
Cedulas A 28.80.
Titulos Hipotecarios 29.00.
English Bank Vales 87.
Arrivals—
Europa from Genoa.
Bellova—Newport.
Sailings—
Saturno leaves.

BIRTHS.

On the 19th April, at Ramos Mejia, the wife of J. T. Huxtable, of a son.

On the 21st April, at Calle Maipu 183, San Isidro, the wife of J. H. Brown, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

On the 20th April, at the Registro Civil, afterwards at the Estancia La Federacion, Tandil, by the Rev. M. P. Ferguson, M.A., Thomas Mohr Burnet, Estancia La Florida, Junin, to Jane, eldest daughter of the late George Gribbes, Tandil.

On the 20th April, at the Civil Registry, James Kelly to Mary Farrell.

Rio Segundo Brewery

The Stout and Ale brewed at this Brewery are absolutely pure, they contain less alcohol and acidity than the imported brands, and are recommended by the most eminent Physicians of the country. Both Ale and Stout are carefully pasteurized, thus preventing loss from excessive fermentation, and preserving them in good condition for an indefinite period.

Stout in barrel for draught
Do in dozens of half bottles
Pale Ale do do of ½ and ⅓ bottles
Sole Consignees
ALLAN RAMSAY & Co.
732-736 Calle San Martin
504 a 20 xp

E. H. OYLER

CORREDOR DE CAMBIOS,
BOLSA DE COMERCIO 160
122 ap5 my5

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PIANO—The upright piano which J E Irish will hammer away at auction in Belgrano on Sunday, is something elegant; lovers of a choice instrument do not fail to attend. See particulars in the large advertisement n547 21 24

WANTED—A boy to make himself generally useful about the house. Enquire at Calle Malabia 814 or at 656 Calle Cangallo n533 21 24

WANTED—A girl to cook and hel at laundry work. Apply at 814 Calle Malabia or 656 Calle Cangallo n534 21 24

SADDLE HORSE — Wanted a saddle horse; must be good height and well broken; no answer noticed unless giving full description and price. Address House, this office n535 21 24

WANTED—Apprentices for dressmaking. Tienda Inglesa, Cuyo 462 n546 21 24

A YOUTH or Girl wanted to make themselves generally useful in a private house. Apply 370 Calle Piedad, Office No. 2 n545 21 24

REQUIRED at once, a practical pork butcher who thoroughly understands the saving of ham and bacon, also the refining and rendering of lard. Apply personally or by letter to Calle Bolivar 1377 n542 21 26

FARMERS—Wanted families for Formosa; land on long terms without interest; food, animals and implements are advanced. Colonizadora Argentina, Maipu 725 n552 21 28

COOKING STOVES—I will auction off two of the finest cooking stoves on Sunday in Belgrano that I have ever sold in this country. See particulars in my large aviso n548 21 24

To Let

A small house of four large rooms, two squares from Plaza Once; rent $60; English or German family preferred. Apply for particulars at 3024 Alsina n538 21 24

To Let

A quinta house, furnished, in San Isidro, within one square from the station, with nine rooms, garden and fruit trees. Apply Calle Florida 572 n536 21 28

House to Let

Furnished, in a very healthy part of Flores; contains 11 rooms and dependencies, stabling and coachhouse; flower and kitchen gardens; terms very moderate; close to tram and railway. Garden, this office n537 21 28

A SMALL FARM to let on very good terms; the stock, comprising good horses, working bullocks, a large stock of poultry and about 30 young breeding sows and store hogs, to be taken at a valuation; the owner will dispose of the above to any person making the first reasonable offer, as his time is short in the country; there are all the necessary farming implements included in the inventory, all in good working order. Address to Farm, this office n540 21 24

TO LET—A well furnished room, with board. Cuyo 2113 n544 21 29

TO LET—Seven nice rooms, together or separate, to single gentlemen or married couple without children; bath, gas and all conveniences. J J Hall, Artes 169 n541 21 24

SE ALQUILA—Muy central, una sala, ante-sala y tres o cuatro piezas inferiores, todas seguidas, cocina, agua corriente, cloacas y gas, en una casa decente; precio módico; la sala podria servir de escritorio o negocio. Para mas detalles Tucuman 461, de 1 a 3 de la tarde n551 21 24

THE DINING and Bedroom Suites, bedding, etc, to be sold by J E Irish in Belgrano on Sunday are well worth looking after. See full description in the large aviso n549 21 24

HAVE YOU SEEN our half arm nurse's rocking chairs, carpet seat and back, for 18 paper dollars; just the thing to rock the baby in. Edgar T Ely, 656 Calle Cangallo n528 21 24

BLOOD DISEASES—Rapid, certain and radical cure by a special system. Estudio Dr Ruiz Guiterrez, hours from 1 to 3 p.m. and from 7 to 9 p.m., 149 Maipu n539 21 30

FURNITURE—All the imported furniture which adorns the house of Mr Gaston Duplaquet, Santa Fe 2274, will be sold at public auction on Sunday, 24th inst, at 1 o'clock; the house is on exhibition from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.; ask for catalogues. Charles Olmi, Piedad 566 n532 21 24

FOR SALE—A first-class piano, suitable for a family, fine tone, quite new; owner leaving for Europe. Mrs Clark, this office n543 21 24

HAVE YOU SEEN our Folding Catre with woven wire mattress, for $16 m/n, as comfortable as any bed and just the thing for the camp or where you want to economise room; only a few more left. Edgar T Ely, 656 Calle Cangallo n529 21 24

THE BANKRUPT Stock Emporium, 78 Suipacha, are having a tremendous clearance sale this week in order to make room for two houses of furniture that are to be removed there for sale. Come and get bargains. n550 21 24

ATTENTION — Handsomely furnished apartments with first-class board in an English-German family. Terms moderate. Apply Calle Uruguay 1082 (between Charcas and Santa Fe) 559 a 21 28

SULPHATE OF COPPER
25,000 kilos for sale

A Dufour dry goods broker. Speciality in Drugs. Office 445 Esmeralda. Telephone Union 1345. 555 ap21 xp

Chinchilla Skins

A small lot of these fine furs for sale cheap. Apply at Piedad No. 368, Office No 10. 555 ap21 24

WANTED—A competent mechanic to arrange a thresher. Apply between 8 and 10 p m., Calle Suipacha 577, T. Ambush. 554 ap21 24

WANTED—A respectable willing girl for general house work and cooking. Comfortable home. 1854 Solis esq. Brazil. 537 ap21 24

LARGE FRONT ROOM—Facing field, furnished; fireplace, gas, with or without one or two bedrooms; large patios, bath, etc; seven minutes from Constitucion; convenient trams. 1854 Solis, esq. Brasil. English. 536 ap21 24

LESSONS IN ENGLISH—Required by an Italian gentleman at reasonable terms, or in exchange for teaching Italian and French. Apply E. S, this office 538 ap21 24

HAVE YOU SEEN our pattent rockers, upholstered in figured silk for 60.00 m/n, very fine looking, strong and comfortable, Edgar T. Ely, 656 Calle Cangallo. 531 21 24

WANTED by American, situation in office, experienced accountant. Address J. B. O. Calle Chacabuco 25. 526 21 24

WANTED for Quilmes a strong steady girl or woman as general servant, understanding plain cooking preferred. Apply Mrs Wilson, Puerto Madero 525 21 24

TO LET.

TO LET two bedrooms and sitting-room with fire-place, together or separately, bath-room, Calle Cerrito 1078. 524 21 m8

WANTED—A young Englishman, about 20 years of age, for the stove department. He must be strong, active, industrious, well recommended for sobriety and honesty, and willing to make himself generally useful. Apply by letter to John Hodsoll, 127 Calle Florida. 523 21 24

HAVE YOU SEEN our line of rocking chairs, comprising, half arm, full arm, Carpet seats and backs, Cane seats and Backs, Upholstered seats and Backs, etc. etc. etc. Edgar T. Ely 656 Calle Cangallo. 534 21 24

FREDERICK GEORGE BRILL, who was employed on the Port Works about 19 months ago, is urgently requested to write to his uncle John at Blackfriars. 527 21 24

X X

CHARLES OLMI

Magnificent lot of French furniture, belonging to M. Gaston Duplaquet.

Sunday, April 24th
at 1 p.m.

I will offer for sale at public auction, by order and for account of M. Duplaquet, all the splendid furniture in his residence

2274--SANTA FE--2274

comprising the following articles, omitting many too numerous to mention.

Drawing Room

Splendid suite in satin, silk and Genoa velvet, Lyre style. Most costly glass chandeliers by Osler, of great value, purchased in London. A really superb German piano of the sweetest tone. Thick Moquette carpet. Fine oil and water paintings bought in Milan. Silk curtains and numerous "objets d'art" of the first order.

Small Drawing-room

Costly Moquette carpet and chandelier of the purest crystal, of great value. A remarkably elegant suite "Coquille" style; pictures, bronzes, and a quantity of good imported furniture

Study

Fine oak book-case and writing desk with solid chairs. Pictures and bronzes, and other things, all in excellent condition and of the best kind.

Dining Room

A fine, solid table, French, Henri II. style, in oak and walnut, with French Morocco-covered chairs, quite new. Maple carpet. Bronze chandeliers Crystal Osler gas brackets, paintings, engravings and other dining room requisites of the best kind.

Bedroom and Dressing room

Large suite of oak and walnut, solid, style Henri II. Wardrobe in three compartments with bevelled mirrors Large dressing table, washstand, "Camera" and two night tables. Rich hangings, carpet, pictures etc. etc.

Guest's Room

A fine English suite of four articles, carpet and other things.

Plants, lamps, etc.

In fact the whole of the menage can be strongly recommended for its good taste and solidity, and especially the very splendid Osler chandeliers, bronzes and gas brackets for their superior quality.

The house is open to visitors from this date, from 11 a.m. to 9 p.m. The auction will take place on Sunday 24th inst at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at my Auction Mart

566--PIEDAD--566

X X

CHARLES OLMI

Auction of French, English and German Furniture and all the Lares that adorn the house

2010-AV. MONTES DE OCA-2010

On Thursday 28th April

at 1 p.m. precisely, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, and by order of

Walter Ford, Esq.,

all the furniture in his house, consisting of the following articles more or less. A splendid German piano encased in metal, French chiffonier. English carpet: "chaiselongue" from Smyrna, lamps, rotating bookstand, tasteful ornaments and other articles of drawing-room furniture. Also ante-sala furniture. A very handsome bookcase of "palisandro," over mantle and bevelled mirrors; other ante-sala furniture.

There is a great deal of vestibule furniture, and a handsome hat and coat rack.

Also a large English sideboard, by Maple, costly chairs and solid table; ice-chest, heating stove and other dining room furniture, impossible to give in detail.

The furniture of the study is very good, including a book-case, English desk, fine and solid; three smaller book-cases, Standard barometer and thermometer, etc. etc. Wardrobe, English bed of double iron, and a lot of other bedroom furniture, small tables, knicknacks etc.

There is also a large quantity of furniture that I have not mentioned, as it would require too much space.

The house is open to inspection from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m., from the 25th inst; and the auction will come off on Thursday the 28th inst. at 1 p.m.

For further particulars apply at my mart,

566--PIEDAD--566

X X

IMPORTANT

House Auction Sale

BY

J. E. IRISH

On Sunday April 24th

commencing at 1 p.m.

In the chalet situated in the

Boulevard Saavadra, Belgrano,

just round the corner from the residence of Mr. Robert McIver

BELGRANO.

I will proceed to sell at the above hour and date all of the splendid furniture contained in this chalet without any limit or reserve to the highest bidders, everything is in excellent condition and offers an exceptional opportunity for persons requiring first class furniture to purchase it at bargains, the contents are as follows, viz:—

Sala—1 upright piano by Forster, a beautiful metal back, overstrung instrument, delightful tone, and cost

$400 GOLD

less than one year ago; 1 fine sala suite made to order, 1 rich brocaded centre puff or Ottoman to seat 4 persons, 1 piano stool to match, 1 console table with mirror to match, 4 sets of exquisite white curtains and cornices, 1 fur rug 1 fine sala carpet, 1 music stand, 1 fine clock, tea table with plush cover, 1 set of majolica ornaments 3 pieces, 1 Japanese screen, 4 panels very large, 1 pair bronzes very valuable, 4 corner brackets, 1 extension chair, 1 very large oil painting by Febranzo, several other paintings and photograph frames, 1 elegant ladies' sewing table with mirror inside, fancy flower stands and number of English books etc. etc

Smoking-Room—This room is furnished with the necessary carpet, chairs, tables and other appliances such as pictures etc. which are required in a comfortable smoking room.

Dining Room—1 very fine dining room suite for a small family, consisting of 1 sideboard, 1 carving table, 1 dining table, and 8 solid walnut chairs with cane bottoms, 1 porcelain dinner set, various glassware, 1 coffee set, 1 fine set of S. P. Castors, various other silver ware, knives forks, spoons, table linen, 1 elegant plush table cover 1 centre for flowers, 1 American hanging lamp, 1 large clock, 1 case of flying fish, 1 large oil painting, several other pictures 1 stand lamp, 2 pairs curtains and cornices, 1 large carpet, 2 serving trays, 4 corner brackets etc. etc.

1st Bedroom—1 superior double bedroom suite walnut and oak with British plate mirrors and Italian marble, consisting of 1 double bedstead and dosel, 2 wardrobes, 1 lavatorio, 2 night tables, towel horse etc., 1 fine double wool mattrass, 1 spring mattrass, 1 Eider down quilt, sheets, bolster, pillows, blankets and various other bed linen, 1 lounge and 2 chairs to match, 2 sets of curtains and cornices, 1 handsome china toilet set. 1 china foot bath. 1 china slop pail and extra water jug, 1 clothes basket, 1 large bedroom carpet, 10 cortinillos, 1 mosquitera etc. etc.

2nd Bedroom—1 fine bedroom suite, 1 toilet set, 1 sofa, 4 chairs, window curtains, fancy tables, heating stoves, pictures and various other articles too numerous to mention.

Servant's Bedroom—1 iron bedstead with springs, 2 wool mattresses and the various bed clothing belonging to the bed. 1 bamboo table, water basin and jug, pictures, chairs etc.

Kitchen, Pantry and Bathroom—2 splendid imported No. 9 cooking stoves with hot water boiler, one of these stoves is perfectly new and both of them are perfect bakers; 1 kerosene stove, several kitchen tables, 2 closets, a fine lot of kitchen utensils such as pots pans etc. etc., 1 large bath, 3 alabaster images, 1 large perch etc. etc.

N.B.—The furniture of this chalet will be on exhibition from Friday at 1 o'clock up to the hour of sale in order that the public can inspect it. The premises can also be rented by applying to the agent, 37 Calle Tucuman, Belgrano. Also full details may be had by applying at my office

78--SUIPACHA--78

B. Aires

C. ENGLISH & CO.

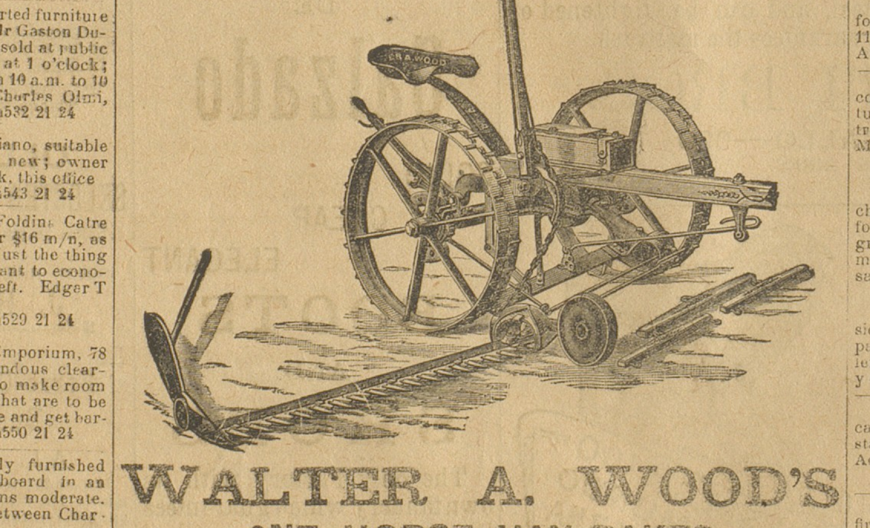
General and Foreign Agents

Imports, Exports, Camp and Commission. Freight and Insurance Brokers. Correspondents in Europe. 186 San Martin. 516 fb19 xp

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WALTER A. WOOD'S
ALFALFA MOWERS

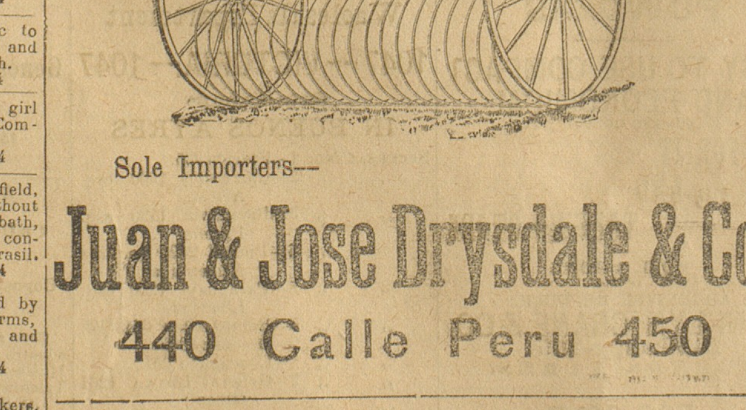
THE CHEAPEST AND MOST RELIABLE MOWERS IN THE MARKET.



WALTER A. WOOD'S

ONE HORSE HAY RAKES

THE LIGHTEST RAKES MANUFACTURED.



Sole Importers--

Juan & Jose Drysdale & Co.

440 Calle Peru 450

WINTER GOODS.

Messrs. Gebbie & Co. beg to announce they are shewing their new stock of Winter Goods, consisting of a great variety of --

DRESS STUFFS HANDSOMELY EMBROIDERED
CASHMERE ROBES
Fancy Silk and Wool Mixtures
All Wool Clan Tartans
Fancy Worsted Materials.

A select assortment of Hosiery for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children. Saxony and Welsh Flannels English blankets, Real Eider down Quilts etc., in the

Tailoring Department

A special stock of English and Scotch Tweeds, Worsteds, Miltons, Bedford cords, Gentlemen's underclothing, Travelling rugs, Ulsters, Portmanteaus etc.

MODERATE PRICES FOR CASH
AT THE
ENGLISH DRAPERY
ALBERT GEBBIE & CO.
189 DEFENSA 189
One square from Plaza Victoria.

TEA
LA MAGNOLIA

INJURIOUS TEA DRINKING.

In the "Daily Post" of September 2 appears a leading article—evidently from an analytical expert—showing that after 15 minutes "draw," Indian Tea yields 17·73 of tannin, while from China comes only 7·93. What this means few know, but those troubled with indigestion may realise in part by use of True China Tea for one week.

GUARANTEED PURE.

Beware of gross, imitations of this well-known mark. Sold in tins of 1, 3, 6 and 12 lbs.

! SCIENTIFIC !
¡ WATCH !
¡REPAIRING !

English workmen. Thorough work

BLACK & CO.

Members and Medallists of British Horological Institute London.

579 Calle Corrientes 579
Corner of Florida.

BLACK & CO.
ENGLISH JEWELLERS.

SPECIALTY—Wedding rings, engagement rings, signet rings, studs, sleeve links, Paraguayan rings, etc.

Quality of gold warranted in every article
Jewellery and Watches bought with option of repurchase, absolute security.
579 Corrientes 579

If you want to get rid of
OLD GOLD OR OLD SILVER
the best prices are given by
BLACK & CO.
579--Calle Corrientes--579

Business hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Sundays and Feastdays closed.
222 J9 xp

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS.

To be Let at South end of town, a commodious house with garden. Apply to Krabbe Higgins & Co., Piedad 655. 638 sp24 x p

OFFICES

Furnished or unfurnished offices to let on moderate terms. Apply at Cuyo 429. 400 14 xp

FIRST CLASS Private Boarding Establishment for families and gentlemen; splendid large airy house with all the latest sanitary arrangements; lovely suites of rooms looking on Plaza 6 de Junio, the finest and most convenient situation in town; excellent cooking and attendance, with cleanliness and comfort guaranteed. Apply Paraná 1231. 82 m3 m3 xp

CAMPS
To Rent

For stock raising in lots of 1 league and upwards. Long leases and favourable terms. Address: Compañía de Tierras de Santa Fe, San Cristobal, Prov. de Santa Fe. 143 29my 0

TO LET a moderately sized house tastefully furnished and all domestic requirements; easy distance of centre and contract if desired; rent extremely moderate and suitable for a family of eight or ten persons. Apply by letter Medway this office. 612 18 24

TO LET—Furnished, a nice sala and bedroom, with or without board. Apply 1213 Peru n626 18 22

TO LET—Furnished apartments, with or without board. Apply Rivadavia 2806 n643 18 24

TO LET—The English house 120 Rioja; six rooms, complete water, gas and sanitary services; terms moderate. Keys at the Barraca, Victoria 3085. Apply 312 Suipacha. n664 18 m5

TO LET—Three unfurnished rooms, with use of kitchen and bathroom; 20 minutes by tram; $40 a month. Enquire House, Land and Estate Agency, San Martin 132 n662 18 21

Deposito

Se alquilan los grandes galpones Calle Caseros 1040-1074, a una cuadra del Mercado Constitucion. Dirigirse 29 Avenida Montes de Oca n656 18 21

TO LET—A sala and bedroom, elegantly furnished, for single gentleman, with or without board; no paper in the window. San Martin 615 (altos). n253 9 24

TO LET—In Belgrano, two fine houses for families, Calle Necochea 91 and Tucuman 112. For particulars Maipu 254, in Buenos Aires n550 12 26

TO LET—In San Isidro, a house with complete accommodations and with furniture adequate for an English family; contract signed if needed Apply at Calle San Martin 169, in San Isidro. n336 12 21

TO LET—A fine house of 6 rooms, kitchen, bath-room, w. c. and garden. Apply for terms to Nicholas, the builder, Belgrano, Calle Saavedra, quinta of José Remonda, beyond the wooden chalet in the same street. 453 19-22

TO LET—Houses very central and outside at very moderate prices. Apply for particulars to Registro Central de Alquileres. Calle Corrientes 970. T Maleplate y Cia. 491 19 22

TO LET—100 to 600 cuadras splendid camp, alambrado, with a good house, near station Rojas, not far from San Nicolas. Address J Haase, San Martin 24. 675 9 22

WANTED by bachelor, bedroom with fireplace in city. Address stating terms Fireplace this office. 674 19 26

APARTMENT with board for Bachelor (English) will pay up to $150 per month for really comfortable (not necessarily swagger) home house, must have fireplace Apply to Gordon this office. 687 19 22

Furnished House to let

English gentleman having a nicely furnished quinta of 9 rooms, in best part of Belgrano, would be glad to meet with another gentleman or married couple to share expenses of housekeeping, or would let the house furnished at 180. References required. Apply Calle Rio Bamba No. 7, Belgrano. 484 ap19 25

A GENTLEMAN wants a well furnished apartment of three rooms in a family house not far from the Avenida Alvear. Letters to G. K, Casilla Correo 540 n521 20 23

TO LET—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms. Calle Garay 759 n508 20 23

TO LET—The house Calle Arenales 1079, with furniture almost new, 10 rooms, first-class bathroom, mosaic floors and every accommodation. Can be visited from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. For particulars Cerrito 1220, from 1 to 3 p.m. n513 20 27

TO LET — To married couple without children or to two gentlemen, two charming sunny rooms, with fireplace, use of bath and store room, in small private family; terms reasonable. 585 Calle Araoz n518 20 23

TO LET—In the house of an English family, a furnished room; close to tram. Calle Brandzen 1612 n520 20 27

TO LET—One or two rooms, to single gentlemen, with board, in a quinta house. Calle Jujui 971 n523 20 23

TO LET—In Lomas, a small house, containing four rooms and kitchen, perfectly dry and only two squares from station. Apply House, this office n522 20 23

ZU VERMIETHEN—In einer ruhigen Englischen Familie in Belgrano, ein huebsches und geraeumiges moeblirtes Zimmer an einen oder zwei Herren. Adresse "Standard" Office, by letter to S B n276 9 m9

TO LET—In an English family, without children, sitting room and bedroom furnished, with board; suitable for a married couple, with use of bathroom, gas and attention. Cordoba 2055 609 16 23

TO LET—A room with window to the street; also two others, all newly furnished, in a clean airy house; board if required. Cuyo 431. 607 a 16 23

TO LET in an German family a nice sala and another room, both furnished. Apply Calle Europa 869. 486 19 30

E.B.E.

Is now at 333 Florida

ENGLISH BOOK EXCHANGE

333 Florida BARGAINS 333 Florida

The War of the Union, 3 magnificent volumes with 100 steelplates, worth $50 for $15. Byron "unabridged," fine edition, worth $15 for $5. Humboldt's Cosmos, 5 volumes, worth $25 for $10. The Victorian Empire, a splendid work with many steelplates, worth £4 for $20. The Universal Instructor, 3 vols., like new, worth $30 for $18. Domestic Medical Practice, bound in Morocco, worth $25 for $15.

Books continually bought, sold and exchanged. One dozen novels, postfree for $5.

333-FLORIDA-333.

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS.

TO LET—In beautiful house, a sala and several bedrooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board; use of gas and bath; English family. Mejico 459. n924 30 ap30

TO LET—For gentlemen only, two bedrooms, well furnished; private family; terms moderate. Lavalle 1519. n826 31 ap30

TO LET—Seven nice rooms, all newly papered and in a central position, with gas, bath and all conveniences. Calle Artes, between Piedad and Cangallo. For particulars apply Casilla Correo 2242. n304 11 22

ROOM to let, in house of English family, with or without board. 240 Entre Rios. n570 13 22

SE ALQUILAN—Salas, ante-salas, piezas y departamentos, el todo bien amueblado, en casa de familia, con o sin pension y con todas las comodidades. Maipu 932 y 934. n569 13 22

Belgrano

To let, a furnished house, half square from plaza, all newly done up, gas throughout, bathroom, etc; or the furniture could be sold. Apply at English Dressmaker's, Calle Moreno 59. n83 4 m4

UNFURNISHED ROOMS—To let three spacious rooms with or without board, in an English family, distant 30 minutes (tram) from Plaza Victoria and six squares from Palermo. Apply Bollini 1737, one square off Santa Fe. 155 6 24

SE ARRENDA—La casa quinta Caseros 2420 (antigua quinta Navarro Viola) amueblada, con contrata al menos de un año por quinientos pesos a persona honorable y garantida. Para el arriendo escribir a la direccion indicada y se contestara. 608 a 16 22

TWO Cosy, Well-Furnished Rooms to let in the house of an English lady. Calle Artes 778 (altos). The advertiser has been there for three years and will guarantee cleanliness, comfort and attention, and is only leaving on account of going away from Buenos Aires. n309 11 22

TO LET—Two large comfortable bedrooms, suitable for a married couple without children or two single gentlemen, with board; all home comforts; trams convenient. Apply Pilar 1794, esquina Alvear Also two unfurnished, upstairs n673 19 26

TO LET—In the house of a private English family, a well furnished front bedroom, suitable for two friends or married couple; convenient to gentlemen who work on the Southern Railway; convenient to trams. Patagones 588. n682 19 22

TO LET—One or two rooms for single gentleman or married couple, with or without children, in house of a respectable family, with board. Montes de Oca 417 n672 19 22

TO LET—Two unfurnished rooms, with use of kitchen, for married couples or ladies; no other lodgers; rent moderate. Moreno 1934 n694 19 22

EN casa de familia muy decente hay varias piezas para alquilar con pension y a precios modicos. Calle General Paz No. 30, en Belgrano n692 19 22

TO LET—Altos y bajos, two rooms; windows to street; well furnished; large airy English house; bathroom; tram at door. 164 Caridad, corner Belgrano n693 19 22

TO LET—In the town of San Martin, F. C. R., two fine houses with gardens, half square from station. Apply at Chacabuco 349 n678 19 26

TO LET—Three good lofty rooms, together or separate, in a pretty quinta house, Calle Santa Fe, close to Palermo. For particulars address Alpha, this office n691 19 26

BURZACO, F.C.S—To let, two squares from station, on the main road, a seven roomed quinta house; large kitchen and bathroom, with splendid ground planted with the choicest of fruit trees. Apply for keys at Calle Boedo, Lomas de Zamora, in front of 43, F.C.S n690 19 26

TO LET—Nicely furnished sala and bedroom; windows to street; nice view; bathroom, gas, etc; board if required; terms moderate. Defensa 1527 (altos) n487 19 22

TO LET—Two nicely furnished rooms. Apply Tacuari 275, six minutes' walk from Plaza Victoria n490 19 26

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for young men, with or without board, terms moderate Address 2º Defensa 1648 678 19 22

SERVANTS.

Irish Convent.

Ladies who require servants will please call at Calle Rio Bamba 698, corner Tucuman 332 f16 xp 1w

WANTED at once good servants at servants Registry, Victoria Tea Rooms, Cangallo 742.

PASSAGE to England wanted—A lady can recommend a girl who has lived with her nearly six years. Apply to Mrs. Greene, 127 Calle Zabala, Montevideo. 667 mh22 ap22

A FRENCH Married Couple seek situations, wife as cook and man as valet; best references. Rivadavia 48, Belgrano. 289 11 24

PASSAGE wanted to England in return for services as nuese or attendant. Addsess S c/o Rev. G A S Adams, Casilla 26, Rosario. 329 12 24

AN ENGLISH GIRL, waitress in a good family, requires a situation; no objection to the care of children; also capable of taking child from the month; highest references from a lady in Montevideo. Apply E L, Calle 18 de Julio 410, Montevideo. 553 13 22

WANTED.—An English or Scotch waitress, and to do a little house work. Apply to Mrs John C Bell, 5547 Rivadavia, Caballito. Good references required. 494 20 23

SE NECESITA una vendedora que sepa español e ingles. Nueva Merceria Alemana, Calle Piedad 635. 495 20 23

SE PRECISA—Una niñera inglesa con buenas recomendaciones. Ocurrir a la Calle Suipacha 1032, de 12 a 1 p.m n510 20 23

WANTED—A housemaid, cook and nursery maid; useless to apply without good references. Cerrito 1054, from 8 a.m n509 20 23

BUTLER—A young man (Swiss) who has excellent English recommendations and speaks French, Spanish and a little German, wants a place Address Berne, this office. n511 20 27

HOUSEKEEPER-COOK wanted for the residence of a small family in the suburbs; liberal salary and comfortable home to a suitable person. Apply Residence, this office n516 20 23

WANTED a situation by a respectable man as cook in town or camp. Apply J B Calle Las Heras 579. 618 18 24

WANTED—A good female cook; good wages. Apply Azcuenaga 1038 n638 18 26

WANTED—A strong girl as general servant; one understanding plain cooking preferred. Apply between 3 and 4 o'clock at Calle Lorea 1826. 452 19-22

A FRENCH Married Couple want situations, the woman as Lady's maid (she understands a little English and how to cut out and make ladies' and children's dresses); the man as valet, or any indoor or outdoor work, in town or camp. Can give good references. Apply 974 Corrientes. 489 19-22

WANTED immediately, two thorough good servants, young woman as housemaid and man to wait at table, or a married couple might suit. Apply 1231 Calle Parana n476 19 22

WANTED—A situation by a respectable married woman as cook or cook and housekeeper in a bachelor's house; two years' good character. Apply Mary, this office n685 19 22

WANTED — By a respectable married woman, daily employment as needlewoman or nursing by the day, week or month; good references. Apply Eliza, this office n686 19 22

WANTED—A married couple for general house work in an estancia; wages $50 per month. Address A J G, Casilla 1669, Buenos Aires n668 19 26

WANTED—A respectable person under 40 as general house servant to sleep at her own home. Calle Bolivar 593, 2º piso. 493 19-22

NURSE—An experienced ladies' Nurse, 1685 Defensa, is disengaged. 680 19 m6

WANTED—A young English girl, from 12 to 14 years of age, for a married couple without children. Apply Rivadavia 4113, Madame Piard. 681 19 22

WANTED a housemaid. Apply between 2 and 3 to J A Dowse, 383 Piedad, office 21. 683 19 22

COOK wanted who is willing to help in house work. Apply Calle Venezuela 2344. 688 19 22

WANTED situation by married couple, man as gardener or general handy man, and wife as cook or general servant. Apply 3124 Piedad, care of Mr Brennan 677 19 22

WANTED situation by a Swiss girl as Nurse in an English or German family. Apply Hotel Deutsche Bund, 430 Paseo de Julio. 670 19 22

SITUATION wanted by a Swiss girl as perfect cook, speaks French, in an English or German family. Apply Hotel Deutsche Bund, Paseo de Julio 420. 669 19 22

SITUATIONS.

AN ENGLISH LADY with good references and much experience offers to give daily lessons (or evening). Branches: English French, rudiments of German and Spanish for young children, thorough Music and singing. French acquired during a residence of upward of 12 years in Paris, has a diploma superior degree in that language. No objection to young children. Apply by letter Oxford this office. 847 m29 a29

A GENTLEMAN of many years' camp experience, wishes to meet with an engagement as manager of an estancia on share or salary; first-class references given. Address A B, c/o London and Brazilian Bank, Buenos Aires. n938 30 ap30

A LADY offers to teach piano, drawing, painting, French and English. Apply from 4 to 6 p.m. V R Gral Guido 21. 634 22 a22

BOOKKEEPER offers services to keep or audit books; also for translations; Spanish and English. Apply M, Casilla de Correo No. 188. n288 11 m1

CAMP TUTOR—A man of education and steady habits, just arrived by Clyde, wants to teach in a family; English and arithmetic; salary no object. Address Bristol, this office. n544 12 22

WANTED — By a young Frenchman, speaking German and Spanish and with some knowledge of English, a situation as mayordomo on an estancia or as administrador of a colony; has had three years' experience of camp and camp duties and excellent references. Address L F, c/o H Hansen, Cañada de Gomez. n585 16 27

A YOUNG MAN, speaking English and Spanish, seeks a position of trust; can produce first-class references and give guarantee if necessary. Apply A R, this office n602 16 26

MAYORDOMO—Wanted an engagement as mayordomo of an estancia by young Englishman who thoroughly understands the work. Address Ingles, this office. n621 18 25

ENGINEERS, Draughtsmen — Wanted, sun copying apparatus, secondhand, in good condition, complete, with bath. Price and particulars to Enrique, this office n684 19 22

UN INGLES, 30 años de edad, busca un empleo, ya sea en un rancho o en una hacienda de ganado en las Pampas o en el territorio Neuquen, sin ninguna experiencia del ramo. James Pibel, 90 Lower Thames Street, London, England n451 19 23

A FRENCHMAN, well acquainted with the English language, would like to improve himself by finding an English gentleman willing to take some French or Spanish lessons in exchange. Please apply Calle Victoria 1333 n680 19 26

MAYORDOMS required for a good estancia, where sheep, cattle and horses are bred, must be competent and energetic. Apply with particulars and references by letter to Competence, Standard Offise. 679 a19 m19

WANTED—For an English importing house, a junior clerk; knowledge of English and Spanish preferred. Apply "Importing House," Standard Office. 492 19-22

TUTOR or BOOK-KEEPER for the camp. The advertizer desires an engagement. Address Sphinx by letter to Standard Office. 676 19 22

A FRENCHWOMAN offers her services to sew by the day in private families; understands all kinds of sewing. Apply only by letter to S M, Tucuman 854 n549 20 23

A YOUNG LADY that holds her certificate from a Normal School, wishes a situation as resident or visiting Governess or else as assistant teacher in a school. Subjects: English and Spanish in all their branches. Please apply by letter or personally at Calle Rawson 235. 498 20 23

MISCELLANEOUS.

A BEAUTIFUL Musical Clock for sale at the Bankrupt Stock Emporium, 78 Suipacha. n873 29 ap6

Proprietors

Hereby we tender our services in repairing of all kinds of masonry, painting, etc., belonging to the housebuilding; first-class work at moderate price. Stampe & Nicolaisen, Caseros 1445, Dept. 6. n921 30 ap30

LADIES are advised that Mantles, Robes etc. can be made in the best French style at 825 Viamonte. 615 18 m18

IF YOU WANT an economical Lamp, see our Little Jewel, can be used as a Stand Lamp or a Bracket Lamp or a Hanging Lamp. Edgar T Ely, 656 Cangallo. 502 20 23

WANTED — Good secondhand English saddle; fair price will be given for good article. Apply 195 Reconquista; room 38 n505 20 23

SHORTHAND—Wanted lessons in shorthand. Applications, stating conditions, to be addressed to Shorthand, Cuyo 2055 n507 20 23

IF YOU WANT an Oil Heating Stove for the winter, see our grand oil heaters, will give more heat than any other oil stove made. Edgar T. Ely, 656 Cangallo. 500 20 23

ORGAN—Wanted small Mason and Hamlin organ, four or five octaves. Apply B. C. A. this office. 496 20 23

WANTED a pair of English-made riding boots, must be in good condition. Apply Polo Standard Office. 497 20 23

FOR SALE—Centre Board Sailing Boat, built of cedar, new and with fittings complete. Address Centre, this office n503 20 23

Molino de Viento y Deposito

Sistema Corcoran, garantido, se vende por la mitad de su valor. Ocurrir Santa Fe 3688 n506 20 23

FOR SALE, Cheap — Nine leagues of superior camp in Cordoba, suitable for stock or agriculture. Particulars at Victoria 430, M Fogel n512 20 23

WINNERS—Pedro begs to thank several of his subscribers for their presents; he hopes to have a most successful week, so all who want his information must send not later than Saturday midday. Terms $5. Casilla de Correo 1104 n517 20 21

IF YOU WANT a Gas Heating Stove for the cold weather, see our line of gas and oil stoves. Edgar T Ely, 656 Calle Cangallo n501 20 23

LA LOCION DE IRLANDA.

Antiseptica y libre de veneno
para curar
La Sarna en las ...
fabricada p...
The North of Irel...
Co.
Unicos
lica
31

n796 28 ap28
... Attwell
... Escritorio No. 1. Agente ... Furniture and private houses at 1.50 per mil. 229 dc9 xp
... YOU WANT something new in Library Lamps, see those just received, largest line of lamps in the city. Edgar T Ely, 656 Calle Cangallo n499 20 23

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ENGLISH AUCTIONEER
AND
Commission Merchant

All classes of sales such as houses, lands furniture and merchandise of all kinds promptly attended to, also valuations made upon properties and merchandise. Offices,

78--SUIPACHA--78
B. Ayres,
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Alfred J. Underwood, Broker

Buys and sells houses and landed property.

Lends Money on Mortgage

All kinds of Commissions attended to Office 368 Piedad (altos) room 11. 156 sp5 xp

Servant's Registry Office
THE CREAMERY
NO REGISTRATION FEE
535--CANGALLO--535
65? ap18 xp

CHINA GLASS AND PORCELAIN — Messrs. Skelton & Co. beg to inform the public that they repair and restore all kinds of the above; also statues, terra cotta figures etc. etc. All work guaranteed and personally superintended. Letters by post attended to at the shortest notice. Skelton and Co. 1061 Calle Cangallo. 260 7 m9

MELTON MOWBRAY Veal and Pork Pies to be had at the depot, 1360 Calle Australia, Barracas al Norte, and at the Family Grocery Store. Piedad 546 n664 19 22

BOOTS, Shoes and Slippers for gentlemen, ladies and children; splendid assortment to suit every taste, at Maupetit Hnos Cangallo 830 n677 19 22

SECONDHAND GOODS, gentlemen's clothes, boots, etc, bought at high prices. Please apply by letter or personally to Michael, Calle Cuyo 1058. n796 28 ap28

David H. Attwell

Piedad 556, Escritorio No. 1. Agent de Seguros. Furniture and private houses assured at 1.50 per mil. 229 dc9 xp

SMART SALESMAN — Wanted at Brown's, 513 Piedad. 486 ap19 22

ENGLISH FURNITURE—For sale, after 1st May, the whole of the household furniture and fittings as contained in No ... Chacabuco, Belgrano, with few exceptions imported less than two years ago from Messrs Maple & Co, London, and consisting of solid oak dining room suite with ... oak sideboard to match; drawing room suite in walnut and brocatelle including bevelled plate brackets and overmantel; Chippendale cabinet, fancy chairs and tables, etc; bedroom suites, including black and brass French bedsteads with woven wire mattresses; Wilton and Brussels carpets, gasaliers and gas fittings, crockery, china and glass, new upright pianoforte by Sprunck, Doulton ware and other stoves etc, etc, etc.

Purchaser can have the option of renting the house for any period, the lease being just expired; house contains eight ... kitchen and offices and is in good order, the undersigned having expended considerable sums in repairs during lease. For particulars apply to J F Beatson, 174 ... Mayo, City. n613 18 ufn

IF YOU WANT something new in Library Lamps, see those just received, largest line of lamps in the city. Edgar T Ely, 656 Calle Cangallo n499 20 23

The Creamery

FRESH BUTTER
SWEET CREAM
HOMEMADE BREAD
535--CALLE CANGALLO--535
146 nv5 xp

THE 'VICTORIA' TEA ROOM
744--CANGALLO--742
(Ladies room upstairs)
Breakfast from 7.30 to 11 o'clock
Porridge, Steaks and chops etc.
Luncheons from 11 o'clock.
Fish, Cold Beef, Mutton, Lamb with salads etc.
Speciality--Afternoon Tea
Ladies rooms with all conveniences

English Barraca & Deposit

All kinds of produce received in deposit. Special advantages for cereals. Consignments received for sale in the market, to be stored or shipped. All baling promptly executed.

W. H. HALLETT & CO.
29-79 Avenida Montes de Oca
334 mh11 m11

Dr. A. GREENE has removed his STUDIO from Cangallo 1420 to 685 altos in the same street. Hours for Consultation 1-3 p.m. Telephone 3052. 610 16 23

WANTED immediately, for a family to arrive from the camp, a complete menage, with all domestic utensils; there must be sala, dining room, two bedrooms, study, kitchen utensils, also the carpets and window curtains; if the house where the furniture is is conveniently situated and can be obtained with contract it will also be taken. Address Mr John Mart (P.O. Box) 2276 n580 ...

NOTICE—Stiller and Mortlock have a large lot of account books, manufactured by Cowen, of London, for sale at half price, just purchased from a bankrupt house. San Martin 162. n566 13

J. SKINNER
TAILOR
123-SAN MARTIN--123
70 ap 2 m 2

DINERO—Sobre alhajas, objectos de valor, Polizas del Monte de Piedad, y titulos; ... Paraguay 1072. no 15 xp

A. M. WAITE & Co., 16 St. Helens Place, London, are prepared to receive consignments of all kinds of South American produce. Advances made. Correspondence solicited n192 8 july8

ALL KINDS of old clothes as well as furniture, new or old, purchased and sold. Apply by letter or in person to Kurca... Charcas 1418. 7?1 24 a2?

Calzetta's Island

The proprietor begs to advise the public that the above establishment will remain open during the winter; bedrooms, board; moderate terms; pianos on the premises; suitable for picnics; steamer at ... mole on Sundays and feast days; orders attended per Tigre Station. n975 31 ap30

S&M MARCA DE COMERCIO
STILLER & MORTLOCK

162--SAN MARTIN--162
PRINTERS
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A complete and well assorted Stock of STATIONERY

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LOW PRICES

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THEATRES.

POLITEAMA ARGENTINO—Empres C. Ciacchi, Gran Compañia de Zarzuela, Maestro Director Don José Puig.

TEATRO DORIA Funcion Variada Todas las noches:
HOY—Ernani.

TEATRO DE LA COMEDIA—Empresa Pastor Garrido. Gran Compañia comica de Zarzuela, director de Orquesta D. Rogelio Juarez.
Jueves 21—Viva mi Niña—Los Recuestradores—El Retiro—El Espanta Pajaros.

CIRCO HERMANOS CARLO—Cuyo y Montevideo—Domingos dos grandes funciones, a las 2½ de la tarde y 8½ de la noche

British Hospital Bazaar

All parties receiving consignments of goods for the forthcoming Bazaar, are earnestly requested to send in the papers and details of contents of their packages to Mr John Drysdale, President of the Committee, 440 Calle Peru, in order that such goods may come in duty free, as solicited by him and granted by H. E. the Minister of Finance.

WM. GOODWIN,
Hon. Sec.
175 ap6 xp

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afternoon lessons
Tuesdays and Thursdays
drawing from the life model
Evenings between 7 and 10
W. F. S. Hetherington, Studio
644 CANGALLO (altos)
South Kensington System
95' xp

NORTH AMERICAN NORMAL SCHOOL
470 Calle Suipacha 470
Miss Clara J. Armstrong, Directress, assisted by a full corps of the best teachers in the Argentine Republic.
Kindergarten and Primary School:—
Suipacha 470.
School of Application—
Normal Department,
Collegiate Institute,
Calle Suipacha 470
Vacancies for a few more select boarding pupils. Apply for prospectus and other information to the Directress, Suipacha 470.

Gath & Chaves
have made an enormous
REDUCTION
IN
GOODS
FOR
Winter.
Come and see! A real revolution in prices.
565-CALLE PIEDAD-565
283 oct10 xp

BLACKSTONE & Co. Engineers STAMFORD LINCOLNSHIRE ENGLAND — HARROWS Horse Gears Chaff Cutters GRIST MILLS HORSE RAKES
Established 50 YEARS — Awarded over 1000 PRIZES
THE "STAMFORD" PLOUCHS
AGENTS—MOORE & TUDOR
163 Calle Maipú-Buenos Aires

ON 'CHANGE.

Wednesday, April 20.

The gold market opened very weak this morning, in spite of the unfavorable advices about produce and the little business in the markets. Seventeen thousand ounces changed hands at the first ring; the price opened at $55½, rose to 55.70, and closed at 55½, say 241% premium. One thousand sovereigns were sold; the price opened at 17.28, fell to 17.23, and closed at 17.25, say 242½% premium. The market ruled heavy all morning and closed weak between buyers and sellers. Very little produce gold was thrown on the market this morning; the fall in the premium increases the dead-lock in the produce markets.

Stocks were slightly more active today. Patriotic Bonds were very firm, and a large business was done at advancing rates. Over three hundred thousand were sold at the first ring; the closing rates were 58.80 for cash and 59.30 for the end of the month, 59½ for the end of May, and 59.80 for the end of June. The sudden spurt in the market was quite a surprise.

Two hundred shares of the Banco de Italia y Rio de la Plata were sold at 64 gold; there are many buyers at this rate. Agricola Comercial Bank shares were sold at 15. Old Gas shares changed hands at 63. La Plata Cedulas were weaker than yesterday.

Exchange was a shade firmer this morning, but business was dull. Discounts continued difficult.

The following is a summary of the business effected in stocks and shares at the first ring to-day:—

Ounces—
For cash.... 17,235 at 55.50-60-70-60-50
Sovereigns—
For cash.... £1050 at 17.28-25-23-24-25
Patriotic Bonds—
For cash.. 135,500 at 58 50-70-80-90-59-59 10-59-58.90-59-58.-90-80
...ain,
April 30... 40,000 at 58.80-59-59.20-30
...April 21.. 100,000 at 58.80
...May 31.... 70,000 at 59.40-60-50
June 30.. 55,000 at 59.80
Banco de Italia y Rio de la Plata—
For cash.... 7 at 64 gold.
Agricola Comercial—
For cash.. 100 at 15
Old Gas Co —
For cash.. 60 at 63
Provincial Cedulas—
For cash..F 17,800 at 29
For cash..G 3,000 at 29
For cash..I 10,00 at 29½
For cash..K 19,000 at 29.30-40
For cash..L 34,900 at 29.40-30
For cash..M 51,000 at 29.30-40
For cash..N 62,000 at 29.30-40
For cash..O 25,000 at 29.30
For cash..P 7,250 at 29.40-30

The Argentine Government has resolved at last to be officially represented at the Columbian World's Fair at Chicago. This effort of the Government deserves much praise, as the straits of the treasury at the present moment are familiar to all acquainted with the circumstances of this crisis. The American Minister and Mr. Bartolette have ...very persevering in their efforts... ...the Government ... in the national exhibition; we congratulate them on the success of their efforts. The Government has appointed a special committee *ad hoc* whose offices are at Peru No. 260, and where all interested in the exhibition can ... between 12 and 5 o'clock. Don ... Victorica has been appointed chairman of the Committee and Don Carlos Lix Klett has been named Inspector General, with prospects of becoming Comisario General of the Argentine Government. The Government has been happy in its selection of Messrs. Victorica and Lix-Klett. The latter gentleman is an old hand in all matters with regard to museums, fairs, and exhibitions; furthermore, he is well-known in Europe and the United States through his numerous articles in the press of this country and Europe. In such hands the Argentine section at Chicago will be a success.

Wool brokers state that the wool market here is so susceptible that it reflects the slightest change in the situation of the article in Europe. Advices from the Continent, especially from the North of France, continue unfavorable; but then it must be remembered that all the wool news early from Europe comes through those interested in the purchase of the article. Nevertheless, the local markets show that prices have fallen fifty cents per 10 kilos since last week, a clear proof that the situation in Europe cannot be favorable. All advices from the Continent agree that the wool is heavy and that prices are declining. It appears that speculators in Europe who operated for a rise and created a corner in the market have now turned round and are working for a fall. At present French buyers have vanished from the plazas; a few Germans continue operating on a small scale and manage to keep the market alive. At all events, the tendency of the wool market is not for a rise.

In the wheat market there is a heavy feeling, as if prices were falling under their own weight. Prices are tumbling headlong in view of the large arrivals. Thus, a fine Barleta quality quoted a month ago at $13 per 100 kilos, does not command over $10 to-day. Fine qualities are scarce and inferior qualities abound; the latter are quoted at $6 to $8 per 100 kilos.

Maize of the new crop is quoted now at $4.80 to $5 for morocho qualities for local requirements. The amarillo qualities for export are sold at $4.70 to 4.80 per 100 kilos.

Cheques of the Provincial Bank fell to 53½% discount to-day. It is said that this sudden depreciation is the direct effect of the new issue of Certificados, owing to the great extraordinary facilities afforded for the issue of this new paper; at the same time there are fears that the new notes can be easily forged, an eventuality that must not escape a keen watch on the part of the police. It is feared also that the Bonos of the La Plata Mortgage Bank will fall headlong also, owing to the competition of the new notes of the Provincial Bank. Cheques of the National Bank are stationary at 30 per cent discount, there is nothing doing in cheques of the English Bank of the River Plate which are in demand at 18 to 20% discount. Bonos of the La Plata Mortgage Bank showed no improvement.

The Agent of the Central South American Telegraph Company has applied to the Government for authority to suppress the telegraphic service between San Juan and Mendoza, as that section is quite useless. The Company wish to avail of the materials of that section to improve the main line of telegraph between here and the Andes. The National telegraph lines do all the required service between San Juan and Mendoza. It may be anticipated that the Government will grant the request of the Company.

The Sociedad de Beneficencia of this capital has at present in charge the following establishments:—
Orphanage
Women's Hospital
Foundlings' Asylum
Women's Mad-house
Asilo de Huerfanos
Children's Hospital
Opthalmological Hospital.

The services of the Sociedad may be judged by the following number of patients, orphans, etc., cared for in 1890 and 1891:—

	No.
1890	7899
1891	7955

The above were distributed as follows:—

	1890	1891
Casa Huerfanos	270	283
Rivadavia Women's Hospital	2100	2209
Foundlings' Asylum	2541	2607
Women's Mad-House	880	836
Asilo Huerfanos	437	458
Children's Hospital	482	443
Opthalmological do	1189	1159

The expenses of the Sociedad amounted to $1,230m/n in 1890 and to $731,190 in 1891: the working shows a deficit which will be met with $129,086 funds voted by Congress. In 1890 the Sociedad received from the National Government 619,200$ against 674,268 in 1891. The charitable donations amounted to $55,088 in 1890 and to $127,763m/n in 1891.

The gold market ruled steady at the second ring: seven thousand ounces were sold for to-morrow; the price opened at $55.60, fell to 55½, and closed at $55.60, say 241½% premium. Business in sovereigns ruled very dull. Patriotic Bonds were firm at 58.90 for 23rd and at 60 for end of June. La Plata Cedulas were dull and weak. Shares of the Banco de Italia y Rio de la Plata were in demand at 64 and 64½ gold.

The following is a summary of the business effected in stocks and shares to-day at the second ring:—

Ounces—
April 21.... 6,636 at 55.60-50-60
Sovereigns—
April 21.... £300 at 17.26-25.
Patriotic Bonds—
April 23.... 50,000 at 58.80-90.
June 30.... 5,000 at 60.
Spanish Bank—
April 21.... 40 at 86.
Catalinas Moles—
April 21.... 300 at 7.00.
Banco de Italia y Rio de la Plata—
April 21.... 100 at 64.
Provincial Hypothecary Cedulas—
April 21..K 5,000 at 29.30-00.
April 21..L 5,000 at 29.30.
April 21..M 1,000 at 29.30-00.
April 21..N 5,000 at 29.30-00.
April 21..O 138,200 at 29.40-30 20-30 40.
April 21..P 10,000 at 29.30-00.

The R.M.S. Tamar arrived to-day at Montevideo.

The expedition to the Romay iron-mines in Catamarca returned to-day; all are in good health and high spirits, especially the Engineer, Mr. Maurice Schwartz, who made a minute inspection of the whole state (2½ square leagues). He had to leave his friends in Frias' Hotel and take up his quarters during four days at a "rancho" on the mine, living on goat's flesh. He reports inexhaustible quantities of rich mineral ore, as also timber enough for something like half a century; but no signs of coal, unfortunately.

Mr. R. Williams, the accountant of the Banco Sud Americano, sends us the following letter, correcting certain statements that appeared in this and other newspapers regarding the report of the Bank for the year 1891:—

"Buenos Ayres, 20th April 1892.
"To the Editor of the STANDARD,
"Dear Sir,
"I am authorized by the President of this Bank to inform you that what you state in your Money article of yesterday respecting the Banco Sud Americano is not quite correct.
"For your guidance, I am requested to inform you, that the Board has solicited and obtained the authority of the General Meeting held on the 18th inst. to receive shares of the Bank in payment only of bad debts which have originated prior to the 31st December 1890, and the payment of which in the judgment of the Board it is impossible to effect in any other manner. The price at which it has been determined to receive the shares has not been fixed, it being left to the discretion of the Board. All operations effected by virtue of the above mentioned authority must have the unanimous approval of the entire Board of Directors.
"Handing you a copy of the Report, and a copy of the resolutions passed on this subject."
I am,
Yours truly,
Richard Williams.

Mr. Del Real, land-surveyor, having sued Mr. John Morgan for the sum of $15,000 due him for the survey of 80,000 hectares of land in Santiago del Estero, the defendant pleaded that an arrangement was made by which the plaintiff was to receive a part of the profits in the event of the land being sold. The sale, however, was never effected, and in consequence he alleged nothing was due. Judge Garay, however, took a different view of the case and ordered the defendant to pay within 10 days the award to be made by arbitrators as well as the costs of the suit.

There was a spurt in the Bank of the Nation subscription to-day, and 6708 shares were applied for, by the following persons:—

Gandolfi, Mos y Cia	69
Lorenzo Rugio	75
Eduardo Latagaray	75
Sebastian Negrao	105
J. B. Casey	10
Juan Girondo	135
F Rossignoli	201
Dario de Castillo	4
S. Comadi	5
M. Suarez Buyo	38
Mercedes M. de Nattel	30
J. Vermis	5
M. Vidre & Co	39
José Suarez	5
F. C Cook	150
José Lopez Villarino	15
Drabble hnos. & Co	150
S. Sicardi	150
Florentinez Muran	10
Mallman & Co	1341
J. Perez Mendoza	25
J. Ferrari	38
Enrique Rutenberg	3750
José B. Saez	5
Juan Cavets	5
Augusto Capdeville	274

The returns of the Custom House today amounted to

	$m/n
Imports	171,866
Exports	51,758
	233,625

	Gold.	$ %.
Returns of the month up to date	928	3,514,931
Same time last year	117,455	3,595,640
Difference in favor of April 1891	116,526	80,708
Difference in favor of April 1892	—	—
Receipts since Jan. 1	928	23,878,102
Same period of last year	122,048	12,943,587
Difference in favour 1891.	121,120	
Difference in favor of 1892	—	10,934,515

The Minister of Finance has fixed the rate of gold at 330 for payment of Customs dues.

Sales at the Produce Market.—

Lanas finas—7000 kls. a $ 7.80 por Goyenechea, Bilbao y Ca; 2000 id 8.80 id Enrique Bonifacio; 18.000 id 9.00 id Antonio Ojea; 8.000 id 8.45 id Amadeo Jolly.

Lana lincoln—3000 kilos a ps. 10.00 por Enrique Bonifacio.

Lana borrega fina—3.000 kilos a ps. 7.00 por Antonio Ojea; 3.000 id 6.50 id Cernadas é Iribarne.

Cueros vacunos de campo—100 cueros a ps. 6.80 por Manuel F. Parera.

Sales at the Plaza Constitucion:—

Lanas finas—2.000 kls. a $ 8.10 por E. Bonifacio; 10.000 id 9.20 id, L Moleres y Ca; 5,000 id 9,00 id Planas hnos; 10,000 id 8.50 id Cernadas e Iribarne; 20,000 id 10 20 id Fermin Ortiz.

Lana Lincoln—5000 kls. a $10.10 por Enrique Bonifacio.

Lana borrega fina—1000 kls. a $ 7.80 por Planas hnos, 6000 id 8.90, 8.50 id Manuel F Parera.

Sales at the Plaza Once to day:—

Maiz morocho—158 bls. bueno a $5.40 por S Zoppi.

Maiz amarillo—150 bls. bueno a $ 4,90 por Bordoy; 200 id 4,60 id P y Cueto

Trigo saldome—220 bls. bueno $ 9.00 por L. Moleres y Ca.

Trigo caldeal—80 bls. humedo $ 7.05 por Terraro.

Nabo—7 bls. bueno $ 1.20 por Bordey. Pasto—36 fds. bueno $ 32.00 por Solari 42 id id 34,00 id Echeverri; 32 id id 34,00 id Coronel; 45 id mezcla id 21,00 id Echeverri.

Arrivals at the Central Produce Market—

	April 19. Kilos.
Wool	45,820
Ox hides	740
Flax	21,600
Sheepskins	3,800
Hair	100
Salted horse hides.	10,420

Prices at the Corrales to-day—
Novillos—
Gordas cjsebo $29-42
Carne gorda $27-30
Buena carne 17-22
Vacas—
Gordas $25-27
Carne gorda 17 20
Buenas carnes 11-15
Terneros—
Buenos $4.50-8
Hides—
Novillo hides $8-10.50
Cow hides $5.50-6 50

SLAUGHTER.

Novillos y vacas	955
Terneros	262
	1217

The following is the balance-sheet of the Banco de Italia y Rio de la Plata up to 31st March—

ACTIVO.

	$ m/n.	$ oro.
Caja—Existencia en efectivo	5,308,956.52	1,554,439.12
En manos de nuestros corresponsales de Ultramar	260.10	364,441.43
	5,309,216.62	1,918,880.55
Cuentas corrientes	1,901,065.61	565,164.81
Pagarés y letras descontadas	12,958,980.95	1,795,703 19
Cuentas especiales garantidas	566,707.40	800,543.51
Varias cuentas	523,461.76	109,267.53
Fondos Publicos Nacionales y Titulos	1,224,115.86	853,125.00
Accionistas (cuentas a pagar)		3,223,410.00
Inmuebles	90,049.51	583,917.83
Muebles y utiles y material de escritorio		29,743.77
Conversion		338,321.44
	22,573,596.71	10,229,077.63

PASIVO.

	$ m/n.	$ oro.
Capital		8,000,000
Cuentas corrientes y depositos	13,985,132.75	880,282.71
Obligaciones y libretas a plazo fijo	5,663,040.15	309,674.10
Depositos en garantias de cuentas especiales	993,500.90	1,588.31
Corresponsales de Ultramar	1,497.80	4,184.24
Varias cuentas	528,312.24	177,410.79
Redescuentos	106,058.65	27,026.75
Fondo de reserva y prevision		828,910.60
Conversion	1,296,054.22	
	22,573,596.71	10,229,077.63

A. Devoto,
Presidente.
O. Stoppani,
Gerente.
M. Bolteri,
Contador.
F. Ambrosetti,
Sindico.

BOLSA TELEGRAMS.

Montevideo, April 20.
National Bank Shares 8 70.
National Bank Notes 67.00
Arrivals—
Tamar from Southampton.
Sirio—Genoa.
Sailings—
Comos and Rivadavia leave to-night.

Rio Segundo Brewery

The Stout and Ale brewed at this Brewery are absolutely pure, they contain less alcohol and acidity than the imported brands, and are recommended by the most eminent Physicians of the country. Both Ale and Stout are carefully pasteurized, thus preventing loss from excessive fermentation, and preserving them in good condition for an indefinite period.
Stout in barrel for draught
Do in dozens of half bottles
Pale Ale do do of ½ and ¾ bottles
Sole Consignees
ALLAN RAMSAY & Co.
732-736 Calle San Martin
504 a 20 xp

E. H. OYLER
CORREDOR DE CAMBIOS,
BOLSA DE COMERCIO 160
122 ap5 my5

THOMAS WOOD & CO.
161—Maipu—161
Chilled Tramway, Waggon and Trolley Wheels, Tram Coach fittings of all classes, Gun metal fittings. Pumps, Pulleys, Leather Belting, Suction and delivery hose. Galvanized Pipes and fittings, and General Engineers' and Contractors' Stores.
365 m12 a12

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

IF YOU WANT an Oil Heating Stove for the winter, see our grand oil heaters, will give more heat than any other oil stove made. Edgar T. Ely, 656 Cangallo
500 20 23

WANTED.—An English or Scotch waitress, and to do a little house work. Apply to Mrs John C Bell, 5547 Rivadavia, Caballito. Good references required.
494 20 23

SE NECESITA una vendedora que sepa español e ingles. Nueva Merceria Alemana, Calle Piedad 635.
495 20 23

ORGAN—Wanted small Mason and Hamlin organ, four or five octaves. Apply B. C. A. this office.
496 20 23

WANTED a pair of English-made riding boots, must be in good condition. Apply Polo Standard Office.
497 20 23

A YOUNG LADY that holds her certificate from a Normal School, wishes a situation as resident or visiting Governess or else as assistant teacher in a school. Subjects: English and Spanish in all their branches. Please apply by letter or personally at Calle Rawson 235.
498 20 23

IF YOU WANT an economical Lamp, see our Little Jewel, can be used as a Stand Lamp or a Bracket Lamp or a Hanging Lamp. Edgar T Ely, 656 Cangallo.
502 20 23

WANTED—Good secondhand English saddle; fair price will be given for good article. Apply 195 Reconquista; room 38
n505 20 23

SHORTHAND—Wanted lessons in shorthand. Applications, stating conditions, to be addressed to Shorthand, Cuyo 2055
n507 20 23

SE PRECISA—Una niñera inglesa con buenas recomendaciones. Ocurrir a la Calle Suipacha 1032, de 12 a 1 p.m
n510 20 23

WANTED—A housemaid, cook and nursery maid; useless to apply without good references Cerrito 1054, from 8 a.m
n509 20 23

BUTLER—A young man (Swiss) who has excellent English recommendations and speaks French, Spanish and a little German, wants a place. Address Berne, this office.
n511 20 27

HOUSEKEEPER-COOK wanted for the residence of a small family in the suburbs; liberal salary and comfortable home to a suitable person. Apply Residence, this office
n516 20 23

A GENTLEMAN wants a well furnished apartment of three rooms in a family house not far from the Avenida Alvear. Letters to G K, Casilla Correo 540
n521 20 23

A FRENCHWOMAN offers her services to sew by the day in private families; understands all kinds of sewing. Apply only by letter to S M, Tucuman 854
n519 20 23

TO LET—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms. Calle Garay 759
n508 20 23

TO LET—The house Calle Arenales 1079, with furniture almost new, 10 rooms, first-class bathroom, mosaic floors and every accommodation. Can be visited from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. For particulars Cerrito 1220, from 1 to 3 p.m.
n513 20 27

TO LET—To married couple without children or to two gentlemen, two charming sunny rooms, with fireplace, use of bath and store room, in small private family; terms reasonable. 585 Calle Araoz
n518 20 23

TO LET—In the house of an English family, a furnished room; close to tram. Calle Brandzen 1612
n520 20 27

TO LET—One or two rooms, to single gentlemen, with board, in a quinta house. Calle Jujui 971
n523 20 23

TO LET—In Lomas, a small house, containing four rooms and kitchen, perfectly dry and only two squares from station. Apply House, this office
n522 20 23

IF YOU WANT something new in Library Lamps, see those just received, the largest line of lamps in the city. Edgar T Ely, 656 Calle Cangallo
n499 20 23

FOR SALE—Centre Board Sailing Boat, built of cedar, new and with fittings complete. Address Centre, this office
n503 20 23

Molino de Viento y Deposito
Sistema Corcoran, garantido, se vende por la mitad de su valor. Ocurrir Santa Fe 3688
n506 20 23

FOR SALE, Cheap—Nine leagues of superior camp in Cordoba, suitable for stock or agriculture. Particulars at Victoria 430, M Fogel
n512 20 23

WINNERS—Pedro begs to thank several of his subscribers for their presents; he hopes to have a most successful week, so all who want his information must send not later than Saturday midday. Terms $5. Casilla de Correo 1104
n517 20 21

IF YOU WANT a Gas Heating Stove for the cold weather, see our line of gas and oil stoves. Edgar T Ely, 656 Calle Cangallo
n501 20 23

A. BULLRICH Y CIA.
Gran Remate Feria
En el Establecimiento "San Gregorio," a 5 leguas del pueblo de Junin, propiedad del Sr. Norberto Quirno Costa.
Toros, vacas y vaquillonas mestizas ½ sangre ¾ y ⅞.
Ovejas Lincoln y Rambouillet.
Carneros id. id.
Yeguas y potrancas mestizas.
Trakenen, carrera y Anglo-Normando.
Potros mestizos y criollos, etc. etc.
El Sabado 14 de Mayo
a las 11 del dia
Remataremos por cuenta y orden del Sr. Quirno Costa los siguientes animales:
Despues detalles.
NOTA—El establecimiento podra visitarse desde el 1° de Mayo
489 ap19 my14

AUCTION BY MAXIMO GOWLAND
(with intervention of Lloyd's Agent)

The undersigned will on Thursday, the 21st inst., sell by Public Auction at 1.30 p.m., at the Deposits of Dock No. 2, Section 4, by order of Messrs. Pablo Cichero and Co., for account of whom it may concern, and with the intervention of Mr. Philip Dorman, Lloyd's agent, the following Parcels of Wire, viz:—
Ex-British s.s.
"HELLENES,"
from Liverpool.
344 Rolls **Drawn Steel Galvanized Wire,** Nos. 7 and 8.
180 Rolls **Rolled Steel Galvanized Wire,** Nos. 9, 10 and 11.
100 Rolls **Rolled Steel Wire,** Nos. 10 and 11.
624 Rolls more or less.
For further particulars apply to the auctioneer, Calle Bolivar 351.
514 ap20 21

AUCTION BY MAXIMO GOWLAND
(With intervention of Lloyd's Agent.)

The undersigned will on Thursday the 21st inst., sell by Public Auction, at the Barraca de Balcarce, Calle Pedro Mendoza 2117, at 2 p.m., by order of Messrs Ashworth & Co., for account of whom it may concern, and with the intervention of Mr. Philip Dorman, Lloyd's agent, the following Parcel of Wheat. Slightly damaged by fresh water whilst in course of transhipment from the British Schooner
"PLUTO"
to the British Steamship
"ST. ASAPH,"
viz:—
650 BAGS WHEAT
in Bulk, more or less.
The above wheat has been carefully dried and is now in a condition to be received with all confidence.
For further details apply to the auctioneer, 351 Calle Bolivar, or to the Barraca Balcarce, where the wheat is on view.
515 ap20 21

MOVABLE STOVES
OF
H. P. CARSTENS
Only Factory in the Republic
Calle Libertad 1396
567 ap 3 my13

X X

CHARLES OLMI
Magnificent lot of French furniture, belonging to ... Gaston Duplaquet.
Sunday, April 24th
at 1 p.m.
I will offer for sale at public auction, by order and for account of M. Duplaquet, all the splendid furniture in his residence
2274--SANTA FE--2274
comprising the following articles, omitting many too numerous to mention.

Drawing Room
Splendid suite in satin, silk and Genoa velvet, Lyre style. Most costly glass chandeliers by Osler, of great value, purchased in London. A really superb German piano of the sweetest tone. Thick Moquette carpet. Fine oil and water paintings bought in Milan. Silk curtains and numerous "objets d'art" of the first order.

Small Drawing-room
Costly Moquette carpet and chandelier of the purest crystal, of great value. A remarkably elegant suite "Coquille" style; pictures, bronzes, and a quantity of good imported furniture

Study
Fine oak book-case and writing desk with solid chairs. Pictures and bronzes, and other things, all in excellent condition and of the best kind.

Dining Room
A fine, solid table, French, Henri II. style, in oak and walnut, with French Morocco-covered chairs, quite new. Maple carpet. Bronze chandeliers Crystal Osler gas brackets, paintings, engravings and other dining room requisites of the best kind

Bedroom and Dressing room
Large suite of oak and walnut, solid, style Henri II. Wardrobe in three compartments with bevelled mirrors Large dressing table, washstand, "Camera" and two night tables. Rich hangings, carpet, pictures etc. etc.

Guest's Room
A fine English suite of four articles, carpet and other things.
Plants, lamps, etc.
In fact the whole of the menage can be strongly recommended for its good taste and solidity, and especially the very splendid Osler chandeliers, bronzes and gas brackets for their superior quality.
The house is open to visitors from this date, from 11 a.m. to 9 p.m. The auction will take place on Sunday 24th inst at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at my Auction Mart
566--PIEDAD--566

X X

X X

CHARLES OLMI
Auction of French, English and German Furniture and all the Lares that adorn the house
2010-AV. MONTES DE OCA-2010
On Thursday 28th April
at 1 p.m. precisely, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, and by order of
Walter Ford, Esq.,
all the furniture in his house, consisting of the following articles more or less. A splendid German piano encased in metal, French chiffonier. English carpet: "chaise-longue" from Smyrna, lamps, rotating bookstand, tasteful ornaments and other articles of drawing-room furniture. Also ante-sala furniture. A very handsome book-case of "palisandro," over mantle and bevelled mirrors; other ante-sala furniture.
There is a great deal of vestibule furniture, and a handsome hat and coat rack.
Also a large English sideboard, by Maple, costly chairs and solid table; ice-chest, heating stove and other dining room furniture, impossible to give in detail.
The furniture of the study is very good, including a book-case, English desk, fine and solid; three smaller book-cases, Standard barometer and thermometer, etc. etc. Wardrobe, English bed of double iron, and a lot of other bedroom furniture, small tables, knicknacks etc.
There is also a large quantity of furniture that I have not mentioned, as it would require too much space.
The house is open to inspection from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m., from the 25th inst; and the auction will come off on Thursday the 28th inst. at 1 p.m.
For further particulars apply at my mart,
566--PIEDAD--566

X X

IMPORTANT
House Auction Sale
BY
J. E. IRISH
On Sunday April 24th
commencing at 1 p.m.
In the chalet situated in the
Boulevard Saavadra, Belgrano,
just round the corner from the residence of Mr. Robert McIver
BELGRANO.
I will proceed to sell at the above hour and date all of the splendid furniture contained in this chalet without any limit or reserve to the highest bidders, everything is in excellent condition and offers an exceptional opportunity for persons requiring first class furniture to purchase it at bargains, the contents are as follows, viz:—

Sala—1 upright piano by Forster, a beautiful metal back, overstrung instrument, delightful tone, and cost
$400 GOLD
less than one year ago; 1 fine sala suite made to order, 1 rich brocaded centre puff or Ottoman to seat 4 persons, 1 piano stool to match, 1 console table with mirror to match, 4 sets of exquisite white curtains and cornices, 1 fur rug 1 fine sala carpet, 1 music stand, 1 fine clock, tea table with plush cover, 1 set of majolica ornaments 3 pieces, 1 Japanese screen, 4 panels very large, 1 pair bronzes very valuable, 4 corner brackets, 1 extension chair, 1 very large oil painting by Febranzo, several other paintings and photograph frames, 1 elegant ladies' sewing table with mirror inside, fancy flower stand and number of English books etc. etc

Smoking-Room—This room is furnished with the necessary carpet, chairs, tables and other appliances such as pictures etc. which are required in a comfortable smoking room.

Dining Room—1 very fine dining room suite for a small family, consisting of 1 sideboard, 1 carving table, 1 dining table, and 8 solid walnut chairs with cane bottoms, 1 porcelain dinner set, various glassware, 1 coffee set, 1 fine set of S. P. Castors, various other silver ware, knives, forks, spoons, table linen, 1 elegant plush table cover 1 centre for flowers, 1 American hanging lamp, 1 large clock, 1 case of flying fish, 1 large oil painting, several other pictures 1 stand lamp, 2 pairs curtains and cornices, 1 large carpet, 2 serving trays, 4 corner brackets etc. etc.

1st Bedroom—1 superior double bedroom suite walnut and oak with British plate mirrors and Italian marble, consisting of 1 double bedstead and dosel, 2 wardrobes, 1 lavatorio, 2 night tables, towel horse etc., 1 fine double wool mattrass, 1 spring mattrass, 1 Eider down quilt, sheets, bolster, pillows, blankets and various other bed linen 1 lounge and 2 chairs to match, 2 sets of curtains and cornices, 1 handsome china toilet set. 1 china foot bath. 1 china slop pail and extra water jug, 1 clothes basket, 1 large bedroom carpet, 10 cortinillos, 1 mosquitera etc. etc.

2nd Bedroom—1 fine bedroom suite, 1 toilet set, 1 sofa, 4 chairs, window curtains, fancy tables, heating stoves, pictures and various other articles too numerous to mention.

Servant's Bedroom—1 iron bedstead with springs, 2 wool mattrasses and the various bed clothing belonging to the bed, 1 bamboo table, water basin and jug, pictures, chairs etc.

Kitchen, Pantry and Bathroom—2 splendid imported No. 9 cooking stoves with hot water boilers, one of these stoves is perfectly new and both of them are perfect bakers; 1 kerosene stove, several kitchen tables, 2 closets, a fine lot of kitchen utensils such as pots pans etc. etc., 1 large bath, 3 alabaster images, 1 large perch etc. etc.

N.B.—The furniture of this chalet will be on exhibition from Friday at 1 o'clock up to the hour of sale in order that the public can inspect it. The premises can also be rented by applying to the agent, 37 Calle Tucuman, Belgrano. Also full details may had by applying at my office
78--SUIPACHA--78
B. Aires

C. ENGLISH & CO.
General and Foreign Agents
Imports, Exports, Camp and Commission. Freight and Insurance Brokers. Correspondents in Europe. 186 San Martin.
516 fb19 xp

TEA
LA MAGNOLIA
INJURIOUS TEA DRINKING.
In the "Daily Post" of September 2 appears a leading article—evidently from an analytical expert—showing that after 15 minutes "draw," Indian Tea yields 17·73 of tannin, while from China comes only 7·93. What this means few know, but those troubled with indigestion may realise in part by use of True China Tea for one week.
GUARANTEED PURE.
Beware of gross, imitations of this well-known mark. Sold in tins of 1, 3, 6 and 12 lbs.
129 f19 xp

! SCIENTIFIC !
¡ WATCH !
¡¡REPAIRING !
English workmen, Thorough work.
BLACK & CO.
Members and Medallists of British Horological Institute London.
579 Calle Corrientes 579
Corner of Florida.

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS.

To be Let at South end of town, a commodious house with garden. Apply to Krabbe Higgins & Co., Piedad 655.
638 sp24 x p

OFFICES
Furnished or unfurnished offices to let on moderate terms. Apply at Cuyo 429.
100 f4 xp

FIRST CLASS Private Boarding Establishment for families and gentlemen; splendid large airy house with all the latest sanitary arrangements; lovely suites of rooms looking on Plaza 6 de Junio, the finest and most convenient situation in town excellent cooking and attendance, with cleantiness and comfort guaranted. Apply Paraná 1231.
82 m3 m3 xp

CAMPS
To Rent
For stock raising in lots of 1 league and upwards. Long leases and favourable terms. Address: Compañia de Tierras de Santa Fe, San Cristobal, Prov. de Santa Fe.
543 20 my 10

TO LET a moderately sized house tastefully furnished and all domestic requirements; easy distance of centre and contract if desired; rent extremely moderate and suitable for a family of eight or ten persons. Apply by letter Medway this office.
612 18 24

A GERMAN gentleman desires to let two well-furnished rooms, sala and ante-sala, in the north of Buenos Ayres. Apply by letter to R P Casilla de Correo 978.
638 18 21

HOUSE central to let, 10 rooms, built modern style with every accommodation. Victoria 1121.
632 18 21

TO LET—A furnished two storied house built in European style on 1st May, containing, sala, dining-room, pantry, "antecomedor," patio, kitchen, outhouse etc. 2nd storey: 3 bedrooms, clothes room, bath room with all accessories and two servant's rooms, gas, aguas corrientes and drains. Situated half a square from Retiro, Santa Fe 818 For particulars Calle Lavalle 650.
651 a 18 21

FURNISHED ROOMS—To let with board in the house of an English family, or board only. Trams in all directions. Apply Junin No. 12.
660 a 18 21

TO LET—Four rooms in suite, two with balconies to the street. Three squares from Plaza Constitucion, Calle Las Piedras No. 1453
648 18 21

FURNISHED ROOMS—To let with board or board only, in the house of an English famile. Gas, use of bath and every accomodation. Apply Cangallo 962
661 a 18 21

WANTED—A small, well furnished house, with bathroom, modern construction, Cinco Esquinas district. Apply by letter J W, Grand Hotel.
n657 18 21

ADVERTISER is requiring board and lodging with a pleasant English-speaking family where there are no other lodgers; must be cheap for a permanency and close to the Plaza Constitucion. Address H E G, this office
n667 18 21

TO LET—Furnished, a nice sala and bedroom, with or without board. Apply 1213 Peru
n626 18 22

TO LET—With board, a front sala and several bedrooms, comfortably furnished, within five minutes' walk of Constitucion Station. Calle Peru 1576
n629 18 21

FLORES—Bedroom to let, with board and use of sala, in English family; quinta house; close to rail and tram. Quinta, this office.
n619 18 21

TO LET in an English house, well furnished rooms with balcony to the street, together or separate, with board; every convenience, bath, gas etc. Apply Venezuela 594, altos
622 18 21

TO LET—A large sala and bedroom, well furnished; every convenience. Apply Venezuela 594 (altos)
n623 18 21

LARGE FRONT ROOM, facing field, furnished; fireplace, gas, with or without one or two bedrooms; large patios, bath, etc; seven minutes from Constitucion; convenient trams. 1854 Solis, esquina Brasil. English
n620 18 21

TO LET—In Barran, San Isidro, furnished country house. For particulars at the same, Calle Martin Omar 67
n633 18 21

TO LET—Two furnished bedrooms with balconies to the street, for single gentlemen; gas and bath; in an English family. Apply 663 Paraguay
n644 18 21

TO LET—Furnished apartments, with or without board. Apply Rivadavia 2106
n643 18 24

TO LET—The English house 120 Rioja; six rooms, complete water, gas and sanitary services; terms moderate. Keys at the Barraca, Victoria 3085. Apply 312 Suipacha.
n664 18 m5

TO LET—Three unfurnished rooms, with use of kitchen and bathroom; 20 minutes by tram; $40 a month. Enquire House, Land and Estate Agency, San Martin 132
n662 18 21

Deposito
Se alquilan los grandes galpones Calle Caseros 1040-1074, a una cuadra del Mercado Constitucion. Dirigirse 29 Avenida Montes de Oca
n656 18 21

TO LET—A sala and bedroom, elegantly furnished, for single gentleman, with or without board; no paper in the window. San Martin 615 (altos).
n253 9 24

TO LET—In Belgrano, two fine houses for families, Calle Necochea 91 and Tucuman 112. For particulars Maipu 254, in Buenos Aires
n550 12 26

TO LET—In San Isidro, a house with complete accommodations and with furniture adequate for an English family; contract signed if needed. Apply at Calle San Martin 109, in San Isidro.
n336 12 21

TO LET—A fine house of 6 rooms, kitchen, bath-room, w. c. and garden. Apply for terms to Nicholas, the builder, Belgrano, Calle Saavedra, quinta of José Remonda, beyond the wooden chalet in the same street.
453 19-22

TO LET—Houses very central and out side at very moderate prices. Apply for particulars to Registro Central de Alquileres. Calle Corrientes 970. T. Maleplate y Cia.
491 19 22

TO LET—100 to 600 cuadras splendid camp, alambrado, with a good house, near station Rojas, not far from San Nicolas. Address J. Haase, San Martin 24.
675 9 22

WANTED by bachelor, bedroom with fireplace in city. Address stating terms Fireplace this office.
674 19 26

APARTMENT with board for Bachelor (English) will pay up to $150 per month for really comfortable (not necessarily swagger) home house, must have fireplace Apply to Gordon this office.
687 19 22

Furnished House to let
English gentleman having a nicely furnished quinta of 9 rooms, in best part of Belgrano, would be glad to meet with another gentleman or married couple to share expenses of house keeping, or would let the house furnished at $180. References required. Apply Calle Rio Bamba No. 7, Belgrano.
484 ap19 25

E.B.E. 333 E.B.E.
FLORIDA
333
Those going abroad and others will please remember that they can find at the
ENGLISH BOOK EXCHANGE
333-FLORIDA-333.
Between Cuyo and Corrientes
Album of Buenos Aires.
Album of Customs of the country.
Sketches of Buenos Aires.
Guide to Buenos Aires.
History of the Argentine Republic.
Greeting from Argentina.
Fine Photographs of B. Aires and country mounted and unmounted.
Mulhall, Handbook of the River Plate.
Ponce de Leon, Sarmiento, Life in the A R. etc. etc.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Open until 10 p.m.

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS.

TO LET—In beautiful house, a sala and several bedrooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board; use of gas and bath; English family. Mejico 459.
n924 30 ap30

TO LET—For gentlemen only, two bedrooms, well furnished; private family; terms moderate. Lavalle 1519
n826 31 ap30

TO LET—Furnished rooms, at moderate prices, for single gentlemen. 25 de Mayo 268 (altos).
n247 8 21

TO LET—Seven nice rooms, all newly papered and in a central position, with gas, bath and all conveniences. Calle Artes, between Piedad and Cangallo. For particulars apply Casilla Correo 2242.
n704 11 22

FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, at J Ford's, No. 2 Pavon, Belgrano.
n332 12 21

ROOM to let, in house of English family, with or without board. 240 Entre Rios.
n570 13 22

SE ALQUILAN—Salas, ante-salas, piezas y departamentos, el todo bien amueblado, en casa de familia, con o sin pension y con todas las comodidades. Maipu 932 y 934.
n569 13 22

Belgrano
To let, a furnished house, half square from plaza, all newly done up, gas throughout, bathroom, etc; or the furniture could be sold. Apply at English Dressmaker's, Calle Moreno 59.
n83 4 m4

UNFURNISHED ROOMS—To let three spacious rooms with or without board, in an English family, distant 30 minutes (tram) from Plaza Victoria and six squares from Palermo. Apply Bollini 1737, one square off Santa Fe.
155 6 24

ZU VERMIETHEN—In einer ruhigen Englischen Familie in Belgrano, ein huebsches und geraeumiges moeblirtes Zimmer an einen oder zwei Herren. Adresse "Standard" Office, by letter to S B
n276 9 m9

TO LET—In an English family, without children, sitting room and bedroom furnished, with board; suitable for a married couple, with use of bathroom, gas and attention. Cordoba 2055
609 16 23

TO LET—A room with window to the street; also two others, all newly furnished, in a clean airy house; board if required. Cuyo 431.
607 a 16 23

SE ARRENDA—La casa quinta Caseros 2420 (antigua quinta Navarro Viola) amueblada, con contrata al menos de un año por quinientos pesos a persona honorable y garantida. Para el arriendo escribir a la direcion indicada y se contestara.
608 a 16 22

TO LET in an German family a nice sala, furnished. Apply Calle Europa 869.
486 14 21

TWO Cosy, Well-Furnished Rooms to let in the house of an English lady. Calle Artes 778 (altos).
The advertiser has been there for three years and will guarantee cleanliness, comfort and attention, and is only leaving on account of going away from Buenos Aires.
n309 11 22

TO LET—Two large comfortable bedrooms, suitable for a married couple without children or two single gentlemen, with board; all home comforts; trams convenient Apply Pilar 1794, esquina Alvear Also two unfurnished, upstairs
n673 19 26

TO LET—In the house of a private English family, a well furnished front bedroom, suitable for two friends or married couple; convenient to gentlemen who work on the Southern Railway; convenient to trams. Patagones 588.
n682 19 22

TO LET—One or two rooms for single gentleman or married couple, with or without children, in house of a respectable family, with board. Montes de Oca 417
n672 19 22

TO LET—Two unfurnished rooms, with use of kitchen, for married couples or ladies; no other lodgers; rent moderate. Moreno 1934
n694 19 22

EN casa de familia muy decente hay varias piezas para alquilar con pension y a precios modicos. Calle General Paz No. 50, en Belgrano
n692 19 22

TO LET—Altos y bajos, two rooms; windows to street; well furnished; large airy English house; bathroom; tram at door. 364 Caridad, corner Belgrano
n693 19 22

TO LET—In the town of San Martin, F. C. R., two fine houses with gardens, half square from station. Apply at Chacabuco 349
n678 19 26

TO LET—Three good lofty rooms, together or separate, in a pretty quinta house, Calle Santa Fe, close to Palermo. For particulars address Alpha, this office
n691 19 26

BURZACO, F.C.S—To let, two squares from station, on the main road, a seven roomed quinta house; large kitchen and bathroom, with splendid ground planted with the choicest of fruit trees. Apply for keys at Calle Boedo, Lomas de Zamora, in front of 43, F.C.S
n690 19 26

TO LET—Nicely furnished sala and bedroom; windows to street; nice view; bathroom, gas, etc; board if required; terms moderate. Defensa 1527 (altos)
n487 19 22

TO LET—Two nicely furnished rooms. Apply Tacuari 275, six minutes' walk from Plaza Victoria
n490 19 26

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for young men, with or without board, terms moderate Address 2° Defensa 1648
678 19 22

SERVANTS.

Irish Convent.
Ladies who require servants will please call at Calle Rio Bamba 698, corner Tucuman.
332 f16 xp 1w

WANTED at once good servants at servants Registry, Victoria Tea Rooms, Cangallo 742.

PASSAGE to England wanted—A lady can recommend a girl who has lived with her nearly six years. Apply to Mrs. Greene, 127 Calle Zabala, Montevideo.
667 mh22 ap22

A FRENCH Married Couple seek situations, wife as cook and man as valet; best references. Rivadavia 48, Belgrano.
289 11 24

PASSAGE wanted to England in return for services as nuese or attendant. Addsess S c/o Rev. G A S Adams, Casilla 26, Rosario.
320 12 24

AN ENGLISH GIRL, waitress in a good family, requires a situation; no objection to the care of children; also capable of taking child from the month; highest references from a lady in Montevideo. Apply E L, Calle 18 de Julio 410, Montevideo.
553 13 22

WANTED a good man cook, must have satisfactory recommendations and speak English and Spanish; wages 20$ gold per month. Apply R Grand Hotel, Calle Cangallo, at 9 a m. on Thursday or Friday 21 and 22nd inst.
614 18 21

WANTED a peon speaking a little German for the Berliner Bier-Halle, Chile 338.
625 18 21

WANTED a Youth to make himself generally useful in a private house. Apply 370 Calle Piedad, Office 2.
631 18 21

WANTED a good housemaid with recommendations; must wait at table. Apply Callao 283.
630 18 21

BLACKSMITH—A good one, who understands all classes of machinery and farming implements, seeks a job. Apply Joe, this office.
n636 18 21

WANTED—A general servant for English family. Avenida Montes de Oca 707
n641 18 21

WANTED—By mother and daughter, situation as cook and housemaid in the same house. Apply Mary, this office
n646 18 21

A GENERAL SERVANT with some knowledge of cooking wanted for family of two; must speak Spanish. Juncal 1283
n654 18 21

WANTED situation by respectable man as coachman or to take charge of horses. Apply Whip this office.
631 18 21

WANTED a situation by a respectable man as cook in town or camp. Apply J B Calle Las Heras 579.
618 18 24

A YOUNG GIRL wishes a situation as housemaid or plain cook. Please apply at Calle del Mercado 11, Caballito
n617 18 21

WANTED—A good female cook; good wages. Apply Azcuenaga 1038
n638 18 26

A GERMAN Woman wants a situation as plain cook in a small family. Apply Calle Rivadavia 3850, Almagro
n640 18 21

GOOD VALET wants a situation with single gentleman or family. Calle Buenos Aires 27, department 4.
n639 18 21

A SWEDE, mason and carpenter by trade wishes to go to the camp; would give his services free, as he wishes to learn camp life. Apply Swede, this office
n635 18 21

WANTED—By a good female cook, a situation; can give good references. Apply to A B C, Ecuador 762
n665 18 21

WANTED—A general servant and nurse girl (cook kept) for an English family. Apply 1050 Calle Thames, in front of Palermo Park gates
n667 18 21

WANTED—For Belgrano, a cook and a housemaid willing to do plain washing and ironing in family of three; nurse kept. Apply Piedad 476, between 3 and 4 p.m.
n658 18 21

WANTED—A strong girl as general servant; one understanding plain cooking preferred. Apply between 3 and 4 o'clock at Calle Lorea 1826.
452 19-22

A FRENCH Married Couple want situations, the woman as Lady's maid (she understands a little English and how to cut out and make ladies' and children's dresses); the man as valet, or any indoor or outdoor work, in town or camp. Can give good references. Apply 974 Corrientes.
489 19-22

WANTED immediately, two thorough good servants, young woman as housemaid and man to wait at table, or a married couple might suit. Apply 1231 Calle Parana
n 76 19 22

WANTED—A situation by a respectable married woman as cook or cook and house-keeper in a bachelor's house; two years' good character. Apply Mary, this office
n685 19 22

WANTED—By a respectable married woman, daily employment as needlewoman or nursing by the day, week or month; good references. Apply Eliza, this office
n686 19 22

WANTED—A married couple for general house work in an estancia; wages $50 per month. Address A J G, Casilla 1664, Buenos Aires
n668 19 26

WANTED—A respectable person under 40 as general house servant to sleep at her own home. Calle Bolivar 593, 2° piso.
493 19-22

NURSE—An experienced ladies' Nurse, 1685 Defensa, is disengaged.
680 19 m6

WANTED—A young English girl, from 12 to 14 years of age, for a married couple without children. Apply Rivadavia 4113, Madame Piard.
681 19 22

WANTED a housemaid. Apply between 2 and 3 to J A Dowse, 383 Piedad, office 21.
683 19 22

COOK wanted who is willing to help in house work. Apply Calle Venezuela 2344.
688 19 22

WANTED situation by married couple, man as gardener or general handy man, and wife as cook or general servant Apply 3124 Piedad, care of Mr Brennan
677 19 22

WANTED situation by a Swiss girl as Nurse in an English or German family. Apply Hotel Deutsche Bund, 430 Paseo de Julio.
670 19 22

SITUATION wanted by a Swiss girl as perfect cook, speaks French, in an English or German family. Apply Hotel Deutsche Bund, Paseo de Julio 420.
669 19 22

SITUATIONS.

AN ENGLISH LADY with good references and much experience offers to give daily lessons (or evening). Branches: English French, rudiments of German and Spanish for young children, thorough Music and singing. French acquired during a residence of upward of 12 years in Paris, has a diploma superior degree in that language. No objection to young children. Apply by letter Oxford this office.
847 m29 a29

A GENTLEMAN of many years' camp experience, wishes to meet with an engagement as manager of an estancia on share or salary; first-class references given. Address A B, c/o London and Brazilian Bank, Buenos Aires.
n938 30 ap30

A LADY offers to teach piano, drawing painting, French and English. Apply from 4 to 6 p m. V R Gral Guido 21.
634 22 n22

BOOKKEEPER offers services to keep or audit books; also for translations; Spanish and English. Apply M, Casilla de Correo No. 188.
n288 11 m'1

CAMP TUTOR—A man of education and steady habits, just arrived by Clyde, wants to teach in a family; English and arithmetic; salary no object. Address Bristol, this office.
n544 12 22

WANTED—By a young Frenchman, speaking German and Spanish and with some knowledge of English, a situation as mayordomo on an estancia or as administrador of a colony; has had three years' experience of camp and camp duties and excellent references. Address L F, c/o H Hansen, Cañada de Gomez.
n585 16 27

A YOUNG MAN, speaking English and Spanish, seeks a position of trust; can produce first-class references and give guarantee if necessary. Apply A R, this office
n602 16 26

MAYORDOMO—Wanted an engagement as manager of an estancia by young Englishman who thoroughly understands his work. Address Ingles, this office.
n621 18 25

TUTOR—Wanted by a well trained and travelled gentleman, position as above; good linguist and musician; no objection to camp; possesses the highest references both in this city and in London. Please address Jersey, this office
n650 18 21

WANTED—An elderly man as capataz of stables; one accustomed to heavy horses preferred. 1062 Venezuela
n659 18 21

WANTED—A few good smiths. Talleres Mecanicos Nacionales, Adolfo Bast, D G, 1620 Avenida Alvear
n655 18 21

YOUNG LADY requires situation as governess to young children; teaches English, Spanish and music in either English or native family. Apply Junin 12
n662 18 21

ENGINEERS, Draughtsmen — Wanted, sun copying apparatus, secondhand, in good condition, complete, with bath. Price and particulars to Enrique, this office
n684 19 22

UN INGLES, 30 años de edad, busca un empleo, ya sea en un rancho o en una hacienda de ganado en las Pampas o en el territorio Neuquen, sin ninguna experiencia del ramo. James Pibel, 90 Lower Thames Street, London, England
n451 19 23

A FRENCHMAN, well acquainted with the English language, would like to improve himself by finding an English gentleman willing to take some French or Spanish lessons in exchange. Please apply Calle Victoria 1333
n680 19 26

MAYORDOMS required for a good estancia, where sheep, cattle and horses are bred, must be competent and energetic. Apply with particulars and references by letter to Competence, Standard Offise.
679 a19 m19

WANTED—For an English importing house, a junior clerk; knowledge of English and Spanish preferred. Apply "Importing House," Standard Office.
492 19-22

TUTOR or BOOK-KEEPER for the camp. The advertizer desires an engagement. Address Sphinx by letter to Standard Office.
676 19 22

MISCELLANEOUS.

A BEAUTIFUL Musical Clock for sale at the Bankrupt Stock Emporium, 78 Suipacha.
n873 29 ap6

Proprietors
Hereby we tender our services in repairing of all kinds of masonry, painting, etc., belonging to the housebuilding; first-class work at moderate price. Stampe & Nicolaisen, Caseros 1445, Dept. 6.
n921 30 ap30

LADIES are advised that Mantles, Robes etc. can be made in the best French style at 825 Viamonte.
615 18 m18

J. E. IRISH
ENGLISH AUCTIONEER
AND
Commission Merchant
All classes of sales such as houses, lands, furniture and merchandise of all kinds, promptly attended to, also valuations made upon properties and merchandise. Offices
78--SUIPACHA--78
B. Ayres.
J. E. IRISH

Alfred J. Underwood, Broker.
Buys and sells houses and landed property.
Lends Money on Mortgage
All kinds of Commissions attended to Office 368 Piedad (altos) room 11.
156 sp5 xp

Servant's Registry Office
THE CREAMERY
NO REGISTRATION FEE
535--CANGALLO--535
65 ap18 xp

CHINA GLASS AND PORCELAIN—Messrs. Skelton & Co. beg to inform the public that they repair and restore all kinds of the above; also statues, terra cotta figures etc etc. All work guaranteed and personally superintended. Letters by post attended to at the shortest notice. Skelton and Co. 1061 Calle Cangallo.
260 7 m9

PIANO de Concierto de C Beckstein, Berlin, casi nuevo, se vende. Artes 1408
n552 12 21

MELTON MOWBRAY Veal and Pork Pies to be had at the depot, 1360 Calle Australia, Barracas al Norte, and at the Family Grocery Store, Piedad 516
n664 19 22

BOOTS, Shoes and Slippers for gentlemen, ladies and children; splendid assortment to suit every taste, at Maupetit Hnos Cangallo 830
n677 19 22

SECONDHAND GOODS, gentlemen's clothes, boots, etc, bought at high prices. Please apply by letter or personally to Michael, Calle Cuyo 1058.
n796 28 ap28

David H. Attwell
Piedad 556, Escritorio No. 1. Agente de Seguros. Furniture and private houses assured at 1.50 per mil.
229 dc9 xp

SMART SALESMAN — Wanted at J. Brown's, 513 Piedad.
486 ap19 22

ENGLISH FURNITURE—For sale, after 1st May, the whole of the household furniture and fittings as contained in No. 25 Chacabuco, Belgrano, with few exceptions imported less than two years ago from Messrs Maple & Co, London, and consisting of solid oak dining room suite with large oak sideboard to match; drawing room suite in walnut and brocatelle including bevelled plate brackets and overmantle, Chippendale cabinet, fancy chairs and tables, etc; bedroom suites, including black and brass French bedsteads with woven wire mattresses; Wilton and Brussels carpets, gasaliers and gas fittings, crockery, china and glass, new upright pianoforte by Spruck, Doulton ware and other stoves, etc, etc, etc.
Purchaser can have the option of renting the house for any period, the lease having just expired; house contains eight rooms, kitchen and offices and is in good order, the undersigned having expended considerable sums in repairs during lease. For all particulars apply to J F Beatson, 174 25 de Mayo, City.
n613 18 ufn

SPANISH LESSONS by a Spaniard who knows English. Address J C, Defensa 1135
n616 18 21

GENTLEMEN Amateurs are reminded that they get their negatives developed by any developer they prefer; re-touching, printing and mounting cheaply done and well. 521 Cangallo, Adrian Lundstrom
n642 18 21

QUILMES — For sale at once a small house of good furniture, cheap. Apply by letter A J, Correo, Quilmes
n653 18 21

THE JEWISH Colonization Association wants to buy quantities of different drugs. Tenders to be sent to Calle Cuyo 452.
n649 18 21

ENGLISH DINING-TABLE wanted, 4 ft 6 in wide, walnut or other dark wood; also three chests of drawers (English), of light wood. Apply by letter, H L C, 648 Maipu.
n540 12 21

English Barraca & Deposit.
All kinds of produce received in deposit. Special advantages for cereals Consignments received for sale in the market, to be stored or shipped. All baling promptly executed.
W. H. HALLETT & CO.
29-79 Avenida Montes de Oca.
334 mh11 m11

Dr. A. GREENE has removed his STUDY from Cangallo 1420 to 685 altos in the same street. Hours for Consultation 1-3 p.m. Telephone 3052.
610 16 23

CONCERT PIANO, Erard, upright, for sale at Cuyo 318.
611 18 21

WANTED immediately, for a family to arrive from the camp, a complete menage with all domestic utensils; there must be sala, dining room, two bedrooms, study and kitchen utensils, also the carpets and winter curtains; if the house where the furniture is is conveniently situated and can be obtained with contract it will also be taken. Address Mr John Mart (P.O. Box) Casilla 2276
n580 16 22

NOTICE—Stiller and Mortlock have a fine lot of account books, manufactured by Cowen, of London, for sale at half price; just purchased from a bankrupt house. San Martin 169.
n566 13 22

J. SKINNER
TAILOR
123-SAN MARTIN--123
70 ap 2 m 2

DINERO—Sobre alhajas, objectos de valor, Polizas del Monte de Piedad, y titulos; se adelanta Paraguay 1072.
no 15 xp

A. M. WAITE & Co., 16 St. Helen's Place, London, are prepared to receive consignments of all kinds of South American produce. Advances made. Correspondence solicited
n192 8 july8

ALL KINDS of old clothes as well as furniture, new or old, purchased and sold. Apply by letter or in person to Kurchan, Charcas 1418.
7 1 24 a24

FURNITURE—Take note of Mackinlay and Zimmermann's advertizement of auction of good French and English furniture which will take place on Thursday 21st at 12 m. at 1109 Calle Juncal.
485 as19 21

Calzetta's Island
The proprietor begs to advise the public that the above establishment will remain open during the winter; bedrooms and board; moderate terms; pianos on the premises; suitable for picnics; steamer at the mole on Sundays and feast days; orders attended per Tigre Station.
n975 31 ap30

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City	1.50 per month.
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24 OLD JEWRY, LONDON, E.C.

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